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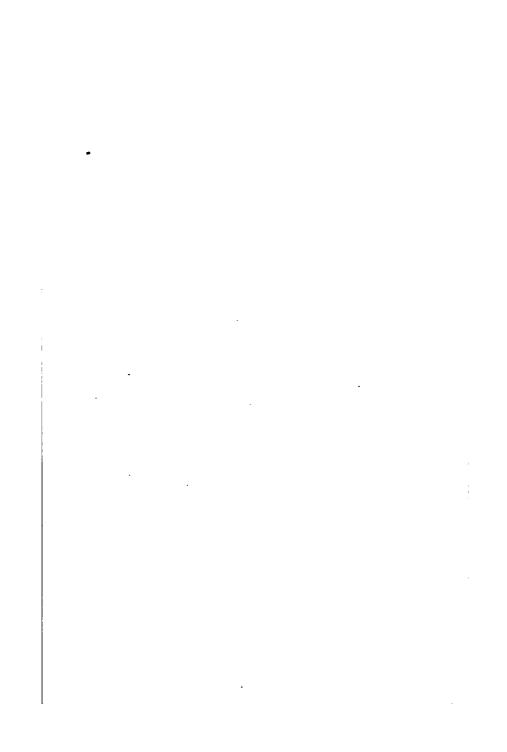












GREEK VERSE COMPOSITION.

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# GREEK VERSE COMPOSITION,

for the use of Public Schools and Pribate Students.

BEING

### A REVISED EDITION OF

THE GREEK VERSES OF SHREWSBURY SCHOOL.

BY

GEORGE PRESTON, M.A. FELLOW OF MAGDALENE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.



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The new form of this Edition, and the alterations made in it, have been adopted with the sanction of Professor Kennedy, and have been submitted to his revision.

# PREFACE.

This volume is intended to serve as a manual for the young composer of Greek Tragic Senarii. It presents in the first place a concise and practical account of the laws of Tragic Iambic, Trochaic, and Anapæstic Verse, and a few cursory notices of the dialect and peculiar phraseology of the Dramatic poets, to be improved and expanded by the reading and observation of the young student himself. These are followed by a graduated series of exercises: and the volume concludes with a few Greek translations. designed to furnish the beginner with specimens of the skill and tact by which the difficulties of version from one into another poetic language are overcome after a little practice. For such a purpose the best exercises of school and college are more suitable than the masterpieces of the most finished scholar of riper years. The boy who is told to imitate Euripides, Virgil or Cicero, will be rather damped than encouraged by this advice, unless he possesses that rare temperament, which thinks "it were an easy leap to pluck bright honour from the pale-fac'd moon." But when the models proposed for his imitation are the exercises done by those who are nearly of the same age and under the same circumstances as himself. he at once feels and owns that he has before him a standard which may be reached, and, if he has a proper share of emulation, he will do all in his power to reach it. And this indeed is the principal reason why the compositions of boys at public schools are in general so much superior to those written in the course of private education. Of the exercises most are intended to be done in school, under the master's eye; and a judicious master will easily understand what kind and degree of help it will be desirable for him to supply at each step, either to the class at large, or to individual boys. If, after being scanned and accented, they are likewise construed, and the tragic forms and idioms carefully noted, their usefulness will be carried to its utmost limit.

Although these exercises have been arranged with a main regard to the use of the middle forms in public schools, they will be quite as useful to that large class of private students, whose skill in composition is unequal to their general attainments in Greek scholarship.

It has not been thought necessary to add any exercises in Trochaic, very few in Anapæstic verse. The attention of the young composer ought not to be distracted by a variety of metres. When he has learned by diligent practice to write Iambic Senarii with ease and elegance, he will find no difficulty in applying his metrical skill, together with his stores of Tragic phraseology, to the Trochaic and Anapæstic rhythms.

The third Edition of this volume has been prepared for the press by the care of George Preston, Esq. Fellow of Magdalene College, Cambridge.

### INTRODUCTION.

### I. ON RHYTHM.

- 1. RHYTHM is the regular succession of parts of time, which are technically called *Times*.
- 2. A stronger Time is called Arsis, a weaker Time Thesis.
- 3. A syllable in Arsis is said to have an *Ictus* or stress of pronunciation (') (not to be confounded with the acute accent).
- 4. Rhythms which begin with Arsis are called descending: as

Shé, with all a mónarch's príde, Félt them in her bósom glów; Rúshed to battle, foúght, and díed; Dýing, húrl'd them at the fóe.

- 5. Rhythms which begin with Thesis are called ascending: as
  - O Thou that dry'st the mourner's tear, How dark this world would be, If when deceived and wounded here, We could not fly to Thee.

### II. ON QUANTITY.

- 1. A short syllable ( $\smile$ ) is considered equal to one Time.
  - 2. A long syllable  $(-)=(\cdots)=$  two Times.

### III. ON FEET.

- 1. Certain limited successions of Arsis and Thesis are called Feet. There are Feet containing from two to four syllables, from two to eight Times. The Foot of two Times () is called Pyrrichius.
- The Feet with which we are now concerned, are those of 3 (τρίχρονοι) and 4 (τετράχρονοι) Times: as,

(a)	τρίχρονοι		Trocheus				
• •		<b>U</b> -	Iambus				
			Tribrachys,				
<b>(b)</b>	τετράχρονοι		Spondæus				
` '		-00	Dactylus				
		UU-	Anapæstus.				

Note. (---) is called Creticus, a foot of five Times.

### IV. ON IAMBIC RHYTHM.

- 1. The Iambic is an ascending Rhythm, and the converse of the Trochaic, which is descending.
- 2. Iambic and Anapæstic Trochaic Rhythms may be measured either by single Feet, or by Διποδίαι, Dipodies, (Double-feet). Each διποδία is called a Metre (μέτρον).

Note. In the Dactylic and other measures one foot makes a Metre.

3. Henc	•				
a Rhythm of	f 2	Feet =	- 1	Metre, is called	Monometer,
************	4	=	<b>- 2</b>	Metres,	Dimeter,
•••••	6	=	<b>- 3</b>		Trimeter,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8	=	- 4		Tetrameter,
dzc.	&c.	i.a =	. dz	C	dzc.

4. A poetical Rhythm is called a Verse.

# V. CATALEXIS. (κατάληξις.)

- 1. An Acatalectic Rhythm is one which has its Metres complete in their number of syllables.
- 2. A Catalectic Rhythm wants one syllable to complete its Metres.
- 3. A Brachycatalectic Rhythm wants two syllables to complete its Metres.
- An Hypercatalectic Rhythm has one syllable beyond its complete Metres.

### VI. TRAGIC IAMBIC VERSE.

- 1. The Verse chiefly used in the Dialogue of Greek Tragedy, is called, as measured by Metres, Tragicus Iambicus Trimeter Acatalecticus:—or, as measured by Feet, Tragicus Iambicus Senarius: having three perfect metres = six feet (seni pedes).
  - In its pure form it consists of
     3 Diiambi = 6 Iambi: as

ŏ πᾱ'σῖ κλεῖ|νος Οῖδ'ἴπους | καλουῖ|μενος.| (the last syllable being always regarded as long.) 3. But, in order to give more strength, weight, and variety to the Rhythm, the Tragic poets admitted a long instead of a short syllable in the first Thesis of each Metre; or, in other words,

A Spondee may be substituted for an Iambus in the 1st, 3rd and 5th Feet:—as

 $\bar{a}\lambda\lambda^{*}\bar{a}\sigma^{\dagger}\phi\check{a}\lambda\epsilon\bar{\iota}[\bar{a}$  τηνδ $^{\dagger}$  αν $\bar{o}\rho[\theta\bar{\omega}\sigma\bar{o}\nu]$  πολ $\bar{\iota}\nu$ .

4. The Iambus ( $\bigcirc$ -) may be resolved (excepting in the last Foot) into the Tribrach ( $\bigcirc$ ), but care must be taken not to make the Verse weak or inharmonious by too large a number of short syllables. Examples:

Note. The Tribrach in the 5th foot is not very frequent.

5. The Spondee (--) in the 1st and 3rd Feet may be resolved into a Dactyl (--); as

αξρί πότα του κατί τίνει | ταυτηνί δίκην.| ουτος φύτευ | ει Πελό πα του | δ΄ Ατρευςί εφυ.|

Note. The Arsis is on the 2nd syllable of a Dactyl or Tribrach in Iambic Rhythms.

6. The Spondee in the 1st Foot may be resolved into an Anapæst  $(\smile \smile -)$ ; as

ϊκέτευ όμεν | σε παν τες οι δε προσιτρόποι |

7. When a Proper Name occurs which could not otherwise find a place in the Verse, an Anapæst is allowed in any Foot excepting the last; as

Μένελαιός άγα γων Εριμιόνην | Σπάρτης από.

### VII. CÆSURA.

1. By Cæsura in Verse we understand the pause occasioned by the close of a Word before the close of a Foot.

Note. The pause occasioned by the close of a Word and Foot at the same time is called Dialysis.

- 2. Hence in Iambic Verse, a Cæsura can only occur after a syllable in Thesis.
- 3. There are two principal Cæsuras of the Iambic Trimeter: viz.
- (a) the Penthemimeral after the Thesis of the 3rd Foot: as
  - δ τέκνα Κάδμου τοῦ πάλαι νέα τροφή.
- (b) the Hephthemimeral, after the Thesis of the 4th Foot: as

ϊκτηρίοις κλάδοισιν<sub>||</sub> έξεστεμμένοι.

Note. Elision after the Thesis does not destroy the Casura.

4. One or other of these Cæsuras is considered generally essential to the perfection of the Tragic Senarius. Verses without Cæsura sometimes occur, and may be justified by various reasons: but they should be avoided by a young composer.

Note. Article, Preposition, and the Conjunction rai must always be considered as one with the following word: so that they do not constitute a good Cæsura when in the Thesis of the 3rd or 4th foot.

5. The Cæsura may however be sometimes neglected without inelegance in cases where before the Thesis of the 4th Foot a syllable is elided, which, had it not been

elided, would itself have formed that Thesis. This is called Quasi-caesura; as

ο στέμματα ξήνασ ι ἐπέκλωσεν θεά.

ένος μεν οὖν μόχθου σ $_{\parallel}$ ἀπαλλάξας ἔχω.

6. If there be a Cæsura after the Thesis of the 5th Foot, (that is to say, if the line end with a Cretic foot, or words so joined as to form a Cretic) the Tragic Poets make that Thesis short, or (in other words) they avoid a Spondee in that place. Hence such Rhythms as the following must be avoided:

ως δη δέδηγμαι την έμαυτου καρδίαν.

- 7. To the foregoing Rule there are two principal exceptions: viz.
- (a) When the Thesis of the 5th Foot is formed by a monosyllable capable of beginning a sentence: as, an article or preposition before its case, a conjunction or adverb closely connected with the next word.
- (b) When the Arsis of the 5th Foot is formed by a monosyllable incapable of beginning a sentence, as,
   γάρ, οὖν, δή, μέν, ἄν, τοι, μοί, νιν, and other enclitics.
   Hence the following rhythms are admissible;
  - (a) οὖκ οὖδὰν ὖγιὰς ἔτι λέγω τῶν ὀργίων.
    κάλλιστον ἢμαρ εἰσιδεῖν ἔκ χείματος.
    πεισόμεθ ὅταν δὲ μἢ καλῶς οὖ πείσομαι.
    μητροκτονοῦντας κυρία δ᾽ ἢδ᾽ ἡμέρα.
  - (δ) ἀλλ' ως τάχιστα παίδες θμεῖς μὲν βάθρων. οἶόν τέ μοι τάσδ' ἐστὶ θνητοῖς γὰρ γέρα. εἴ μοι λέγοις τὴν ὄψω εἴποιμ' ἄν τότε. πῶς φὴς τίν' εἶπας μῦθον αἰθός μαι φράσον.

### VIII.

i

### SCHEME

of

# TRAGICUS IAMBICUS TRIMETER ACATALECTICUS

### TRAGICUS IAMBICUS SENARIUS, MEASURED BY METRES AND FEET.

Metres.		)	l			:	2		3			
Feet.	1		2		3		4		5		, 6	
Thesis /	<u>ٽ 1</u>		১		১		ა <u>:</u>		১ /		১ /	
	_	-			-	-			_	_		
	U	~	U	J	U	·~	U,	S	)	V)		
1	-	w			-		g					
				Penthem Casura		Hephthem. Casura.						

# IX. RULES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF RHYTHM.

Avoid (UUU) after (UUU) or (UUU).

Avoid more than two Feet of three syllables in the same Verse.

Avoid the frequency of Feet of three syllables in consecutive Verses.

Avoid generally a Dialysis with stop after the 3rd Foot.

Use sparingly a Dialysis with stop after the 2nd Foot.

Use sparingly the Dialysis with stop after the 5th Foot.

Avoid generally a Cæsura with stop after the Thesis of the 5th Foot.

### X. TRAGIC TROCHAIC VERSE.

2. In certain places other feet are admissible.

- (a) In the even places Spondees may be substituted, as
- πᾶς ἄΙνῆρ κᾶν | δοῦλὸς ἢ τἴς | ἢδἔΙταῖ τὄ | φῶς ὄΙρῶν. καῖ θῦΙρᾶς ἔΙχῶν ἄΙκλῆστοῦς | τῶ θἔλΙὂντῖ | δῆμὄΙτῶν. οῦκ ἔν ΙΙΙΙ ῷ τᾶδ ΙΕστῖν | αλλ΄ ἔν ΙΑργεῖ αξ χθῶν ῖ. οῖ καἴκοῖ δ' ῶσ | περ πεἰφῦκασ' | οῦπότ' εῦ πραξ|εῖεν αν.
- (δ) The Spondees in these places may be resolved into Anapæsts, as αλλά μετάβοῦλ |εῦσο μεσθά | τουτό δ' οῦ κά | λῶς λείγεῖς. τῖς πότ' ἐν πύ |λαῖσἴ θορῦβος | καῖ λοίγων ἄ |κοσμἴια. οῦ γὰρ τῆτῖς | Έλλάδ' αῦτοῖς | Φρῦξῖ οῖελῦ μῆναϊτό.
- (c) A Tribrach is allowed in any foot: (but since in Tragedy the Tribrach is only once found in the 7th foot it is practically excluded from that place), as

<sup>1</sup> Eur. Phænissæ, 610.

3. When a proper name occurs which cannot otherwise be admitted, a Dactyl may be put in any foot save the 4th and 7th, as

εις ἄρ' Ιφίγεν ειαν Έλενης | νοστός ην πέμρωμε νος. Τυνδάρε ων λέγεις το σος | θυγάτε ρος θυμουμέ νος.

Occasionally proper names otherwise admissible have this license, as σῦγγό $^{\dagger}$ νον τ $^{*}$  ἔ|μην Πὕλάδ|ην τ $^{*}$  | τον τά|δξ ξ|δνοντά|μολ.

### Dialysis.

The fourth foot must always end simultaneously with the end of a word; and if this Dialysis occurs after a monosyllabic word, such word must not be intimately connected with the following one (see VII. 4, note), as

προσκυνῶ σ', ἄναξ, τρόποισι βαρβάροισι προσπίτνων οἴχομαι τάλαινα, δάκρυόν τ' δμματ' οὐκέτι στέγει.

ἀλλ' ἀφαιρεῖσθαι βία τὰ χρήματ' εἰπόντας τοδι.
ἀξία γοῦν εἶ τόκου τε κοῦσα τοιοῦτον τόκον.

are inadmissible in Tragedy.

The learner will do well to observe that if to an Iambic Trimeter having the penthemimeral Cassura we prefix three (or four) syllables comprising Arsis + Thesis + Arsis, there results the Trochaic verse of Tragedy, as

 $\theta$ εῶν ἀνάγ|κας  $\theta$ νη τὸν ὅν|τα δεῖ φέρειν| τὰς γὰρι ἐκ  $\theta$ ε|ῶν ἀν|άγκας $\theta$   $\theta$ νητὸν ὄντα  $\theta$ δεῖ φέιρεων.

5. When there is Dialysis after the second foot, that foot must not be either Spondee or Anapæst, as

πρὸς σοφού γαρ | ἀνδρὸς ἀσκεῖν σώφρον' εὐοργησίαν.
ώς ἐσείδον | ἀσμένη σε μονάδ' ἔχουσ' ἐρημίαν.

but

έξισώσαι | τοὺς πολίτας κάφελεῖν τὰ δείματα is inadmissible.

But if the second foot end in a monosyllable intimately connected with the word that follows, this law does not apply, as ·

ουκ εων ή ξυγκελεύ ων παιδ άγειν θανουμένην.

Or consider the first three and a half feet as if they were the end of an Iambic Trimeter governed by the rules for the Pes Creticus.

The few exceptions (strangely all in one passage, Eur. Ion, 515, 517, 537, 560) hardly warrant a deviation from this rule.

6. Since every Tragic Trochaic deprived of its beginning Arsis + Thesis + Arsis is identical with a Trimeter Iambic, the end of a Trochaic line must equally be governed by the Rule for the Pes Creticus.

Thus

ές τε τάρχαῖον νόμισμα καὶ τὸ καινὸν χρυσίον is inadmissible in Tragedy.

### XI.

### SCHEME

O.F

### TRAGICUS TROCHÆUS TETRAMETER CATALECTICUS

#### MEASURED BY METRES AND FEET.

Metres.		l		2				3				4				
Feet.	1		2		3		4		5		1	6	7			8
Arsis / Thesis\		১	<u>'</u>	U		১	1	<del>ن</del>	1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		15		,
			_	_			-	,_			-	, <u> </u>				
		J		U	<b></b>	•		Dialysis.		, 0		, ,				
					-			Ä								

### XII. ON ANAPÆSTIC RHYTHM.

- 1. The Anapæstic verse of Tragedy is Dimeter Acatalectic, consisting of two dipodiæ or four feet, which may be Anapæsts, Dactyls or Spondees.
  - There must be Dialysis after the first dipodia, as οῦς πἔρζὶ πᾶσᾶ | χθῶν ᾿Ασζὶᾶτίς| θρᾶψᾶὶσᾶ πὄθῷ | στἔνἔταῖὶ μἄλἔρῷ|
- (a) The most frequent exception is where a short syllable at the beginning of the second dipodia is part of the last word in the first, as

παϊ, τοῦ Φρυγιοί | ὁ Τελεῦ ταντος

- 3. Each system ends with a Catalectic verse called Versus Parceniacus, not subject to the rule for Dialysis.
- (a) The Catalectic foot (which must be supposed a Spondee) is generally preceded by an Anapæst, so that the Paræmiac has a Dactylic rhythm, as

π $\bar{\epsilon}$ μπ $\bar{\epsilon}$ ι πάρά $\beta$  $\bar{a}$ |σ $\bar{i}$ ν Έρ $\bar{i}$ Ιν $\bar{i}$ ν  $\theta$ έος  $\bar{\omega}$ ν  $\theta$ ν $\bar{\eta}$ το $\bar{i}$ ς | ἄγορε $\bar{v}$ Ιν $\bar{i}$ ον  $\bar{i}$ Λα $\bar{i}$ Ινε $\bar{i}$ ν άλα $\bar{i}$ Ινε $\bar{i}$ ν άλα $\bar{i}$ Ινε $\bar{i}$ ν άλα $\bar{i}$ Ινε $\bar{i}$ 

4. Occasionally there is introduced (especially before the Parceniac) a Monometer or Base, as

> νῦξ η δε βἄρῦς πῶς σε δά κρῦσῶ βὅτἄ καῦ λειᾶν.

- 5. A Dactyl must not precede an Anapæst (for this would cause an unrhythmical sequence of short syllables), nor is it elegant for a Dactyl to follow a Spondee in the same dipodia.
- Sometimes a long vowel or diphthong at the end of a word is shortened before a vowel beginning the next, as

οῖχἔταϊ ἄνδρῶν.

7. By the synapheia of the Anapæstic system the last syllable of each verse is not common, but must be scanned relatively to the next<sup>1</sup>; so that the whole system forms a continuous line having its last syllable only common, as in the following:

βάλε, πρόσπτυξον σῶμα· θανόντος δ' ως ἐπὶ τύμβω καταθρήνησον. φεῦ φεῦ· δεινὸν τόδ' ἐγηρύσω

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exceptions are, hiatus after an exclamation, a vocative case, or when another character speaks.

καὶ θεοῖσι κλυειν
ἔνι γὰρ κὰμοὶ τοῖς τ' οὐρανίδαις
οἶκτοι θνητῶν πολυμόχθων.

### XIII. PRINCIPAL RULES OF TRAGIC PROSODY.

- Datives Plural in os and as may take ι, as λόγοισι.
- ν ἐφελκυστικόν may be added before consonauts for the sake of metre as well as before vowels. More seldom s, as οὖτω(s); κ, as οὖ(κ) and analogous to οὖκέτι, μηκέτι.
- 3. Hiatus of vowels is not allowable, excepting (sometimes) in the words  $\vec{\epsilon v}$  and  $\tau'_1$  as  $\vec{\epsilon v}$  ἴσθι,  $\tau'_1$  οὖν.
- 4. Elision of diphthongs does not take place, but only that of short vowels. Except oin wis for oinou ws.
- Obs. 1. The ι of the Cases is not elided, as τί, ἄπολι; nor of ὅτι, περί. The vowel υ never suffers elision.
- Obs. 2. The article is never elided, but undergoes Crasis.
- 5. Prodelision (the elision or absorption of a short vowel beginning a word, after a long vowel or diphthong ending the word before it) is frequent in Tragedy, as μη 'ξ for μη ἐξ—μολῶ 'γώ for μολῶ ἐγώ—οἶου 'τράφης for οἶου ἐτράφης—μου 'φέλης for μου ἀφέλης—τύχη 'γαθη for τύχη ἀγαθη, &c. The limits which separate Prodelision from Crasis are not very accurately definable.

Note. A vowel ending a verse is sometimes elided before another at the beginning of the next verse, but only when the last Arsis is long, as εὖ σοι φρονήσας εὖ λέγω τὰ μανθάνειν δ ηδιστον εὖ λέγοντος, εἰ κέρδος λέγοι.

6. Crasis is the coalition of two words into one, when the former ends and the latter begins with a vowel or diphthong.

The general laws of Crasis are the same as those of contraction (which are given in Greek Grammars), but with some exceptions.

The principal Crases of Greek Tragedy are as follows:

(a) Crasis of the Article,

```
o + a = \bar{a}, as \delta a\nu\eta\rho = a\nu\eta\rho, \tau\delta a\lambda\lambda o = \tau a\lambda\lambda o.
```

 $o + \epsilon = ov$ , as  $\delta = \epsilon \pi \iota \beta ov \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega \nu = ov \pi \iota \beta ov \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{o} = \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \iota \omega \nu = ov \lambda \epsilon \dot{\omega} \omega \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{o} = \dot{c} \dot{c} \lambda \dot{c}$ .

 $0 + \eta = \eta$ , as to himitepov =  $\theta \eta \mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \rho \sigma v$ .

 $o + \iota = o$ , as  $\tau o$  imation =  $\theta o$ imation.

o + o = ov, as  $\tau o$   $\tilde{o}vo\mu a = \tau o \tilde{v}vo\mu a$ .

o + v = ov, as  $\tau \hat{o}$   $\tilde{v}\delta\omega\rho = \theta o\tilde{v}\delta\omega\rho$ .

o + ai = ai or q, as  $\tau \hat{o}$  at  $\mu a = \theta$  at  $\mu a$ ,  $\tau \hat{o}$  at  $\tau i \circ \nu = \tau \hat{q} \tau i \circ \nu$ .

o + av = av, as ὁ αὐτός = αὐτός, τὸ αὐτό = ταὐτό, often ταὐτόν.

 $o + o\iota = \omega$ , as  $o' o'' (v p o's = \omega'' (v p o's)$ .

 $\eta + \alpha = \bar{\alpha}$ , as  $\dot{\eta}$  aper $\dot{\eta} = \dot{\alpha}$ per $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta}$  aper $\dot{\eta} = \tau \dot{\alpha}$ per $\dot{\eta}$ .

 $\eta + \epsilon = \eta$ , as  $\dot{\eta}$  εὐσέβεια = ἡνσέβεια.

 $\eta + \epsilon = \eta, \text{ as } \tau \hat{\eta} \quad \dot{\epsilon} \mu \hat{\eta} = \tau \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\eta}.$ 

ov + a = a, as  $to\hat{v}$  ard pos = tardpos,  $to\hat{v}$  and  $o\hat{v} = tardpos$ .

ου +  $(\epsilon - o - v) = ov$ , as τοῦ ϵμοῦ = τουμοῦ, τοῦ ονείδους = τουνείδους, τοῦ ὕδατος = θοῦδατος.

ov + η = η, as τοῦ ἡλίου = θηλίου.

ov + ov = ov, as  $to\hat{v}$   $ov\rho\alpha vo\hat{v} = tov\rho\alpha vo\hat{v}$ .

The contraction is marked with a coronis ('), as  $\tau \alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\rho}$ , but with a rough breathing where an aspirate remains, unless it be absorbed in an aspirate letter, as  $\dot{\alpha} \nu \dot{\eta} \rho$ , but  $\theta o \dot{\nu} \delta \omega \rho$ .

 $\omega + \alpha = \omega$ , as  $\vec{\omega}$  ava $\xi = \vec{\omega} v \alpha \xi$ .

 $\psi + a = a$ , as  $t\hat{\phi}$  avaktı = tavaktı,  $t\hat{\phi}$  av $t\hat{\phi} = t$ av $t\hat{\phi}$ .

ω + (ε - o) = ω, as τψ εμψ = τωμψ, τψ ονείρψ = τωνείρψ.

 $\omega + \iota = \omega$ , as  $\tau \hat{\omega}$  imative =  $\theta \hat{\omega}$  mative.

aι or οι + a = a, as οἱ ἄνδρες = ἄνδρες, αἱ ἀρεταί = ἀρεταί, οἱ αὐτοί = αὐτοί.

 $o\iota + \epsilon = ov$ , as  $o\iota \epsilon \mu o\iota = o\nu \mu o\iota$ ,  $o\iota \epsilon v = o\nu v$ .

 $a\iota + \epsilon = a\iota$ , as ai ἐκκλησί $a\iota = ai$ κκλησί $a\iota$ .

 $a + (a - \epsilon - ai) = a$ , as τὰ ἄλλα = τἄλλα, τὰ αὐτά = ταὐτά, τὰ ἐκ = τἀκ, τὰ αἰσχρά = τὰσχρά.

 $a + (o - \omega - o\iota - o\upsilon) = \omega$ , as τὰ ὅπλα = θῶπλα, τὰ ῶνια = τῶνια, τὰ οἰζυρά = τῶζυρά, τὰ οὐράνια = τῶράνια.

Obs. The Crasis of the Article with έτερος is peculiar.

Sing. ἄτερος, ἀτέρα, θἄτερον, θἀτέρου, θἀτέρφ, θἀτέρφ. Plur. ἄτεροι, ἄτεραι, θἄτερα.

## (b) Crasis of Kai.

Before a, aι, aυ, ει, ευ, ι, η, οι, ου, υ, ω, the crasis of καί is formed by striking out aι, as καγαθός, καὶσχύνη, καὐτός, κεἰς, κεὐθύς, χίλεως, χή, χοί, κού, χύπέρ, χῷτινι. But καὶ εἶτα = κῷτα.

καὶ  $+ \epsilon = \kappa \alpha$ , or  $\chi \alpha$ , as καὶ ἔτι  $= \kappa \tilde{\alpha}$ τι, καὶ ἔτερος,  $\chi \tilde{\alpha}$ τερος. καὶ  $+ o = \kappa \omega$ , or  $\chi \omega$ , as καὶ ὀξύ  $= \kappa \omega$ ξύ, καὶ ὄσα  $= \chi \tilde{\omega}$ σα.

ι only appears in a contraction when it has existed in the second syllable, as  $τ_{\alpha}^{2}\sigma\chi_{0}$  os  $τ_{\alpha}^{2}$  αισχος, but  $κ_{\alpha}^{2}\tau_{1} = κ_{\alpha}$ ίτι.

A very few instances of double Crasis are found, as  $\chi o \dot{v} = \kappa a \dot{i} + \dot{o} + \dot{e} \dot{v}$ .

- (c) The few instances of Crasis which occur in other words, follow for the most part the rules already given under (a): as ἐγωὰ οἶδα = ἐγῷδα, τοι ἄρα = τἄρα, τοι ἄν = τᾶν, μοι ἐστί = μουστί.
- 7. Synecphonesis (or the metrical coalition of two syllables in different words without a formal crasis) sometimes occurs in Tragedy. The principal instances are η οὐ, μη οὐ, ἐπεῖ οὐ, μη εἰδέναι, ἐγω οὐ, ἐγω εἰμι.
- 8. Synizesis (or the metrical coalition of two syllables in the same word without a formal contraction) sometimes occurs: for instance

 $\epsilon \omega$ , as πόλεως, 'Αμφιάρεως,  $-\nu \omega$ , as 'Ερινύων  $-\epsilon \alpha$ , as 'Αχιλλέα,  $-\nu \omega$ , as δνοῦν. But the most frequent example is  $\theta \epsilon \delta c$ , which may be used as a monosyllable in any of its cases.

- 9. A short vowel becomes long before
  - (a) a double consonant.
  - (b) two mute consonants.
  - (c) two liquid consonants.
  - (d) a liquid before a mute consonant.
  - (e) βλ, except βλαστάνω and its kindred words,
     βμ, βν, γλ, (except with γλώσσα), γμ, γν, δν.
  - (f)  $\sigma$  with any other consonant.
- 10. A short vowel becomes common before  $\beta \rho$ ,  $\gamma \rho$ ,  $\delta \mu$ ,  $\delta \rho$ ,  $\theta \lambda$ ,  $\theta \mu$ ,  $\theta \nu$ ,  $\theta \rho$ ,  $\kappa \lambda$ ,  $\kappa \mu$ ,  $\kappa \nu$ ,  $\kappa \rho$ ,  $\pi \lambda$ ,  $\pi \mu$ ,  $\pi \nu$ ,

 $\pi\rho$ ,  $\tau\lambda$ ,  $\tau\mu$ ,  $\tau\nu$ ,  $\tau\rho$ ,  $\phi\lambda$ ,  $\phi\mu$ ,  $\phi\nu$ ,  $\phi\rho$ . But a short vowel at the end of a word is seldom made long before any of these positions except  $\phi\rho$ .

11. A short vowel in Arsis at the end of a word may be lengthened by an initial  $\dot{\rho}$ ;

as εἰς ἐμε ῥέπον.

- The interjections φεῦ, αἴαι, ἔα, εἶεν, ἴου, sometimes occur extra metrum.
- 13. Πτόλις may be used for πόλις to lengthen a preceding short vowel.
- 14. I is common in λίαν, ἰάομαι, ἰατρός, ὄρνις, long in comparatives, as κάλλῖον.
  - 15. Οι is common in ποιέω, τοιόσδε, τοιούτος, οίος.
  - 16. Final Vowels.
- ă In all, except contracted, verbal terminations, as ἔπραξἄ, πέπουθᾶ; adverbs, as ἄμᾶ; numerals, as ἐπτᾶ.
  Fem. sing. and neut. plur. of participles and adjectives increasing, as εἰδῦιᾶ, εἰδότᾶ, ὀξεῖᾶ, χαρίεντα.

Terminations of 2nd and 3rd declensions, as ξύλα, σῶμα; θῆρὰ (except accus. of nouns in εύς, ἱερἐα).

Substantives of the 1st declension vary greatly: the following rules may be useful:

Vocatives from Nom. in της, as κριτά, or name of tribe in ης, as Σκύθά, and compounds of πωλείν, μετρείν, τρίβειν.

Nominative, as Μοῦσἄ, ῥίζἄ, δέσποινα, except

ā Nom. in a pure, as θεὰ, λείὰ, βασιλεία, kingdom (from βασιλεύω). Except γαῖα, αἶα, μαῖα, endings in τρια, as πενθήτρια, and derivatives in εια and οια not derived from verbs, as βασίλειἄ, queen (from βασιλεύς), δύσνοιᾶ

(from δύσνους). (Several have either quantity, as ἀγνοιἄ, ἀνοιᾶ, ἀναιδειᾶ). a is long if preceded by ρ when a has been changed from η, αὖρᾶ σαύρᾶ, κάρᾶ, συμφορᾶ, ὧρᾶ, οὐρᾶ, which have Ionic endings in η, but in πεῖρα, γέφῦρᾶ, ἄγκῦρᾶ, σώτειρα ἔθειρα, which have no other form, a is short.

Vocat. from nom. in as, as ταμία.

Fem. of adjectives in os pure, as  $\delta\sigma i\bar{a}$ , with a few exceptions, as  $\delta i\bar{a}$ , with  $\mu i\bar{a}$ .

Fem. dual, as κόρā, καλά, τυχούσā.

Adverbs in ρα, as λάθρα, πέρα.

Many nouns have double forms, as προμήθεια, προμηθία, which must be learnt by obvervation.

Contractions, ἐτίμā, κερā.

- Short always, as μελί, τί, φιλόπολί, ἴθί, πορτί (vocat.),
   ἐγερτί (adverb derived from verb), but
- ž Adverb derived from noun, as астакті Œd. Col. 1751, астакті 1640.

Contracted dative, as πόρτι.

- ŭ always short, as σὔ, μῶλὕ, ὀξኞ, πανኞ, ἰχθῷ (vocat.), except
- ῡ contractions, as ἰχθῦ (dual): verb form, as ἐδείκνῦ.
- ŭs Nom. of nouns increasing short, as Ελλάς, μαινάς, also μεγάς (except μέλας and τάλας).

Acc. pl. masc. of adjectives and participles, as πάντας, παρόντας, with the same case of substantives of 3rd declension which increase in gen., as Τιτανας.

Adverbs, as čĸăs.

Verbs, as ήνεγκας, πέποιθας.

ās Nom. increasing long, as θύσās, γίγūs, πâs, except κερᾶs.

Nom. and Gen. sing. and Acc. pl. of 1st Declension, as ταμίας, ἡμέρας, κόρας.

Acc. pl. in εās from εύς, as βασιλέās.

ἄρ as ἄφἄρ, ἡπαρ, μάκαρ, except

āρ as Kāp, ψāp.

Verbs, as ἔδρασαν.

Some adverbs, as  $\pi \acute{a}\mu \pi \breve{a}\nu$ ,  $\breve{a}\nu$ ,  $\breve{o}\tau \breve{a}\nu$ , but

 $\bar{a}\nu$  έ $\bar{a}\nu$  (mostly contracted), ἐπειδ $\bar{a}\nu$ ,  $\bar{a}\gamma\bar{a}\nu$ , λί $\bar{a}\nu$  (ην), πέρ $\bar{a}\nu$  (ην), are long.

Accus. from Nom. in ā, as αἰσχρᾶν, δουλείᾶν.

Nominatives in αν, as Τιτᾶν.

īs Monosyllabic Substantives, as κῖς.
Other substantives increasing long, as ὅρνῖς (ῖθος), κηκῖς (ῖδος), with contractions, as πόρτῖς (Nom. plur.).

is Substantives increasing short, as πόλis, ὄρνis (εως), except κόνis, ὄφis.

All other words, as τρίς, τίς, ἄχαρίς.

- ῖν Nominatives, as ῥηγμῖν; Acc. from Nom. in ῖς, as κόνῖν, with ἡμῖν, ὑμῖν.
- Acc. from Nom. in is, as πόλιν.
   All other words, as νίν, πρίν and ἡμίν, δμίν enclitic.
- υς Verbs and participles, as εδείκνυς, ζευγνύς.

Of Substantives, monosyllables are long, as  $\delta\rho\bar{\nu}s$ ; of others those with Gen. increasing long, as  $\kappa\omega\mu\bar{\nu}s$  ( $\bar{\nu}\theta\sigma s$ ),  $\Phi\acute{o}\rho\kappa\bar{\nu}s$  ( $\bar{\nu}\nu\sigma s$ ): with Accus. plur., as  $\gamma\epsilon\nu\bar{\nu}s$ ,  $\sigma\tau\alpha\chi\bar{\nu}s$ ,  $t\chi\theta\bar{\nu}s$ .

υς Substantives with Gen. short, as κόρυς, πέλεκυς; but such as have gen. in υσς are irregular, as γένυς (once γενυν acc.), γηρυς, θρηνυς, πιτυς, but ἰσχυς, νέκυς, χέλυς, Έρινυς, στάχυς.

Adjectives, as τραχύς; adverbs, as αντικρύς.

ῦν Nom. sing., as Φορκῦν, acc. from nom. in ῦς, as νέκῦν. Verbs, as ἔδῦν, ἐδείκνῦν.

νῦν, but τοίνῦν and νὖν affirmative enclitic.

ٽν Adjectives, as ὀξῦν, neut. participles, as δεικνῦν. Acc. from nom. in ὕς, as γῆρῦν. Indeclinable words, as σῦν.

ῦρ πῦρ.

### XIV. DIALECT AND PHRASEOLOGY.

- 1. The Tragic dialogue exhibits a measured and severe dignity of style, equally removed from the colloquial looseness of Comedy and the daring excursiveness of Lyric poetry. Among many features common to a good prose style, it also contains numerous forms and phrases of a purely poetic character.
- 2. The Dialect is the Middle Attic, like that of Thucydides. The Augment must therefore be always kept, the forms in  $\sigma\sigma$  preferred to those in  $\tau\tau$ , and the contracted forms must be used.
- 3. Nevertheless some Ionic forms are used in Tragedy, as ξείνος, μοῦνος, αἰεί, Θρῆκες, μέσσος, ζοή, ἔρος, οὔνομα, γούνατα, δουρί, πολλός, εἰλίσσω, εἴνεκα, the uncontracted forms νόος, ῥέεθρον, εὖροος, the gen. εος for εως, as πόλεος. (These occur chiefly in narratives of an Epic character, in which also the augment is sometimes omitted.)

- 4. And some Doric forms: as 'Αθάνα; δαρός, ἔκατι, ναμερτής, κυναγός, ποδαγός, λοχαγός, ὁπαδός, κάρανον, ἄραρε, γάμορος, γάποτος. Also the Æolic forms πεδάρσιος, πεδάσορος, πεδαίχμιος, μάσσων.
- 5. The Tragic poets avoid the use of diminutives, even though the diminutive sense have disappeared, as in  $\theta\eta\rho\dot{}$ ov.
  - 6. Note these forms, as belonging to Tragedy.
    - (a) εως for αος, as λεώς for λαός, νεώς for ναός,
       λεως for ίλαος, Μενέλεως for Μενέλαος.
    - (b) Naûs. Gen. ναός, νηός οτ νεώς. Dat. ναί οτ νηί. Αcc. ναῦν, νῆα οτ νέα. Plu. Nom. νᾶες οτ νῆες. Gen. ναῶν, νηῶν οτ νεῶν. Dat. ναυσί. Αcc. νῆας, νέας οτ ναῦς.
    - (c) κάρα. Gen. κρατός. Dat. κρατί. Acc. τὸ or τὸν κρᾶτα, or τὸ κάρα. Plu. Nom. κάρα. Gen. κρατῶν. Acc. κάρα or κρᾶτας.
    - (d) γόνυ. Gen. γόνατος. Plu. Nom. γόνατα and γούνατα. Gen. γονάτων, γουνάτων and γούνων.
    - (e) 'Απόλλων. Acc. 'Απόλλωνα and 'Απόλλω.
    - (f) "Αρης. Gen. "Αρεος. Dat. "Αρει. Acc. "Αρην and "Αρη.
    - (g) δόρυ Gen. δορός. Dat. δορί. Ion. δουρί.
    - (h) χείρ. Gen. χειρός or χερός, &c.
    - (i) νιν, σφε, him, her, or them; κεῖνος for ἐκεῖνος (κεῖσε, κεῖθεν); σέθεν for σοῦ; ὅτου, ὅτω, ὅτοις, for οὖτινος, ϣτινι, οἷετισι.
    - (k) ει for η in the 2nd Person Sing. Pres. and Fut. Mid. and Pass.—as βούλει for βούλη, ὄψει for ὄψη.

- (l)  $\eta \sigma \theta a$  for  $\eta s$ ,  $\xi \phi \eta \sigma \theta a$  for  $\xi \phi \eta s$ .
- (m) οντων for ετωσαν, in 3rd Pers. Plu. Imperat. Pres. Act. σθων for σθωσαν in 3rd Pers. Plur. Imper. Pres. Mid. and Pass. μεσθα for μεθα in 1st Pers. Plur. Mid. and Pass., as γελώντων for γελάτωσαν, ἀφαιρείσθων for ἀφαιρείσθωσαν, ἀκουσόμεσθα for ἀκουσόμεθα.
- (n) ἔοικα, Plur. ἔοιγμεν, εἴξασι.
- (ο) οίδα, οίδας and οίσθα, οίδε, ἴστον, ἴσμεν, ἴστε, ἴσασι.—ἴσθι, εἰδείην, εἰδῶ, εἰδέναι, εἰδώς.—ἤδη οτ ἤδειν, ἤδεις οτ ἤδησθα, ἤδει οτ ἤδειν, ἦστον, ἤστην, ἤδειμεν οτ ἦσμεν, ἦστε, ἤδεσαν οτ ἦσαν. Fut. εἴσομαι.
- (p) Attic Futures in ω contracted from dow, έσω, όσω (if the antepenultima is also short), as σκεδω (σκεδῶς, σκεδῷ, ἀκ.), καλω (καλεῖς, καλεῖ, ἀκ.). And in ιῶ from Futures in ἴσω, as οἰκτιῶ, εῖς, εῖ, ἀκ.
- (q) Attic Optative of contracted verbs used in Perfect and Liquid Future, as ἐκπεφευγοίην, φανοίην.
- (r) ξύν for σύν, ès for εἰς, ἔσω for εἴσω, ἐνί and εἰν for ἐν, διαι, ὑπαί for διά, ὑπό.
- (s) εὐθύς and εὐθύ, μέχρις and μέχρι, αὖθις and αὖτις.
- 7. The Rules of Attic Syntax are given in any good Greek Grammar. Note as peculiarly Tragic:—

# (a) GENITIVE.

of place, mostly with an idea of proceeding from, as θυρῶν, δόμων. of cause, as

τάλαινα τησδε συμφοράς.---

after adverbs, as

ποῦ γης; ποῖ γνώμης; οὖτω θράσους.

after verbs of obtaining, τυγχάνω, κυρῶ, ἀντῶ; but if a thing and person are expressed, then accusative of thing and genitive of person. So also with ἀκούω, κλύω.

### (6) ACCUSATIVE.

Cognate, as εύδειν ύπνον, κάμπτειν έδρας.

In apposition to sentence, as

έθυσεν αύτοῦ παίδα, ἐπφδὸν Θρηκίων ἀημάτων. κτενώ σε, ποινὰς τοῦ πατρός.

The adverbial accus. ἀρχήν always stands at the beginning of a line.

# (c) GENDER.

The masculine form of the dual is generally used in speaking of women.

A female speaking of herself in the Plural Number uses the Masculine Gender.

## (d) ADJECTIVES.

Plural for sing., as ασημα δ ήμιν ήτις εστίν ή νόσος.

Often used adverbially, as ἄλεκτρα γηράσκουσαν.

Verbals in téos and tos very common.

Compounded with a privative govern a genitive, as αλυπος ατης, αψαυστος έγχους, and are used by Oxymoron with the substantives from which they

are derived to reverse the idea which would otherwise be suggested, as βίος ἀβίωτος, ὑμέναιος ἀνυμέναιος, μοῦσα ἄμουσος.

Limit a substantive used metaphorically, as aleros πτηνὸς κύων.

Are used proleptically (ωστε είναι), as εὖφημον, ὧ τάλαινα, κοίμησον στόμα.

With Article, for a Substantive, as το συνετόν for σύνεσις, το θήλυ for γυναΐκες.

Superlative doubled, as
ἔσχατ' ἐσχάτων—πλεῦστον ἔχθιστος.

# (e) PRONOUNS.

καὶ ταῦτα, 'and that too.'

δδε for adverb; δδ΄ εἰμί, 'here I am.'
ἀνὴρ ὅδε, ' I.'
ἀμός or ἀμός for ἐμὸς and ἡμέτερος.
τις, some one = many a one = some person or thing of importance = some considerable part.
αὐτὸς αὐτόν frequently in juxta-position.
οἷος or οἷός τε = τοιοῦτος ὥστε, 'able to.'
μὴ πρός σε θεῶν, understanding λίσσομαι.
μὴ σύ γε, understanding an Imperative Mood.
ταῦτα, 'in this way.'

Emphatic positions, as τουμόν αυτής σώμα, πόσιν τὸν ἀμόν.

# (f)

### VERB.

Verb of sense governing object of another sense, as κτύπον δέδορκα.

Middle Future in Passive Sense, as λέξομαι, τιμήσεται.

Imperative; oloff o  $\delta \rho \hat{a} \sigma \sigma v$ ; oloff is  $\pi o i \eta \sigma \sigma v$ , = Shall I tell you what to do?

Infinitive, in prayers to Deities, with ellipse of εὖχομαι.

Infinitive after adjectives, as καλὸς ιδείν.

Infinitive with  $\tau \hat{o}$  for  $\omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ .

Infinitive elliptically after ώς, ώσπερ, as ώς ἐπεικάσαι.

Participle for Infinitive after οίδα, δείκνυμι, φαίνομαι, and other verbs, as ὧν δείξω φίλος.

Participle in periphrasis with τυγχάνω, κυρέω.

Aorist Participle with ἔχω for Perfect, as πτήξας ἔχω.

ἐπήνεσα, ἔδεισα, ἔκλαυσα, ἀπέπτυσα, οἶδα, ἔγνωκα, δέδορκα, πέφυκα, used in a Present signification.

Note the following phrases:—ως οὐκέτ' ὄντων σῶν τέκνων φρόντιζε δή—ως τοίνυν ὄντων τῶνδε σοὶ μαθεῖν πάρα,

Note also:---

The use of Abstract for Concrete, as ἐπανάστασις θρόνων = rebel, παιδουργία = parent, τροφή = brood.

Negation by interrogatives, as  $\tau i = 0$  one,  $\tau i$ 

 $\mu\dot{\eta}$  with Substantive and ellipse of verb in hasty command, as  $\mu\dot{\eta}$   $\tau\rho\iota\beta\dot{\alpha}s$   $\check{\epsilon}\tau\iota$ , 'no more dallying.'

Balance of a sentence by weak antithesis of μέν and δέ appended to the same word, as πόλις δ΄ ὁμοῦ μὲν θυμιαμάτων γέμει ὁμοῦ δὲ παιάνων τε καὶ στεναγμάτων. especially used by Sophocles.

Metathesis, as σμικρῷ χαλινῷ δ' οἶδα τοὺς θυμουμένους ἔππους καταρτυθέντας, where δέ is thrown back. This licence is not very frequent.

We may write  $\tau$ oîs  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ oîs  $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$   $\phi$ i $\lambda$ ois or  $\tau$ oîs  $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$   $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ oîs  $\phi$ i $\lambda$ ois,  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$   $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ oû  $\gamma \epsilon$  or  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$   $\gamma \dot{\epsilon}$   $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ oû, without difference of meaning.

Tmesis, as έκ δ' άρας κακάς ήρατο.

Epenthesis, as εν οὖν τοιούτοις, ἀλλ' εν τοι κακοῖς.

# (g) PREPOSITIONS.

Note the following phrases:—ἀμφὶ τάρβει, περὶ φόβω, 'in terror;'—ἀνθ' ὧν, 'wherefore;'—ὡς ἀπ' ὁμμάτων, 'as far as sight can judge;'—δι' αἰῶνος, 'for ever;'—δι' ὅρκων, 'with oaths;'—διὰ τάχους, 'quickly;'—διὰ σπουδῆς, 'zealously, eagerly;'—δι ὀργῆς, 'angrily;'—διὰ τέλους, 'finally;'—δι ἔχθρας ἰέναι τινί, 'to quarrel with any one;'—διὰ δίκης ἱέναι τινί, 'to go to law with any one;'—δι οὐδενὸς ποιεῖσθαι, 'to set no value on, &c.;'—εἰς χεῖρας ἐλθεῖν τινί, 'to come to blows with any one;'— εἰς δέον, 'in needful time;'—εἰς καιρόν, εἰς ἄπαξ

—ἐξ ἀέλπτων, 'unexpectedly;'—ἐκ τῶνδε, 'under these circumstances; -έξ οῦ, 'from the time when; ' $-\epsilon \xi$  ioov, 'equally;' $-\epsilon \kappa$   $\beta$ ias or  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho \delta s$ , 'violently;'—ἐκ δεξιᾶς, 'on the right hand;'—ἐξ απόπτου, 'at an invisible distance;'-τυφλὸς ἐκ δεδορκότος, 'blind, after having had eyesight, &c.;' έν βραχεί, 'briefly;'-έν δέοντι, 'at a needful moment; '-- ἐν ὑμῖν, 'in your power; '-- ἐν τάχει, 'speedily;'—ἐν ὅμμασι, 'before (your) eyes;'—ἐν δεινφ, 'at a fearful moment;'—ἐν (adverbial) δέ, 'and among them;' cf. προς δε and σύν δε-έπε ξυροῦ τύχης, ἐπὶ σμικρᾶς ροπης, 'in imminent hazard; '-έπ' έξειργασμένοις, 'when the deed is done;'-- ἐπ' ἀργύρω, ἐπὶ κέρδεσι, 'for a bribe;'-- ἐφ' υμίν, 'in your power;'—ἐπ' οἴκου, 'homeward;'  $-\tau$ ο  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ '  $\ddot{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon$ , 'as far as in me lies;'-κατ'  $\ddot{\eta}\mu\alpha\rho$ , 'daily;'— $\kappa \alpha \tau$ '  $\tilde{a}\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma\nu$ , 'suitably to a man;'  $-\pi a \rho^2 \epsilon \lambda \pi i \delta a$ ,  $\pi a \rho a \lambda \delta \gamma o \nu$ , 'contrary to expectation; '- $\pi a \rho$ ' οὐδέν, 'of no account; '- $\pi \rho$  ὸs  $\theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu$ , 'in heaven's name;'—πρὸς τούτοις, 'moreover;' -προς ταῦτα, 'on these grounds;'-προς οργήν, 'angrily;'--πρὸς ήδονήν, 'agreeably;'--πρὸς βίαν, 'forcibly.'

The use of Conjunctions and other Particles forms too large a subject to be here introduced, but must be carefully noted and imitated by the young composer, with the aid of a good Greek Grammar, and the Tragic Indices. He will find that very few sentences in Tragedy begin without some connecting particle or particles, and by diligent observation he will discover the shades of meaning in which they are severally used, and learn where and how to introduce them in his own compositions.

The following Figures of Speech are in frequent use:

(a) PLEONASM.

αὐθις αὖ—αὖθις αὖ πάλιν—ἐκόντες οὖδ ἄκοντες γνωτὰ κοὐκ ἄγνωτα—ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς ὁρῶν, &c.

(b) ELLIPSIS.

Πάρις γὰρ οὖτε συντελής πόλις—πατρός τε κάπὸ μητρός, νύκτα καὶ καθ ήμέραν.

Frequently of μέν, as φίλως, καλώς δ' ου.

(c) PERIPHRASIS.

Verb with object instead of a bare Verb, as μνήμηκ ξχειν for μεμνήσθαι, σπουδήν θέσθαι for σπεύδειν, μάχην ποιείσθαι for μάχεσθαι, &c.

εἰμί with participle, as κακῶν οὐδέν ἐστ' ἀπόν—ἀλλὰ τοῦσδ' ἔσται μέλον.

Substantives: as θρήνων όδυρμοί—ήλίου κύκλος —γης πέδον—ουρανοῦ ἀναπτυχαί—τειχέων περιπτυχαί—πύργων στεφάνωμα—ὧ κοινὸν αὐτάδελφον Ἰσμνης κάρα—᾿Ασιατίδος γης σχημα—ὧ πρόσωπον εὐγενὲς τέκνων—τὸ μητρὸς ὄνομα—ὧ ξύναιμον ὅμμα—συὸς μέγιστον χρημα, ὡς.

(d) Epexegesis, Anacoluthon, Attraction, Hendiadys, Zeugma, are also very frequently used. See Hermann on Viger, pp. 892, 895, &c.; Matthiæ's or Jelf's Grammar, &c.;

# EXERCISES.

# EXERCISE I.

PENTHEMIMERS.

1. Whenever he-approaches. 2. Examine thyself.
3. Why praisest-thou these-things? 4. O-unhappy
Orestes. 5. Day of-good-omen. 6. I-will-depart then.
7. O-great sovereignty. 8. O-just sentiment. 9.
Mother, thou-barest me. 10. O son of-Creon. 11.
Speak not of-Plutus. 12. O-most-excellent king. 13.
Pray whither goest-thou? 14. On these grounds I-will-speak. 15. I-have-ceased to love. 16. Fly as-soon-aspossible. 17. I-am not a traitor. 18. Except this man. 19. It-is quite necessary. 20. He-swears-by
Hecate.

Of good omen, εὖφημος. Sentiment, γνώμη. Pray (emphatic particle), δή, δῆτα (enclitic). Then (consecutive), τοίνυν, δή. On these grounds, πρὸς ταῦτα. Cease (to do a thing) παύεσθαι, λήγειν (with particip.). As soon as possible, ώς τάχος, ώς τάχιστα. Εχοερτ, πλήν, gen. Quite necessary, πᾶσα ἀνάγκη. Swear by, ὀμνύναι, acc.

# EXERCISE II.

### PENTHEMIMERS.

1. I-am ambitious. 2. Everywhere on-earth. 3. A midnight light. 4. O polluted city. 5. A most-swift chariot. 6. But we-two (will) now go-out. 7. May-he perish miserably. 8. Chrysothemis is-come. 9. I-have forgotten him. 10. But I-will-speak-out to-thee. 11. We-will-fall, if it-must-be. 12. Now then I-tell thee. 13. Rage angrily. 14. Above all-things. 15. Speak the-truth. 16. And where is he? 17. I-envy thee for thy mind. 18. Whatever we-say. 19. O stranger, art-thou-come? 20. What thing wilt-thou-do?

Ambitious, φιλότιμος. Every where, ἀπανταχοῦ. cf. Introduction xiv. 6. a. Midnight, adj. μεσονύκτιος. Polluted, μιαρός. Perish, mid. of δλλύναι. Το come, ἀφικνεῖσθαι, ήκευ with perf. signification. Rage, pass. of θυμοῦν. Angrily. cf. Introduction xiv. 6. g. Envy one for a thing, ξηλοῦν τινά τινος. Whatever, δσα ἄν (with conjunctive in oratio recta).

# EXERCISE III.

### PENTHEMIMERS.

1. I-shall-hear thee. 2. He-did me many kindnesses. 3. I-would not have-come. 4. For how (shall) this be? 5. By-no-means, king. 6. Who (is) the commander? 7. O gods and Neptune. 8. But knowest thou what to do? 9. We-serve the Gods. 10. (Some) have, others (have) not. 11. I-am-come however. 12. Do-not, I-say, restrain me. 13. He-will-certainly-not obey. 14. Not this, pray. 15. Let me alone then, 16. Well, I-know this. 17. You-

must not say anything. 18. If it is no wrong. 19. And in-addition-to these things. 20. Chariot of Phobus. 21. Being, I ween, friendly to thee.

Do a kindness to one, εὖ δρᾶν τινα. By no means, ἤκιστα. However, μέντα. I say (parenthetical), I assure you, Let me tell you, ται (enclit.). Certainly not (strong negation), οὖ μή with aor. subj. or fut. indic. With the 2nd person of the latter used interrogatively it forms an emphatic prohibition (as in 17). Well (confirmative), καὶ μήν (begins sentence). Of Phœbus, Φοιβεῖος. I ween, Of course, που (enclit.).

An emphasis may be added to single words by the use of the particle  $\gamma \epsilon$  (as with the italicised words in 14, 19, 21), or of  $\tau o \iota$ ,  $\delta \eta_{\delta}$   $\delta \hat{\eta} \tau a$  (as où  $\delta \eta$ , où  $\delta \hat{\eta} \tau a$ , surely not), or by prefixing  $\kappa a \iota$ .

8. Cf. Eur. Hel. 315, Soph. Œ. T. 543.

### EXERCISE IV.

# PENTHEMIMERS.

Although thou-lovest him. 2. Wherefore it-issettled. Even if I-seem not to-you. 4. Truly not 5. It-is not what I said. 6. Loose me, in 7. But not with-impunity. heaven's name. 8. it-is not possible. 9. Both to-thes and to-me. 10. And no-longer say. 11. Thou-art young. 12. Really, sir? I-am-conscious-of having-heard. 13. 14. Not-seeing the stars. 15. And the altars were shaken. 16. Hear then now. 17. He-is a mere shadow. 18. To such-astage of-youth. 19. He surely did not say this.

Although, el ral with finite verb,  $\kappa al\pi e \rho$  with participle. Wherefore,  $\dot{\alpha} \nu \partial' \dot{\omega} \nu$ . In heaven's name,  $\pi \rho \delta s \theta e \hat{\omega} \nu$  (often with the person entreated interposed, as  $\pi \rho \delta s \sigma \delta \theta e \hat{\omega} \nu$ ). Loose,  $\dot{\alpha} \phi \bar{\nu} \dot{\nu} \nu a u$ . With impunity,  $\chi al \rho \omega \nu$ . To be (by nature), perf. or and aor. of  $\dot{\phi} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \omega \nu$ . Really, neuter of  $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta \theta \dot{\eta} s$ . Be conscious of,  $\sigma \nu \nu e i \delta \dot{\epsilon} \nu a u$ . Not seeing,  $\ddot{\alpha} \delta e \rho \kappa \tau o s$  (gen. of object). Altar,  $\beta \omega \mu \delta s$ . Mere, translate by adverb  $\ddot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega s$ . Youth,  $\ddot{\eta} \beta \eta$ .

# EXERCISE V.

### PENTHEMIMERS.

1. O seed of-Achilles. 2. Speak auspicious-words. Telemachus, stay. 4. Well, I-am-afraid. 5. gifts of-Venus. 6. We-shall-be-saved. 7. Bridal of-Iselen. 8. But he-said, enough for-me. 9. (I-have) not yet ceased. 10. You-Sir, what ails you? 11. Hecuba is-dead. 12. (Dost-thou) then want anything further? 13. (Let-us) not-yet groan. 14. Troop-leading men. 15. Queen Minerva. 16. The shores of-Calydon. He-was-uttering neighings. 18. Scorner of-fear. 17. By-thy arts. 20. They-came to blows. 21. (is) the vaunt. 22. By frantic force. 23. He-utters imprecations. 24. A righteous people. 25. An unrighteous tyrant.

Achilles, 'Αχιλλεύs. Auspicious, εὖφημοs. Telemachus, Τηλέμάχοs. Stop, ἐπέχειν. Venus, Κόπρις, -ιδοs. Bridals, ὑμέναιοs. Enough, ἄλις, adv. You Sir, οὖτοs. Ail something, Have something happen to one, πάσχειν τι. Το be dead, perf. οf θνήσκω. Further, ἐτι. Yet, πω (enclit.), not yet, οὖπω, μήπω. Troop-leading, λυζάγόs. Minerva, 'Αθάνα. Α neigh, φρὕαγμα. Utter, 'ἔναι. Scorner, γελαστήs. (Come) to blows, ἐτ χεῖραs. Frantic, μἄνιᾶς, -ιάδοι, μαινᾶς, -ιδος, f. μαινόλης, -ου, m. Utter imprecations, ἀρᾶσθαι (with cogn. acc.).

# EXERCISE VI.

# PENTHEMIMERS.

1. What in-the-world has happened to thee? 2. Wilt-thou we-fly? 3. I deny-it. 4. Both within and without. 5. Thou-wilt-destroy me, Ulysses. 6. O friend, be-taught. 7. Pray what would-you-say? 8. Not I, at-all-events. 9. (Did-I) not then say this? 10.

The tower is-taken. 11. If anywise I-could. Whither in-the-world can-we-fly? 13. Horses and all. The love of-Semele. 15. Son of-the huntress. 1.6. 17. To the-centre-of the-forum. The land of-Eteocles. 18. Won't you-stay silent? 19. Priam wed-She-married Ægeus. 21. Such being the ded me. 20. And there I-shall-die. 23. Alas for the folly. 24. In-addition-to the others. 25. Does shelaugh at me?

I (emphatic), ξγωγε, often, έγὼ μέν. Friend (in vocat.), ὧ τῶν. Not—at all events, οὖκουν, in questions = not then? Therefore, οὐκουν without negative signification (cf. Lexicon). Be taken, ἀλίσκεσθαι. Whither in the world, ποῖ γῆς; And all, dat. case of αὐτός in agreement. Hunter (huntress), κὕναγός. Forum, ἀγορά. Stay silent, ἀνέχεσθαι σῖγα. Wed, of man γαμεῖν acc., of woman γαμεῖσθαι dat Alas for, φεῦ, οἴμοι, with gen. Laugh at, ἐγγελῶν, dat.

21. As (things) having (themselves) thus, gen. absol.

### EXERCISE VII.

#### PENTHEMIMERS.

1. I-spurn (aor.) her. 2. By treacherous arts. 3. O glutton. 4. I-pine with-poverty. 5. Trembling thrills me. 6. And here he-spake. 7. A certain pale oldman. 8. By (prep.) the banks of-a-fountain. 9. I have a certain boy. 10. Will-you not tell? 11. It-shall not be long (adv.). 12. What pray may it-be? 13. Let-her-remain at (κατά) home. 14. He-was long (adj.) away. 15. Lo, I-am-silent. 16. A temple of-Diana. 17. Diana proclaimed. 18. No by Neptune. 19. What say-ye? What speak-ye? 20. Stay with us. 21. But mayest-thou-prosper. 22. O hated-one, art-thou-come? 23. We knew not. 24. Know well that-thou-didst-err. 25. Not-even if he-do anything.

Spurn, dποπτύευ. Giutton, γαστρίμαργος. Pine, τήκευ, perf. also used as pres. Thrill, ὐφέρπευ, acc. Bank, ὅχθος. Tell, φράζευ. Long, χρόνιος, δαρός (neut. used adverbially). Lo, mid. imperat. of είδον. Diana, "Αρτεμις. Proclaim, dπαγορεύευ f. ἀπερῶ, acc. ἀπεῖπον. No by— μα, with acc. of person sworn by: μα alone would not necessarily imply a negative, but has this force from the negatives with which it is joined; it is very seldom found with a positive particle. Clearly, well, σάφα. Prosper, εὐτυχεῖν. A hated person, μῖσος

10. Use ar and optat.

### EXERCISE VIII.

### HEPHTHEMIMERAL ENDINGS.

1. To-move (aor.) every stone. 2. I bid a long farewell. 3. But I-know not how I-must-tell. 4. bull, a furious monster. 5. He was-fairest in-body. 6. By the laws of the-Greeks. 7. May-I not dwell-with fear. But wilt-thou-drive me out of the land? 9. Whatsort-of evils do-we-suffer. 10. I-shall-lie beneath the ground. 11. You suspect things you ought not. She-devised this abomination. 13. This handicraft. 14. First answer again. 15. Through a long absence. Give (the) boy to-the-sons-of-Danaüs. 17. I-happen tohave-been-deceived. 18. For no-where wilt-thou-destroy 19. After the fashion of Ixion. 20. To kill (his) mother Hermione. 21. Under the earth (is) my habitation. 22. Now (I), Clytemnestra, call. 23. (I-did) not choose this voluntarily. 24. (They-did) not destroy thee then (of time). 25. How, then, will this comeabout? 26. Or (did) some fear prevent him? 27. Byno-means call them out. 28. This at least I can emulate. 29. I-shall-certainly-not be-taken by-guile. As I hate thy person.

I bid farewell, χαίρεω λέγω, Bid a long f., πολλά χ. λ. Monster, τέρας. Το be fairest, καλλωτεύεω and -εσθαι. Dwell with, σωνοικέν. Suspect, ύπωνοῦν. Devisu, μήθεσθαι, μηχανάσθαι, μάπτευ. Abomination, στόγος. Handicraft, χειρωναξία. Answer, ἀποκρίνεσθαι, άπτειτεῶν. Absence, ἀπουσία. Happen to be, κῦρεῦν (more seldom κῦρεων. In the fashion of, ἐν τρόποις, δίκην with gen. Prevent, εἰργεω, κωλύεω. Emulate, ζηλοῦν. A person, κάρα (used pleonastically, as Ἰσμήνης κάρα = Ἰσμήνη).

# EXERCISE IX.

# HEPHTHEMIMERAL ENDINGS.

1. I having-learnt these-things. 2. I-revered theoracle of the-god. 3. (Wilt-thou) thrust me out of-theland unjudged? 4. If I-am-naturally an evil man. 5. For thou-considerest not even these-things. 6. righteous things being (himself) just. 7. We-shall-flee indeed, sister. 8. He-seized the-reins in-both-hands. 9. Like a sea-faring man. 10. With-a-blast from-thesea. 11. The-other-side of-this land. 12. The-fireforged bits in-(their) jaws. 13. There-was only need ofa-pretext. 14. I-know that-they-are bitter to-us-twain. But if not, he-shall quickly know. 16. If-indeed  $(\epsilon i\pi\epsilon \rho)$  in thine (pl.) at-least. 17. Nor have-I pleasure in-life. 18. Of both pious and good. 19. And it-shall not be-denied. 20. I-said long-ago that I-gave (it). Both the mind and the eyes (acc.). 22. He-followed thechariot-rail. 23. I-know not in what wise. 24. Joy of-virgins. 25. And dangerously for-mortals. 26. Mayst-thou never know who thou-art. 27. I-shouldhave-been-doing many-things even against-my-will. And he-brought cessation. 29. Sending supplicating 30. Slander me not to-the-army.

Learn, πυνθάνεσθαι. Oracle, χρησμός. Unjudged, ἄκρἴτος. Sister, κάσις, κασιγνήτη, άδελφή. Rein, ἡνία. Sea-faring, ναυβάτης, ναυτίλος.

Blast, φύσημα. The other side, τὸ ἐπέκεινα. Fire-forged, πυριγενής. Bit, χαλῦνός, στόμιον. Pretext, πρόφασις, σκηψις. Pious, εὐσεβής. Deny, ἀρνεῖσθαι, ἀπαρνεῖσθαι (cf. Lexicon), ἀναίνεσθαι. Chariotrail, ἀντυξ. Follow, ἔπεσθαι, συνέπεσθαι, ἀκολουθεῖν. Of virgins, παρθένειος. Dangerous, ἐπικίνδυνος. Cessation, ἀνάπαυλα, ἀμπνοή. Supplicating, ἰκέσιος. Slander, διαβάλλειν.

### EXERCISE X.

(From this point hyphens are generally omitted, and the pupil is left to judge which words are emphatic and must be expressed.)

### HEPHTHEMIMERS.

That thou mayest suffer what thing? 2. could I praise this? 3. Do thou thine own affairs. I first called thee father. 5. O gods, may these things I, be assured, none other. 7. Friendless, deserted, citiless. 8. The-old-man said just things. I never yet asked. 10. Hippolytus son of Theseus. 11. This is a great sovereignty. 12. He is here somewhere near. 13. He came as pretending sorrow. 14. Knowest thou then whither they are gone. 15. If she happens to be present. 16. For the god will pardon. went to Persephone's (house). 18. Didst thou also stand by the man? 19. The deed is not to be dared. 20. This would in sooth have been becoming. 21. These words are foolish. 22. But I too will go thither. He gained for himself death. 24. Well, I came on thu account. 25. Thee I mean, the watchman.

Not, never, yet, οὐπώποτε, οὐδεπώποτε, with past tenses, οὐδέποτε, οὅποτε, with present and future. Under pretence, With show of, ώς δήθεν, ώς δή. Pardon, συγγιγνώσκευ. Persephone, Περσεφόνη, Περσέφασσα, οτ Φερσέφασσα. Το be dared, τλητός.

24, 25. For emphasis see note to Exercise III.

### EXERCISE XI.

# HEPHTHEMIMERS.

1. Jocasta bare me. 2. They call me Polynices. 3. What (is) the-being-deprived-of country? 4. Phosbus prophesied to Eteocles. 5. He died by violence at the hands of enemies. 6. We must bring forth arms then. 7. Thou offerest me great insult. 8. I am come to thee a suppliant. 9. I thank thee, thou didst me a kindness. 10. Know that I am deprived of children. 11. The god himself will release me. 12. whenever thou shalt have called him. 13. 14. The name of Peleus is illusgodsend is mine. And these (ταῦτα μέν) things indeed (are) trious. O seed of Laomedon! 17. This conduct 16. betokens a bad man. 18. How (art) thou this man's general? 19. Farewell, O house of my sires. city queen Minerva. 21. Come tell (me) now the peril. Preserve and guard them. 23. Helen left Mene-24. Destroy me not untimely. **25.** Be bold speaking the truth.

To be deprived of, στέρεσθαι in present and imperfect (cf. στερεῖν). Country, πάτρα, πατρίs. Bring forth, ἐκφέρεω, verbal adj. ἐξοιστέσs. To offer an insult to one, ὑβρίζεω τινά, often with cognate accusative. To thank, decline with thanks, ἐπαωεῖν, often without case. Godsend, ἔρμαιον. Yes, aye (in affirmative answers when a further statement is added), γε. Peleus, Πηλεύs. Of a city, πολιᾶς, ἄδος. Come, φέρε, ἄγε. Untimely, ἄωρος.

5. At, πρός, genitive. 6. Then, τοι άρα.

### EXERCISE XIL

# HEPHTHEMIMERS.

1. Is it not better to die? 2. Wilt thou require, Phaethon? 3. May that not happen, gods. 4. Thee do I mean, Medea. 5. Let this word be enough. Such things, let me tell you, they say. 7. He surely did not this. 8. I know not how to say this. Whither, pray, must we betake ourselves, Hæmon? 10. I am accustomed to learn by suffering. 11. And now suppose the deed done. 12. Alas, alas, how terrible to be wise! 13. He comes up to the man. 14. Well, and he spoke the-truth. 15. Come then, but neverthe less hear. 16. On account of this transaction. 17. Man is a strange creature. 18. Yoked in wedlock to Paris. 19. Unfathomed, unconjectured. 20. Let us preserve freedom. 21. He came to us on the sixth day. 22. A mother for her son's sake. 23. And he sported like a dolphin. 24. I call Pity to witness. 25. Know that by stratagems thou deceivedst me.

Interrogative particles  $d\rho a$ ,  $\vec{\eta}$ . Affirmative replies are anticipated by  $o\dot{v}$ ,  $o\ddot{v}\kappa cv_{\rho}$ ,  $\ddot{a}\rho^{2}$   $o\dot{v}$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}$   $\gamma d\rho$  (in most cases),  $\mu \hat{\omega} v$   $o\dot{v}$  (rarely used): negative by  $\mu \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\mu \hat{\omega} v$ ,  $d\rho a$   $\mu \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}$  wo, sometimes  $\mu \hat{\omega} v$   $\mu \dot{\eta}$ . Be accustomed,  $\epsilon la\theta \dot{\theta} v$  at. And now suppose, sat  $\dot{v}\dot{\eta}$  with perfect. Well, and,  $\kappa a l$   $\mu \dot{\eta} v$ . On account of,  $\chi d\rho u v$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \kappa \ddot{\alpha} \tau_{l}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \nu \kappa \dot{\alpha} c$  ( $\dot{\omega} \nu \kappa \kappa \dot{\alpha}$ ). Transaction,  $\pi \rho \hat{\alpha} \gamma \mu a$ ,  $\pi \rho \hat{\alpha} \gamma \sigma s$ . Unffathomed,  $d\beta v \sigma \sigma \sigma s$ . On the sixth day,  $\dot{\epsilon} \kappa \tau \alpha \dot{\omega} c$ .

I. Is it not? was oo;

### EXERCISE XIII.

#### HEPHTHEMIMERS.

1. Come within this dwelling. 2. For these certainly-will-not recognize thee. 3. Bury (the) children

as I said. 4. Never will I voluntarily go away. 5. Diomed, hear'st (aor.) thou not? 6. We must join conference. 7. These men hunt offices. 8. A flower that has tasted no rain. 9. We go on board the ship. 10. But up, depart, old man. 11. An envious woman's sting. 12. Yoked by this necessity. 13. He is on the ruler's side. 14. In heaven's name, say who thou art. 15. But this, I imagine, thou knowest. 16. Because he sinned so greatly. 17. But know that thou hast not escaped. 18. Nought dreadful has been done. 19. Come, tell me, Peirithous. 20. Erect a mother's temple. 21. I respect my father. 22. Agamemnon, I entreat thee. 23. Art thou able to persuade him? 24. Parthenopæus Arcadian boy (nom.). 25. Go, highvaunting slave.

We must join, verbal of συνάπτειν. That has not tasted, άγευστος. Ship, πλοίου, ναύς. Up, Away, Come (hortative particle), εία. Sting, οδοτρος. Yoke, ζεόγνυμι. On the side of, πρός, genitive. I imagine, ολμαι, δήπου. Erect, Ιδρύειν. Respect, middle of αλοχύνειν. Entreat, αλτείσθαι, Ικετεύειν. Able, δυνατός, ολος, ολός τε. Arcadian, 'Αρκάς. High-vaunting, ψψίκομπος.

3. In Tragedy it is not unusual to omit the definite article before a substantive where in English we should express it: sometimes it is dropped before an infinitive, as  $\phi\rho\rho\nu\epsilon\hat{\nu}=\tau\hat{\sigma}$   $\phi\rho\rho\nu\epsilon\hat{\nu}$ ; also before the substantive with  $\sigma\hat{\sigma}\tau\sigma$ s or  $\delta\delta\epsilon$ , thus  $\delta\nu\hat{\sigma}\rho\epsilon$ s  $\sigma\delta\hat{\sigma}$  may mean "these men," in prose it would signify "these are men."

### EXERCISE XIV.

### HEPHTHEMIMERS.

1. Whose disciple art thou? 2. Gain not from every side. 3. Restrain the temper always. 4. Ah me! these things are determined. 5. Behold the tyrant. 6. Remember thou art a man. 7 An oath is firm.

Folly (is) something blind. 9. Convey her within. 10. Grant me this favour. 11. The vessel is unscathed. He fixed an unaverted eye. 13. She came in shedding tears. 14. I seem to incur ridicule. 15. He found an opening for words. 16. O Ocean, ruler of 17. We live in a foreign land. 18. Speak quickly what was done. 19. I released thee with will-20. He brought me with ingness equal to thine own. unwillingness equal to mine. 21. Himself by his own 22. We ought not to fight-against the Gods. hands. 23. Stab ye, spare not. 24. After faring as thou faredst. 25. But the former happiness is gone. 26. And of whom thou thyself wert leader.

Gain, κερδαίνειν, καρποῦσθαι. Temper, θῦμός, ὁργή. Folly, τὸ ἀνόητον. Unscathed, ἀκραιφνής. Fix (of gaze), ἐπέχειν. Shed tears, δακρυρροεῖν. Incur (fine, ridicule, &c.), ὁφλισκάνειν. Opening, ἀφορμή. Ruler, ἀρχός. Quickly, see Introduction, p. xxix. Stab, κεντεῖν. Spare, φείδεσθαι. Be gone, φροῦδος (often without copulative verb), οἰχνεῖν, οίχεσθαι. Leader, τάγός.

17. κατά. 19. ἐκών σ' ἐκόντα.

### EXERCISE XV.

### PENTHEMIMERAL ENDINGS.

His own nature (acc.).
 Call him out.
 Tell, pray, what thou sayest.
 To an inaccessible mountain.
 For if he be found.
 King of this land.
 Nay rather a net.
 Thou seest me with pleasure.
 Not a relation.
 He will not be hated.
 Of (περί) which you speak.
 To fall by his son's hand.
 Jocasta will wait.
 Falling

(nom. sing. neut. part.) upon me. 15. Which I will quickly declare. 16. Polybus! old man. 17. He begat me not. 18. Not knowing what thou doest. 19. Not even under this, 20. And what says he to me? 21. Unless in-some-degree by fate. 22. Whence we must bring. 23. Who was the worker? 24. Not even under the yoke. 25. To those who know not.

Inaccessible, άβατος. Net, δίκτυον. Nay rather (corrective superlative), μὲν οδν. Relation, συγγενής, έγγενής. Hate, στυγεῖν, έχθαίρειν. Incline, fall, ῥέπειν. Worker, ἐργατής. Declare, ἐξειπεῖν.

### EXERCISE XVI.

### PENTHEMIMERAL ENDINGS.

1. Worse than before. 2. Desiring-to-do a mischief. 3. And these plains. 4. No evil, be assured (701). Did he escape thee? 6. I do not at all yet wish. The telling falsehoods. 8. Not my bow and arrows. From what (a father) wert thou nurtured. 10. And thou wilt become a villain. 11. In that day. 12. dread he will not. 13. We must rule, of course. Towards his master. 15. But he who is nought. Have we perished? 17. And a prey for birds. Not to them, no. 19. That he might capture with the spear. 20. And to do what he wishes. 21. Even if they (neut. pl.) be exceeding just. 22. He has no small conceit. 23. I will come hither. 24. We must not bury. 25. If you were to get a shield.

Before, πρῶ, τὸ πρίν, πάρος. Desire to do, δρασείεω. Plain, πεδίον. Bow and arrows, τόξα. Dread, ὁκνεῖν, ταρβεῖν. Of course, Why not? τί μήν; τί γάρ; Prey, ξλωρ. Exceeding just, ὑπέρδικος. To be conceited, φρονεῖν μέγα. Shield, ἀσπίς.

### EXERCISE XVIL

# SINGLE LINES.

(For scheme see page ix of Introduction.)

1. Clearest token to wise men. 2. We are cast out of the house of Erechtheus. 3. How is a great store of evils revealed! 4. But what kind of name does his father call him? 5. He has fields by the very road, as it seems. 6. They say that they were made like stars and are twain deities. 7. For we came to such a depth of woe. 8. Didst thou see the unhappy (lady), or dost thou speak from hearsay? 9. Why, old man, dost thou hide thy head and shed tears? 10. Gods, let me tell you, must be wiser than men. 11. May I not be seen to do him wrong. 12. Aye, and if I tell not, I consent to die. 13. And this house of the Pelopidse of many murders. 14. If thou didst dreadful things, thou must also suffer dreadful things. 15. Man is only breath and shadow. 16. For all things, you must know, sound to him who is afraid. 17. Atalanta will kill with far shooting arrows. 18. Monarchs (become) wise by fellowship with the wise. 19. I was a fool after all, nay rather nowhere in sense. 20. So that from this chance you were called who you are. 21. Being a carpenter, you meddled with things (that were) no wood work.

Clear, σἄφής, τράνής. Τοκεη, σημεῖον, τέκμαρ. Store, θησαυρός. Make like, ὁμοιοῦν. From hearsay, κλόων, participle. Consent, Engage, ὑφίσταμαι. Of many murders, πολύφθορος. Far-shooting, ἐκηβόλος. Sound, ψοφεῖν. Fellowship, συνουσία, ὁμιλία. After all, In fact, ἀρα. Of-wood-work, ξύλουργικός. Carpenter, τέκτων.

6, and second part of 6, translate by part. and finite werb.

# EXERCISE XVIII.

# Single Lines.

1. Away, away, boy, these things are not for thee to 2. If my body is enslaved, yet my mind is free. To die is best, how then can I die well? 4. They cross the mid deep of the Ægean channel. 5. Thou sayest things, old man, not worthy of a wise man. me that on account of which I set out (aor.). 7. To this become more stubborn than the sea. 8. I bate haughtiness and what is not friendly to all. 9. He pines. being without food for (now) the third day. 10. The hands are pure, but the mind has some taint. 11. I am no seer to know clearly invisible things. 12. Wouldst thou receive any (advice) from me if I counselled well? Such are mortal affairs, nought remains in the same 14. Third came on Eteoelus, Argive by birth. (state). Draughts and dice, delightful remedy for idleness. They do not at all shudder at darkness their accomplice. 17. Thou livest both childless and wifeless and 18. Stay, that thou mayest clearly learn thy homeless. 19. I (fem.) myself also wonder when I look fortunes. upon this, stranger. 20. Knowest not thou that in me thou lookest upon the attendant of thy brother?

Fit to be heard, ἀκουστός. Enslaved, δούλος. Cross, περῶν. Set out, στέλλεσθαι. Stubborn, αὐθαδής. Haughty, σεμνός. Pine, φθἴνειν. Without food, ἀσῖτος. On the third day, τριταῖος, used also with ἡμέρα, φάος &c. for third day. Pure, ἀγνός. Taint, μίασμα. Seer, μάντις, τεράσκονος. Draughts, πέσσοι. Dice, κὔβοι. Idleness, ἀργία. Shudder at, φρίσσειν. Accomplice, συνεργάτης. Homeless, ἀνέστιος. Stay, ἐπέχειν. Attendant, πρόσπολος, ὁπισθόπους.

# EXERCISE XIX.

# SINGLE LINES.

He is ashamed of the matter, do not convict him. 2. I am not sated with gazing on thy face. 3. Physician of others, himself full of sores. 4. Resolve not to revere mortal things too much. 5. Cups to the number (of) twice sixty. 6. Lady, we have been betrayed by secret arts. 7. Woman's oaths I write on water. 8. He was a new born babe in his mother's arms. 9. For no one loves life like he does who is growing old. 10. Neoptolemus, son of Achilles, give me thine arms. 11. keep-silence when one ought, and to speak words-in-season. 12. It is thy fate to be married, mine to marry. 13. The prosperous man we deem to be also wise. 14. A just and most hospitable state. 15. Eteocles (acc.) and the renowned might of Polynices. 16. To give to mortals the-grief-assuaging vine. 17. Not a citizen, but a foreigner from another land. 18. You must kill your husband by poison. 19. Whether as a spectator or for the sake of oracles? 20. If speech is silver, silence is gold.

Το be ashamed of, αΙσχῦνεσθαι. Convict, ἐξελέγχειν. Sate, ἐμπιπλάναι. Face, πρόσωπον, δψις. Sore, ἔλκος. Resolve, γιγνώσκειν. Revere, αιδεῖσθαι. Cup, ἔκπωμα. Betray, προδιδόναι. Lady, γυνή, δέσποινα. Secret, λαθραῖος. Write on, γράφειν είς, with accusative. Newborn, νεογενής, νεογρός. Arm (bent), ἀγκάλη. Grow old, γηράσκειν. Seasonable, καίριος. Το be prosperous, εὐτυχεῖν, εὐημερεῖν. Hospitable, φιλόξενος, εὖξενος. Grief-assuaging, παυσίλυπος. Citizen, ἀστός, δημότης. Stranger, ἔπακτος, ἔπηλὺς. Spectator, θεατής. Oracle, μάντευμα.

20. Speech, translate, the speaking, article with infinitive. Silence, the not (speaking).

# · EXERCISE XX.

# SINGLE LINES.

1. Be bold, for justice hath great strength. Bronze is a-mirror of-the-form, but wine of the mind. 3. We-are-mad all whenever we are angry. 4. Words are healers of rash anger. 5. O fool, wrath in misfortunes (is) not expedient. 6. Wrath (is) the-cause of greatest ills to-mortals. 7. There is nought righteous in the present generation. 8. All lions are valiant. 9. who knows things-useful not he who knows many-things (is) wise. 10. But I will speak, comprising (aor.) much in brief speech. 11. Some men when faring well are evil minded. 12. A-man's character is discerned from speech. 13. From ill beginning issues (γίγνεσθαι) an ill end. 14. Folly to me seems to be something blind. 15. From deeds unfair fair words are none. 16. Fly pleasure bringing damage afterwards. 17. A righteous daring even God assists. 18. Fortune assisteth not the spiritless. 19. Good is the ending of a righteous life. 20. The fruitage of the just man doth not perish.

Be bold, θαρσεῦν. Το have strength,  $l\sigmaχύειν$ , σθένειν. Μίττοτ, κάτοπτρον, ξνοπτρον. Form, είδος, μορφή. Το be mad, μαίνεσθαι. Το make angry, δργίζειν. Rash, μάταιος. Fool, ἄφρων, μῶρος. Expedient, σύμφορος. Cause, αίτιος adjective, αίτία substantive. The present, δ (η, τό) νῦν. Valiant, ἀλκίμος, εύψυχος, θρασύσπλαγχνος. Useful, χρήσιμος. Comprise, συλλαμβάνειν. Some, ξνιοι, είσιν οί. Character, χαρακτήρ. Discern, γνωρίζειν. Damage, βλαβή. Daring, τόλμα, θάρσος. Assist, συλλαμβάνειν, dative of person. Spiritless, άθυμος, άσπλαγχνος.

### EXERCISE XXI.

### SINGLE LINES.

1. Walk the straight (path), if thou art just. Who doeth no injustice needs no law. 3. To speak the truth is ever best. 4. The speech of truth is naturally simple. 5. Even a poor man may be in-honour. 6. Toils are sweet when toil is over. 7. Let none advise me  $(\tau \hat{a} \in \mu \hat{a})$  who hath suffered not. 8. Thoughts have more power than strength of hands. 9. Assuredly thou wilt not ever attain to the highest-things without toil. 10. A like minded woman (is) an-excellent possession to a 11. The wise man should form alliance in his own condition (καθ' αὐτόν). 12. O mortal things, O minds of To children nought is sweeter than a women! 13. mother. 14. O wealth, how far the easiest weight art thou to bear! 15. Of many ills money's the cause to men. 16. Being rich and knowing nothing else (is) 17. The king himself hath banished his own stupid. 18. Would I had never drawn the sword on 19. I knew he was not in his perfect wits. And thereof came it that the-man was mad. 21. husband is not master of his wits. 22. Come, let me bring thee on thy way, my son. 23. But nowise scathless shalt thou vent this word. 24. If I meet not the occasion, put me straight. 25. Thou'rt come unfurnished both of shields and soldiers.

Walk, βαδίζειν. Do injustice, άδικεῖν. Simple, ἀπλοῦς. Poor (= of small means), πένης, ἀπλουτος (= destitute), πτωχός. Be finished, over, μεταλλάσσεσθαι. Highest, ἄκρος. Without, ἄνευ, ἄτερ, χωρίς. Likeminded, δμόφρων, συμπαθής. Possession, κτῆμα. Alliance, κῆδος. Should, Must, translate by δεῖ, χρή, χρεών (ἐστί) or verbal in

-τέοs. Of woman, γυναικεῖοs. Stupid, σκαιόs. Would that, είθε, εἰ γdρ, with optative, of things possible: of things impossible, with past tense of indicative; or ἄφελον, often είθε οr ὡς ἄφελον, with infinitive. Draw, ἔλκειν. Be in one's senses, ἔχειν νοῦν σῶν. Thereof, αὐτόθεν. Mad, ἐμμανής. Master of, ἐπήβολος, genitive. Bring on the way, εἶναι πρόπομπος ὁδοῦ. Scathless, χαίρων. Vent, of speech, ἐκρίπτεν, Meet occasion, τυγχάνειν καιροῦ. Correct, μεθαρμόζειν. Unfurnished, ἄσκενος.

20. Translate, the man became (καθίστασθαι) mad.

### EXERCISE XXII.

### Two Lines.

O children, follow this way, for I have in turn appeared as a new guide to you twain, just as ye to (your) But it is impossible, for how could I bring the same army back again if I once feared? 3. thoughtless idleness brings forth nothing good, and God does not support the lazy. 4. Let us march then with all speed, for it is impossible for blame ever to attach to just zeal. 5. Alas, alas, this now  $(\tilde{\eta}\delta\eta)$  is a mighty bane to men, when one knows the good but uses it not. 6. Aye thee  $(\sigma \in \delta \eta)$ , thee who-art-bending (particip.) thy head to the ground (I call); dost thou admit or deny that thou hast done this? 7. For whoever lives, as I, in many evils, how does he  $(\delta\delta\epsilon)$  not gain by dying (aor. part.)? 8. For to some straightway, to others in after time, their pleasant things become bitter, and in turn welcome. 9. Tell me but (ἀλλά) this; often, be assured, did little words ere this (ηδη) lay prostrate and again-set-up mortals.

Guide, ηγεμών. New, καινός. This way, ώδε. Back again, αδθις, πάλω. Once, ἄπαξ, εἰσάπαξ. Fear, τρεῖν, τρομεῖν, ταρβεῖν, ὁκνεῖν. Thoughtless, εἰκαῖος. Lazy, ἀργός, Be lazy, ἀργεῖν. Support, παρίστασθαι, dative. With all speed, ὡς τάχος, ὡς τάχιστα. It is impossible,

ούκ έστιν όπως, όπου. Blame, μῶμος. Zeal, σπουδή. Admit, Assent, φαγαί. Deny, καταρνεῖσθαι (words of denying generally take μή before the infinitive of the action denied, if preceded by a negative, μὴ οὐ). Straightway, ήδη, αὐτίκα. Prostrate, σφάλλεω. Raise up, κατορθοῦν.

### EXERCISE XXIII.

### Two LINES.

He shall sit together with Castor and Pollux in the vault (πόλος) of heaven, a saving (deity) to sailors. 2. But about shame I myself too am-in-doubt, for there-is both need of it and in some cases it-is a great evil. I also sent watchers and spies of the army, who trust do not loiter on the way. 4. Νοψ (γάρ) enslaves a man, even if one be bold-hearted, when heis-conscious of his mother's or his father's sins. This man has escaped the penalty of bloodshed, for the number of the lots is equal. 6. Now when strength and justice are-yoked-together, what kind of pair is stronger than these? 7. Here however all the interests of mankind suffer, when they wish to heal ills with ills. Most painful is this (pl.) if, when-it-is-possible to settle (matters) well, one inflicts and brings the hurt on himself. How sweet is it for those in evil plight to forget even for a little time their present ills. 10. Therefore in secret-do nothing, for all-seeing and all-hearing time reveals all things.

Sit with, συνθάκος είναι τυν. Shame, αιδώς. About, περί. Be in doubt, δυσκρίτως έχειν. In some places, έστυ οῦ. Watcher, Spy, σκοπός, κατοπτήρ. Loiter, ματάν. Enslave, δουλεύν. Be conscious of, συνειδέναι. Penalty, πουτή, δική, ζημία, άπουνα (plural). Bloodshed, αίμα. Lot, πάλος, ψήφος. Number, άριθμος, ἀρίθμημα.

Be-yoked-together, συζύγεῶν. Pair, ξυνωρίs. Strong, κάρτεροs. Interests (of a person), τά (sc. πράγματα) with genitive. Suffer, νοσεῖν. Most painful, ἄλγιστοs. Settle, τιθέναι, τίθεσθαι, mid. εδ  $\theta$ . = make the best of. Inflict, προστιθέναι. Forget, λανθάνεσθαι, άμνημονεῖν, genitive. Do in secret, κρύπτεω. Reveal, ἀναπτύσσεω, ἀναδεικνύναι, φαίνεω.

- 2. The preposition may stand after its case, and even at a distance from it.
  - 3. Who, Tois.
  - 8. Inflicts and brings, translate by participle and finite verb.

# EXERCISE XXIV.

### Two Lines.

1. For we are not eager to make our life illustrious by words more than by our-deeds (τὰ δρώμενα). Thou art clever with (thy) tongue, but I know that no man (is) just whoever speaks well on every ground (ἐξ άπαντος). 3. Mayest thou perish miserably, and may the gods below never free thee from thy present wailings. 4. But the proverb of men is true, The gifts of foes are no-gifts and not profitable. 5. None of mortals, O women, could ever escape disgrace against whom even Zeus shall launch-forth mischief. 6. Alas, though hardly to be sure, yet I do give way from my resolution (καρδία) so as to do (it), but one must not have an-adverse contest with necessity. 7. A wise dicer ought to be content with what falls-out to him (aor. part. pl.) and make the best of it, but not bewail his luck. 8. Die not thou in common with me, nor claim that which thou didst not touch, my death will be enough (translate, I shall suffice by dying). 9. Father, the gods implant wisdom in men, a possession highest of all that (translate, as many as) exist. 10. Sister, do not, pray, do not deprive me of the honour of dying with thee and (with thee) of purifying the dead.

Be eager, σπουδάζειν. Illustrious, λαμπρός, ένδοξος, εὐκλεής. Free from, ἀπαλλάσσειν (τινός). Wailing, γόος, στόνος. Proverh, παροιμία. That is no gift, ἀδωρος. Profitable, ὀνήσιμος. Send, Launch, against, ἐφορμᾶν. So as to, ἀστε or the article τό with infinitive. Contend unsuccessfully, δυσμαχεῖν. Dicer, κῦβευτής. Fall out (of lot, dice), ἐκπίπτειν. In common with, κοινά, adverbially. Touch, θιγγάνειν, ἀπτεσθαι. Claim, ποιεῖσθαι ἐαυτοῦ. Suffice, ἀρκεῖν. Implant, φὕειν, φὕτείειν. Deprive of honour of doing a thing, ἀτιμάζειν (with μή and infinitive). Purify, ἀγνίζειν.

- It is allowed to separate certain words by tmesis, as οὐδ' ἀν ἔτερος, οὐδ' ἀν εἶς.
  - To be sure—yet, translate by μἐν—δέ.

### EXERCISE XXV.

#### Two LINES.

1. There is not, as it-seems, a-remedy of-anger other than a-serious word from a friendly man. 2. When two are speaking, if the one is angry (gen. absol.), he who resisteth not the words is (the) wiser. 3. Ah dear, how good in-all-ways is discretion, and (how it) wins good reputation among men. 4. Pleasant life and wretched cowardice would re-edify neither house nor country. 5. A just man is not he who wrongeth not, but he who, when he can wrong, chooseth not. 6. If we are reft of our domestic wealth, yet noble birth remains, and noble nature. 7. How true in fact it was, O son of Creon, that of good men good children are produced. 8. How vain is noble birth compared with  $(\pi\rho \acute{o}s)$  money, for riches bring the worst among the first. 9. An ill are women, citizens, but still one cannot keep a house without an ill.

Remedy, ἄκος, φάρμακον. Serious, σπουδαίος. Be angry, pass. of θυμοῦν. Resist, ἀντιτείνειν. In all ways, ἀπανταχῆ. Win, mid. of κομίζειν οι φέρειν. Life, βίστος, αἰών. Cowardice, ἀνανδρία. Be reft of, Lack, τητάσθαι, λείπεσθαι. Domestic, ὁ κατ' οίκον. Noble birth, εὐγένεια. Of noble nature, γενιαίος. Κοερ a house, οίκιαν οίκεῖν.

# EXERCISE XXVI.

### Two LINES.

1. For when base things are approved by the worthy, much more to bad men will they seem fair. 2. A. Still obey me, I entreat; do not do this. B. I will not obey (you) so as to-fail-of-learning this matter clearly. 3. A. Am I then not considered-equal as a third to you twain? B. (Yes) for it is just  $(\delta \eta)$  in this  $(\epsilon \nu \tau a \hat{\nu} \theta a)$  that you do appear a false friend. 4. For who would not be angry on hearing such words (as those) in which thou now dishonourest this state? 5. For I knew not at all that thou wouldest speak foolish words, for (if I had known) I should have been tardy in sending for thee to my house. But when he shall have come, then should I be base if I failed to do (participle with negative) all that the God points out. 7. Cease, before you fill me too with anger by your talking, lest you be found at once a fool and a dotard. 8. Haply then with you it is a light matter to slay strangers, but to us the Greeks at any rate this is a 9. Messenger of ill, neither with thy past foul thing. journeys am I pleased, and now go back as quickly as possible. 10. But still even if I am not by, know that my name will guard thee from evil treatment. 11. I could not, but since you dared to do things not honourable have courage (to do) also things not pleasant.

Be approved, δοκεῖν. Much more, καὶ κάρτα γε, ἢ κάρτα. Consider equal, ἰσοῦν. Be angry, pass. of ὁργίζειν, θυμοῦν, χολοῦν. Dishonour, ἀτιμάζειν. Foolish, μῶρος, ἄφρων. Be tardy in doing, Do leisurely, σχολῷ (ποιεῖν τι). Send for, mid. of στέλλειν. Fill with, μεστοῦν. Dotard, γέρων. Slay strangers, ξενοκτονεῖν. Messenger of ill, κακάγγελος. Past, ὁ πρίν, ὁ πρὸ τοῦ, ὁ πάρος, ὁ παρελθών. Be pleased with, ἤδεσθαι, συνήδεσθαι, τέρπεσθαι, dat.

3. You do appear, translate by emphatic kal.

 From evil treatment, translate, so as not to be evil-entreated, πάσχευ κακῶς.

# EXERCISE XXVII.

# Two LINES.

For this I know, and have experienced much, That all mankind are friends of them that have. Mine be it never wrought upon by wealth Bad to become, or with the bad consort. O, curst in many things and blest in few, Why, mortals, pride ye in your dignities? Whoe'er being poor marries a wealthy bride Hath in his house a lady not a wife. O wickedest, and woman! by what words Could any speak thee greater scorn than this? Speak not to me of birth, in the gods' name; It lies in money, father; do not vaunt. We are clever, all of us, to give advice, But when we err ourselves we know it not. Speak not of Plutus, nor admire a god Whom e'en the worst man easily acquires (aor.).

Better than wealth and golden luxury.

The company of just and virtuous men.

O dear, O dear! how good is the old saw, From an ill sire a good son cannot spring.

Experience, πειρασθαι. Be wrought upon by, νικασθαι (with gen.). Consort, όμιλεῖν. Cursed, Unfortunate, δυστυχής. Take pride in, σεμνύνεσθαι έν. Maid, πάρθενος, κόρη. Lady, δέσποινα. Most wicked, παγκάκιστος. Scorn, Reproach, όνειδος. Vaunt, γαυροῦσθαι. Clever to do, δεινός, σοφὸς εἰς. Advise, νουθετεῖν. Golden, χρυσοῦς, πολύχρυσος. Luxury, χλιδή. Saw, αῖνος. Good, ἀγαθός, χρηστός, σπουδαῖος, κεδνός.

# EXERCISE XXVIII.

### THREE LINES.

O Fatherland, would that all who dwell in thee would love thee as do I, (then) both we should inhabit thee in ease (ὁαδίως) and thou wouldest suffer no ill. 2. O brilliant ether and holy light of day, how sweet is it to behold (you) both for the prosperous and for the unfortunate, of whom am I. 3. For fire and sea, aforetime most hostile, conspired together and shewed their faith (τὰ πιστά) by destroying the hapless Argive host. 4. Come not thou near these; but thou wilt arrive at a distant land, a dark tribe who dwell by the fountains of the sun, where (is the) Æthiopian river. 5. But if they-reverence the city-guarding deities of the captured land and the temples of the gods, they will not, be assured, after taking be-in-turn captured again. 6. A. Speaking much and (speaking) seasonable things (are) separate. B. As if for sooth thou sayest few-words, but these in-season. A. Certainly not, to whoever has a mind the same as thou hast,

(loos και σοί). 7. But suffer me and the ill counsel on my part (ἐξ ἐμοῦ) to suffer this dread-thing, for I shall suffer nought so dreadful as not to (= so that I shall not) die honourably.

Dwell in, ralew. Behold, ὁρῶν (ἰδεῖν), ἀθρεῖν, λεύσσειν, and compounds. Be unfortunate, δυστυχεῖν. Conspire, συνομνύναι. Destroy, φθείρειν, ἀναιρεῖν. Come near, πελάζειν, intrans., πελάζεσθαι, pass. Dark, κελαινόs. Æthiopian, Αἰθίοψ. City-guarding, πολισσοῦχος. Temple, ἴδρυμα, ναός (νεώς). Be captured, ἀλίσκεσθαι, Be c. in turn, ἀνθαλίσκεσθαι. Separate (adv.), χωρίς. Seasonable, καίριος. Ill-counsel, δυσβουλία.

# EXERCISE XXIX.

### THREE LINES.

1. Surely I will not betray (thee), but ever as a guard for thee when-standing near, aye and when absent afar I will not become mild to thy foes. 2. Thou art young. thou must both learn many things and hear many, and be taught long-lessons: ever desire to learn-besides something 3. The most-honourable-thing is for (a man) to be just, the most desirable (λώστον) to live free-fromdisease, the pleasantest (lot is his), whoever has the acquisition of what he loves day by day. 4. For as in the leaves of a tall poplar, the breeze, even if (it does) nothing else, at least shakes its summit and heaves up the foliage. 5. And now, if any one of them is alive, they speak of us as perished, of course, and we imagine that they are in the same state. 6. After taking Troy at last (δήποτε) the host of the Argives nailed up to the gods in the temples throughout Greece these spoils (to become) an ancient ornament. 7. For what does wealth profit me if at least I am sick? I would like having a little (pl.), and (that) daily, to live a life free-from-pain, (rather) than being wealthy to be sick.

Ever, διὰ τέλους. Stand by, παρεστάναι. Be absent, ἀποστατεῖν. Mild, πέπων, ήπιος. Aye and, καὶ—δέ. Learn besides, προσμανθάνειν. Acquisition, κτήσις. Day by day, καθ' ήμέραν. Leaves, Foliage, (τὰ) φύλλα, κόμη. Poplar, αἰγειρος. Breeze, αῦρα, πνοή. Shake, κραδαίνειν. Lift up, ἀνακουφίζειν. Be alive, ἐμπνεῖν. Imagine, δοξάζειν. Be in the same state, ταῦτ' ἔχειν. Nail, πασσαλεύειν. Ornament, γάνος. Free from pain, ἄλυπος.

5. Be alive, translate by participle and elul.

### EXERCISE XXX.

### THREE LINES.

Neither am I myself, O king, desirous of being a king rather than of doing kingly-acts, nor is any one else who knows (how) to be discreet. 2. But since  $(\epsilon i\pi\epsilon\rho)$  thou art noble, as thou thyself sayest, shew from whom and whence thou art, for no tale will sully the nobly born. 3. But if it had been possible (for men) by weeping (particip.) to cure evils, and raise the dead by tears, gold would have been a possession inferior to weeping. 4. Ah, ah (φεῦ), what delight could you gain greater than this, after reaching the land, then (καὶ εἶτα) under the roof with mind at rest to hear the quick pattering showers? 5. You wrongly blamed my weakness and the effeminacy of my body, for verily (καὶ γάρ) if I am able to be wise, this is better than a strong arm. 6. Such is the life of hardy mortals, it is neither fortunate entirely nor unfortunate, but is happy and in turn is not happy. 7. young man should always be daring, for no one by being inert (becomes) famous, but (it is) labours (that) produce reputation.

# EXERCISE XXXI.

### FOUR LINES.

But he will not take an oath, nor is he willing to tender (one). B. You wish to be called just more than to act justly. A. How, pray? explain, for you are not lacking in wisdom (τὰ σοφά). B. I say that unjust (pleas) should not prevail by oaths. 2. Him would I call an only begotten child to a father, and land appearing (aor.) to sailors beyond hope, fairest day to look upon after storm, a fountain stream to a thirsting wayfarer. 3. A. They were five in all, and amongst them was a herald, and one waggon carried the-master. B. Alas, alas, this is already clear, who ever was it, pray, who told you this tale, lady? 4. Justice will surely not come near to thee—fear (it) not—and strike thee to the heart, nor yet the unjust (sing.) of the rest of mortals, but stalking silently and with tardy foot she will seize the wicked whenever she-happens (so to do). 5. And straightway fear came-upon all the barbarians, disappointed in their opinion, for not as in flight did the Greeks then chant the solemn pæan, but rushing to battle with valiant-hearted boldness, 6. Who knows whether this

which has been called to-be-dead (be) to-live, and to live to-die? except however (that) the living mortals sufferdisease, but those-who-have-perished suffer not disease at all, nor are-possessed-of evil.

Take an oath, δέχεσθαι δρκον. Tender (oath), διδόναι. To be called, κλύειν, with adverb or adjective. Lack, πένεσθαι. Only begotten, μονογενής. Storm, χείμα (sometimes χειμῶν). Of a fountain, πηγαῖος. Wayfarer, όδοἰπορος. In all, σύμπας. Waggon, ἀπήνη. Το the heart, πρὸς ἡπαρ (lit. liver). Silently, σῖγα. Be disappointed in, σφάλλεσθαι, gen. Chant, ἐφυμνοῦν. Valianthearted, εὖψυχος. Το live, ξῆν, βλέπειν (φάος, τὸ φῶς expressed or understood).

### EXERCISE XXXII.

### FOUR LINES.

There are three virtues which thou must practise, child, to honour both the gods and the parents that begat thee and the common laws of thy country; and by doing this thou shalt ever have the fairest crown of A land watered with myriad streams, most well-stocked with both oxen and herds, neither stormy in the blasts of wintry-weather, nor on the other hand too hot from the four-horse-team of the sun. 3. A good habit is safer than a (good) law: for no orator would ever be able to distort the former, but the latter he often injures in his speeches by confusing it in-disorder (ανω τε καὶ κάτω). 4. A bad education after all for (είς) manliness is craven wealth, and excessive delicacy, but need, though a painful thing, still brings up better children that-toil and are-vigorous. 5. But the quiet man is both a sure friend to his friends, and best for a-state. Commend not hazards, for I do not love either a sailor or

a leader of a country that dares too much. 6. Now I see that oftentimes needy men are wiser than the wealthy, and by offering small gifts with their hands to the gods, are more holy than those-who-sacrifice-oxen.

Watered, κατάρρυτος. Myriad, Countless, μυρίος, ἀτήριθμος. Stream, ρείθρον, ρέος, νάμα. Well-stocked, εύβοτος. Wintry weather, χείμα. Stormy, δυσχείμερος. Four-horse-team, τέθριπποι. Distort, διαστρέφειν. Injure, λυμαίνεσθαι, βλάπτειν. Education, παίδεια, παίδευσις, παίδευμα. Craven, δειλοποιός. Manliness, εὐανδρία. Need, πενία. Τοίl, μοχθείν. Vigorous, δραστήριος. Hazard, κίνδυνος, κινδύνευμα. Leader, προστάτης, ταγός. Offer (of sacrifice), θύειν. Sacrifice oxen, βουθύτεῖν.

### EXERCISE XXXIII.

# FOUR LINES.

1. A. Did you give to this man the boy of whom he inquires? B. I gave him, but would that I had perished on that day. A. But you will come to this if you do not speak the truth. B. Aye, and much more, if I reveal it, am I utterly undone. 2. O Gods, why pray must I not unloose my tongue, who verily  $(\gamma \epsilon)$  am being utterly destroyed by you whom I revere? Assuredly (I will) not: in no wise  $(\pi \acute{a} \nu \tau \omega s \ o \acute{v})$  could I persuade those whom I ought, and to no purpose should I violate the oaths I swore. 3. But if however these things are right in the sight of  $(\epsilon v)$  the gods, we shall by suffering (aor. particip.) know that we have been in the wrong; but if these men are in the wrong, may they not suffer more evil than they are now unjustly inflicting on me. 4. For never would either laws succeed in a state

where no fear is established, or an army continue to be ruled with order if it had (particip.) no obstacle of fear or of self-respect (before it). 5. And some of the lords will utter a bitter speech assailing you with reproach, "Look ye at the concubine of the king who was strongest in the army, (and see) instead of how great happiness what servitude she suffers." 6. He raised an untimely storm and congeals the whole stream of the pure Strymon, and many a one who aforetime made no account of the gods, then prayed with supplications, adoring earth and heaven.

Inquire of, Ιστορεῖν. Truth, τὸ ἔνδικον. Undo utterly, διολλύναι. Violate, of oaths, συγχεῖν, ἐκλείπειν, δρκφ (μή) (οὐκ) ἐμμένειν. Be in the wrong, ἀμαρτάνειν. Succeed, καλῶς, εὖ, φέρεσθαι. Το be established, καθεστάναι. With order, σωφρόνως, εὐτάκτως. Obstacle, πρόβλημα. Self respect, αἰδῶς, αἰσχύνη. Assail, ἰἀπτεω. Concubine, ὁμευνέτις. Be strong, ἰσχύεω. Happiness, ζῆλος. Servitude, λατρεία. Untimely, ἄωρος. Congeal, πηγνύναι. Many a one, τις. Supplication, λἴτή.

- 4. Continue to be ruled, be any longer (ETI) ruled.
- 6. Made no account of, no where making account of, oviauoû roulswr.

### EXERCISE XXXIV.

#### FOUR LINES.

Dread is the might of billows on the sea, Rivers are dread too, and hot blasts of fire, Dread poverty, dread countless things beside, But evil is there none so dread as woman.

A woman from her father's home gone forth Belongeth not to parents but to spouse (λέχος);

While the male race stands ever in the house, Champion of gods and tombs hereditary.

But know, to me this law shall not exist,
To deem thee, mother, aught but ever dear (τὸ μη οὐ),
Yet of all mortals do I love my sire
The most; this I lay down; and grudge not thou.

I have but little good to say of birth, For unto me the virtuous man is noble; While the unjust, though from a better sire Than Zeus he springs, is deemed to be ignoble.

But for thy son,—I know he is discreet, Herds with the good, hath practised piety. How then can evil child from such a body Arise? of this shall none me e'er persuade.

Know'st thou not how the men of noble birth, When they are needy, make no more display, And who were nought before, but wealthy now, Gain reputation for the sake of coin?

Then fare thee well, sweet soil of British land, My mother and my nurse, that bears me still, Where'er I wander, boast of this I can, Though banish'd, yet a true-born Englishman.

Dread, δεινόs. Might, ἀλκή. Champion, τιμᾶοροs. Lay down, δρίζειν. Grudge, φθονεῖν. Ignoble, δυσγενήs. Herd with, δμιλεῖν, dat. Make display, ἐκλάμπειν. Wealthy, πλούσιοs, δλβιοs. Coin, νόμισμα. British, Βρεταννόs, fem. -νίs. Nurse, ἡ τρέφουσα, or θρέψασα. Wander, πλανᾶσθαι. Boast, κομπάζω. Banished, φυγάs. True-born, γνήσιοs.

### EXERCISE XXXV.

### Passages of Various Length.

The number of Greek lines is given before each piece.

### FIVE LINES.

For love assails not men only nor yet again women, but he disturbs the souls even of the gods above and dwellers in-the-sea: and to ward him off not even the all-powerful Zeus avails, but he yields and willingly bends.

# SIX LINES.

As the aspect of the moon could never remain two nights in one form, but first from darkness she comes decking her new visage and waxing-full, and whenever she appears most noble in-all-her-course  $(\alpha \hat{v} \tau \hat{\eta} s)$  again she fades and comes to nought.

# SIX LINES.

Be persuaded. Use (perf. of  $\chi\rho\bar{\eta}\sigma\theta a\iota$ ) arms and throw-away (the) lyre and cease from songs, and practise accomplishments in martial-deeds. Sing of such, and thou wilt seem to be wise, digging, ploughing land, guarding flocks, after leaving to others these elegant refinements, from which thou wilt dwell-in (but) an empty house (plur.).

#### SIX LINES.

Why endured ye this? O life-loving mortals, who long to see the coming day though ye have a burden of myriad evils. So does love of life constrain men. For we know life, but through inexperience of death every one fears to leave this light of the sun.

Assail, ἐπέρχεσθαι. In the sea, πόντιος. Ward off, ἀπείργειν, ἀμύνεσθαι. All-powerful, παγκρατής. Yield, ὑπείκειν. Bend, pass. of ἐγκλίνειν. Aspect, δψις. Night, νύξ, εὐφρόνη. Dark, ἀδηλος. Deck, καλλύνειν. Fade, διαρρεῦν. Song, ἀοιδή. Accomplishments, εὐμουσία. Martial, πολέμιος. Dig, σκάπτειν. Guard, ἐπιστατεῦν. Elegant, κομψός. Refinement, σόφισμα. Life-loving, φιλόζοος. Come on, ἐπιστείχειν. Constrain, ἔγκεισθαι.

### EXERCISE XXXVI.

# Passages of Various Length.

# SIX LINES.

For I have no longer anything to which I must look, save thee; for thou didst desolate my fatherland with the spear, and another fate destroyed my mother and him-who-begat me, (so as to become) lifeless inhabitants of Hades. What country, pray, could become for me equal to  $(a\nu\tau i)$  thee? What wealth? In thee am I wholly (use adjective in agreement with subject) saved.

#### SEVEN LINES.

Lady, dear is this light of the sun, and fair to look upon is the calm flood of the sea and the earth spring-blooming and abundant water, and I can tell the praise of many (other) fair things; but nothing is so brilliant nor so fair to look upon as for the childless and those-smitten with longing to see in their homes the light of new-born babes.

## SEVEN LINES.

What mother, pray  $(\tilde{a}\rho a)$ , or father produced (that) great evil for mortals, envy of hateful name? Whereever too does it dwell in its allotted portion of the body. Have we it in our hands or vitals or about  $(\pi a \rho a)$  the eyes? since it was a great labour for physicians to remove either by excisions or draughts or medicines (this) greatest of all maladies among men.

Desolate, ἀϊστοῦν. Lifeless, θανάσιμος. Inhabitant, οἰκήτωρ. Calm, εὐήνεμος. Flood, χεῦμα. Bloom, θάλλειν. Of spring, ἡρινός. Abundant, πλούσιος, ἀφθονος, ἀφνειος. Praise, ἐπαινος. Of hateful name, δυσώνυμος. Vitals, σπλάγχνα. Excision, τομή. Draught, ποτόν.

3rd passage. In its allotted portion, translate, after receiving by allotment a portion.

#### EXERCISE XXXVII.

### Passages of Various Length.

#### SEVEN LINES.

And do not wonder at all, O king, that I thus cleave to gain. For truly those (of) men who enjoy ( $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon\nu\nu$ ) a long life still cling pertinaciously to making-gain: and compared with  $(\pi\rho\delta_5)$  money the other things are to men secondary: now  $(\delta\epsilon)$  there are some who commend a man free-from-illness, yet to me no one, if poor, seems to be free-from-illness, but always to be ill.

#### EIGHT LINES.

Think ye that the wrong-doings spring up to the Gods on wings, and then that some one writes them on the leaves of Zeus' tablet, and that Zeus on seeing them gives judgment for men? Not even the whole heaven, if Zeus were to record (γράφειν) the sins of mortals, would be enough, nor yet could he, if he saw, send a penalty to each: but justice is somewhere here hard by, if ye will (βούλεσθαι) look,

# ELEVEN LINES.

Now he found out fortification for the host of the Argives, inventions of rules, numbers, and measures, and was the first of all to form from one ten, and from the ten again he found fifties up to thousands. He alone ( $\epsilon i_s$ ) shewed to the people beacon-firing, guardian of sleep, and for the day ( $\epsilon i_s$   $\epsilon \omega$ ) signals, and displayed (them) not (before) revealed. He found out the measures and courses of stars, and these arrangements and constellations in the heavens, and for the helmsmen of ships at-sea the revolving of the bear, and the cold setting of the dog-star.

Cleave, cling to, ξχεσθαι, ἀντέχεσθαι. Pertinaciously, ἄπριξ (lit. with closed teeth). Wrong-doing, ἀδικῆμα. Leaves of tablet, δέλτου πτυχαί. Fortification, τείχος. Rule, σταθμός. A fifty, πεντηκοντάς. Beacon-firing, φρυκτωρία. Guardian, φύλαξ, οτ φύλαξις (abstract for concrete). Course, περιστροφή. Helmsman, ποιμάντης, κύβερνήτης, οἰακοστρόφος. Revolving, στροφή. Setting, δύσις.

## EXERCISE XXXVIII.

### FIVE LINES.

Not to be cured, yet not incurable!

The only remedy that remains

Is the blood that flows from a maiden's veins,

Who of her own free will shall die

And give her life as the price of yours.

# THREE LINES.

What shall I say unto thee? for thy goodness is as a morning cloud, and as the early dew it goeth away.

Not to be cured. Impracticable (dπρακτοs) of cures yet not (οὐ—γε μήν) incurable. The blood that flows, the trickling blood of a newly-slain (νεοσφαγής) virgin. Of her own free will, ἐκοῦσα, ἐκουσία, ἐξ ἀκουσίας οι αὐτόκλητος. And give, giving her own life (τὸν αὐτῆς βίον) as a ransom (λύσις, ῥύσιον οι ῥύσια) for your life Put "life—life" in juxtaposition.

For thy goodness. For like the dewy (evoposos) drops  $(d\chi r\eta)$  and morning (é $\phi$ os) cloud that-vanishes-from (pass. participle of e $\xi$ a $i\sigma\tau$ 6 $\omega$ ) the earth, thy goodness ( $\tau$ 0 e $\tau$ 1.eukes) disappearing ( $\phi$ 2.pov0os) ever isgone (o $\tau$ 1.eukes)

# EXERCISE XXXIX.

# SIX LINES.

Yet on she moves, now stands, and eyes thee fixed,
About to have spoke, but now, with head declined
Like a fair flower surcharged with dew, she weeps,
And words addressed seem into tears dissolved,
Wetting the borders of her silken veil:
But now again she makes address to speak.

Moves on, προβαίνειν. Now stands, now (νῦν μέν) she looks-on thee fixed (ἀστροφος) standing. About to have spoke, imperfect of μέλλειν and fut. infin. Declined, κατηφής. Flower, κάλυξ, ἀνθος. Surcharged, burdened with dewy freight (γόμος). Wetting, palvων. Silken, ἀβρόπηνος. Border, κράσπεδα. Makes address, addresses as about-to-say (ἐροῦσα) something.

# EXERCISE XL

## SIX LINES.

Or who shut up the sea with doors, when it brake forth, as if it had issued out of the womb? When I made the cloud the garment thereof, and thick darkness a swaddling-band for it, and said, Hitherto shalt thou come, but no further, and here shall thy proud waves be stayed.

Or who shut up, who was he that shut up (article with aor. participle) the sea. When it brake forth, (article and aor. pass. participle of ἐκρήγνυμι) like a child from its mother, cf. Æsch. S. c. T. 664\*. When I made, when in swaddling-bands (σπάργανα) of deeply dark (μελαμβαθής) cloud I girded it. But no further, but beyond (els τὸ ἐπέκεινα) not, let this be the boundary of thy turgid (participle pass. of ἐξογκόω) ware.

# EXERCISE XLL

### THREE LINES.

The day is done; and slowly from the scene, The stooping sun upgathers his spent shafts, And puts them back into his golden quiver.

### SIX LINES.

And peradventure had he seen her first
She might have made this and that other world
Another world for the sick man; but now
The shackles of an old love straitened him,
His honour rooted in dishonour stood,
And faith unfaithful kept him falsely true.

The day,  $\tau \delta$   $\phi \hat{\omega} s$ . Slowly,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \delta$   $\sigma \chi \delta \lambda \dot{\eta} \nu$ . From the scene  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\gamma \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\gamma \dot{\eta} \theta \epsilon \nu$ . Stooping,  $\pi \rho \sigma \nu \omega \pi \dot{\eta} s$ . Shafts,  $\tau \delta \xi a$ . Spent, perf. pass. participle of  $d\kappa \sigma \tau i \xi \omega$ .

Peradventure,  $\pi \omega s$ . This and that other; both this and whatever life (there is) beyond this. World, for. But now,  $d\lambda\lambda d-\gamma d\rho$ , the

<sup>\*</sup> The references are to the lines as numbered in Dindorf's edition of the Poeta Scenici Graci.

former love fettered him (δχμάζειν) in shackles. Honour, alδώs. Dishonour, τὸ ἀναιδές (Philocetes, 83). True, καλός. Falsely, οὐ καλώς.

### EXERCISE XLIL

## EIGHT OR NINE LINES.

Whence and what art thou? execrable shape! That dar'st, though grim and terrible, advance Thy miscreated front athwart my way To yonder gates; through them I mean to pass, That be assured, without leave asked of thee. Retire, or taste thy folly, and learn by proof, Hell-born, not to contend with spirits of heaven.

Whence and what, omit "and." Execrable shape, abomination (μασος), most-hateful to see. Grim, δυσθέατος. Advance, προβάλλειν. Athwart, in the way of (ἐμποδών) me journeying (ὁδοιπορεῖν) to yonder gates. Through them to pass, κείθεν ἐκπερᾶν. Without leave asked, not on-the-terms-of (ἐπί, dat.) thee asked (aiτηθείς), cf. Antig. 556. Or taste, if thou wilt not taste. By proof, participle of πάσχειν. Hell-born, Ταρτάρειος. Spirits of heaven, heaven-holding gods. Contend, δυσμαχεῖν.

#### EXERCISE XLIII.

# SEVEN LINES.

O purblind race of miserable men,
How many among us at this very hour
Do forge a life-long trouble for ourselves
By taking true for false and false for true;
Here thro' the feeble twilight of this world

Groping, how many, until we pass and reach That other, where we see as we are seen!

Purblind,  $\epsilon\pi d\rho\gamma\epsilon\mu$ os. At this very hour, kal  $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\hat{\psi}$   $\nu\hat{v}\nu$   $\chi\rho\delta\nu\psi$ , or  $\eta\delta\eta$ . Life-long, alwn or  $\beta l\psi$  souretpos. By taking, whosever (os  $d\nu$  or  $\delta\sigma\nu$ s  $d\nu$ ) considers ( $\nu\epsilon\mu\nu$ ) the trustworthy (neuter plur.) as untrustworthy, but as trustworthy what is not ( $\tau\lambda$   $\mu\eta$ ). Feeble twilight,  $\phi\hat{\omega}$ s  $d\mu\alpha\nu\rho\sigma\nu$ . Until we pass, before ( $\pi\rho\nu$ ) at least we reach ( $\tau\nu\chi\epsilon\hat{\nu}$ ) the other. See,  $\epsilon l\sigma\sigma\rho\hat{\alpha}\nu$ .

# EXERCISE XLIV.

The king at Chinon holds his little court; He cannot keep the field for want of men. Of what avail is courage in the chief, When pallid terror seizes all the host? A sudden panic, as if sent from God, Unnerves the courage of the strongest men. In vain the summons of the king resounds; As when the howling of the wolf is heard, The sheep in terror gather side by side; So Frenchmen careless of their antient fame Seek only now the shelter of the towns.

Holds his little court, remains with a small escort. Cf. Soph.  $E.\ T.\ 750$ . Chinon, Xivûn, or êkeî. He cannot keep, for being destitute of men he left (êkotîpai) the fight. Host,  $\lambda \delta \chi os$ . Chief,  $\lambda o \chi a \gamma \delta s$ . A sudden panie, the unexpected, as some malady from God. Unnerves, Even in the very brave is wont-to-loosen (aor.) (his) strength (so as to be) weak (duernos). Resounds, is heralded. Howling, as, if the wolf were to howl ( $\theta w \ddot{u} \sigma \sigma e v$ ) a piercing cry, you would see the flocks terrified ( $\ell \kappa \pi a \gamma \lambda o \ddot{u} \sigma \theta a v$ ) in-crowds ( $\ell d \theta \rho \delta o s$ ). Seek shelter of,  $\ell v \dot{v} \dot{v} \sigma \theta a v$ 

### EXERCISE XLV.

His Spirit 'tis that calls me; 'tis the troop
Of his true followers, who offered up
Themselves to avenge his death: and they accuse me
Of an ignoble loitering; they would not
Forsake their leader even in death; they died for him!
And shall I live!—
For me too was that laurel-garland twined
That decks his bier. Life is an empty casket;
I throw it from me. Oh! my only hope!
To die beneath the hoofs of trampling steeds—
That is the lot of heroes upon earth!

His spirit, the dead calls me, there-calls the troop. Who offered up, who grudged not (ἀφειδεῖν) life to exact (ellipse of ιστε) death in return for their leader fallen, cf. Agam. 1263. Of an ignoble, accuse as loitering from a most shameful idleness. They would not, for wrily in the destruction of life there was present with him who not? nay rather died for him (προθνήσκειν). And shall I live? How then is it-it-to-be-lived (βιωτός) by me? That decks, an ornament of. Throw it from me, aor. of ἀποπτύειν. O my only hope, O hope, O (thou) now left alone to me. To die beneath, to die trampled (λακπάτητος, κροτητός) by blows of hoofs of horses. That is the lot, such as is assigned (πέπρωμαι) to the daring-ones of mortals.

#### EXERCISE XLVI.

Tis thought, the king is dead; we will not stay. The bay-trees in our country are all wither'd, And meteors fright the fixed stars of heaven; The pale-fac'd moon looks bloody on the earth, And lean-look'd prophets whisper fearful change:

Rich men look sad, and ruffians dance and leap,— The one, in fear to lose what they enjoy, The other, to enjoy by rage and war: These signs forerun the death or fall of kings.

Tis thought, The king is dead they say. We will not stay, cf. Persa, 407. Meteors, lamps in-mid-air suspended (alweis $\theta$ at). Looks bloody, stains with blood her face in appearance ( $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \nu$ ). Whisper, signify by ( $\delta \iota d$ ) a quiet tongue. Look sad, have a gloomy eye. In fear to lose,  $\phi \delta \beta \psi$   $\mu \dot{\eta}$ . To enjoy, as about-to-reap a harvest from Ares and quarrels. Forerun,  $\pi \rho o \sigma \eta \mu a l \nu e \nu$ .

# EXERCISE XLVII,

Then, as I said, the duke, great Bolingbroke,—
Mounted upon a hot and fiery steed,
Which his aspiring rider seem'd to know,—
With slow, but stately pace, kept on his course,
While all tongues cried—God save thee, Bolingbroke!
You would have thought the very windows spake,
So many greedy looks of young and old
Through casements darted their deairing eyes
Upon his visage; and that all the walls,
With painted imag'ry, had said at once,—
Jesu preserve thee! welcome, Bolingbroke!
Whilst he, from one side to the other turning,
Bare-headed, lower than his proud steed's neck,
Bespake them thus,—I thank you, countrymen.
And thus still doing, thus he pass'd along.

The dake, δ δεσπότης. Mounted on, ξποχος Δ'r (dat.). Hot, panting (κατασθμαίνεω). Fiery, participle of θυμοῦσθαι. Which his aspiring rider, as if clearly knowing the haughty (ὑπέρφρων) spirit of-the-horséman. With slow but stately pace, was marching looking stately (σεμπός) and still step-by step (βάδην). While all tongues,

this city shouting with voice of all the people ( $\pi$ dvõnuos). God save thee, may God become a saviour to thee. Window,  $\theta$ vpls. So many, through which so many eyes of both young and old were looking towards this man with intent ( $d\sigma$ roopos) eagerness. Painted imagery, call with purple-laid ( $\pi$ opopos $\tau$ powros) words. Jesu,  $\delta$  Zwr $\dot{\eta}$ p. Whilst he from one side, but he, bending (vevew) his head bared-of helmet ( $\pi$ pavos) turning himself in turn ( $\mu$ epos) to (one at one) another at another time, even below the neck of-his-steed ( $\pi$ wlux $\dot{\phi}$ s). Thank,  $\chi$ dpur oweideras. And thus still doing, thus then advancing, thus he was accomplishing his-way.

# EXERCISE XLVIII.

O noble breast and all puissant arms, Am I the cause, I the poor cause that men Reproach you saying all your force is gone? I am the cause because I dare not speak And tell him what I think and what they say. And yet I hate that he should linger here; I cannot love my-lord and not his name. Far liever had I gird his harness on him, And ride with him to battle and stand by. And watch his mightful hand striking great blows At caitiffs and at wrongers of the world. Far better were I laid in the dark earth, Not hearing any more his noble voice, Not to be folded more in these dear arms. And darkened from the high light in his eyes. Than that my lord through me should suffer shame. Am I so bold, and could I so stand by, And see my dear lord wounded in the strife, Or may be pierced to death before mine eyes, And yet not dare to tell him what I think, And how men slur him, saying all his force

Is melted into mere effeminacy?

O me, I fear that I am no true wife.

O noble breast, O breast, O noble (one), O all-puissant (παναλκής) strength of arms. That men reproach, of reproach uttered-by-people  $(\delta \eta \mu b \theta \rho o v s)$  (omit "saying"). I am the cause, For I (am) blameworthy, who (ητις) did not dare. I cannot love, For how can I love him but his fame (δόξα) not? Far liever had I, κάρτα προτιμάν. Harness, σαγή. And stand by, and a stander-by (παραστάτις) in battle. Mightful hand, see (him) wielding stout (loxvobs) blows with a stout hand, death (φθορά) to cowardly destroyers (λυμεών). Far better were I laid, It (is) better that I should lie in the recesses (μύχος) of the dark earth. To be folded, a thing embraced (ὑπαγκάλισμα, παραγκάλισμα, πρόσπτυγμα). Darkened from, pass. participle of άμαυρόω. High light, γάνος. Suffer, όφλισκάνειν. Am I so bold, Can I (ξχειν) thus dare, thus stand by! Or may be, nay rather (µèv ou) perhaps pierced with a death wound (cf. kalpios). Men, use 715. Effeminacy, feminine minded indolence (ραθυμία). I fear that I am, δέδοικα (ὀκνῶ, ἀθυμῶ) μή elμι (cf. Shilleto, Demosthenes de Falsa Legatione, Appendix B).

## EXERCISE XLIX.

York. I took an oath, that he should quietly reign.

Edw. But, for a kingdom, any oath may be broken:

I'd break a thousand oaths, to reign one year.

Rich. No; God forbid, your grace should be for-

York. I shall be, if I claim by open war.

Rich. I'll prove the contrary, if you'll hear me speak.

York. Thou canst not, son; it is impossible.

Rich. An oath is of no moment, being not took Before a true and lawful magistrate,
That hath authority over him that swears:
Henry had none, but did usurp the place:

Then, seeing 'twas he that made you to depose, Your oath, my lord, is vain and frivolous. Therefore, to arms. And, father, do but think, How sweet a thing it is to wear a crown; Within whose circuit is Elysium, And all that poets feign of bliss and joy. Why do we linger thus? I cannot rest, Until the white rose, that I wear, be dyed Even in the lukewarm blood of Henry's heart,

I took an oath, but I swore that verily (ή μήν). Quietly, neut. plur. of aoulos, or dat. of doulla. But for a kingdom, but what of oaths must one preserve (σωστέος) any longer, who at least is-enamoured-of power? To reign one year, as even on condition of (enl with dat.) (power) for-a-year (ετειος). Be forsworn, μη εὐορκεῖν. Ι shall be, and how could I (keep my oath)? Claim by open war, cf. Æsch. Suppl. 412. Thou canst not, But (try not,) for it is not possible. Of no moment, παρ' οὐδέν. Not being took, unless there-administer (διδόναι) it a magistrate who-wields (artic. withparticiple) with lawful (γνήσιος) prerogative a powerful (τελεσφόρος) authority (κυρος) for those-that-receive-the-oath (δέχεσθαι). Henry had none, but Henry then without authority (if akupan) self-called was-in-office. Your oath, you were after all (dpa) vain-in swearing (participle) and not (οὐδέ) bound-by-oath. To arms, imperat. of όπλίζομαι. Το wear, αμφιβάλλεσθαι with acc. Circuit, περιπτυχαί. Elysium, blessings (εὐκταῖα) equal to (those of) the Gods. And all that poets feign, and whatsoever excellence of pleasure superior to this the poet (δ μουσοποιός) is wont-to-feign (aor. of πλάττειν). Ι cannot rest, there is no time (ἀκμή) for rest. White rose, this ornament (άγλαϊσμα), a white-coloured rose. Dye, βάπτειν, μιαίνειν βαφαίς.

## EXERCISE L

A little onward lend thy guiding hand To these dark steps, a little further on; For yonder bank hath choice of sun or shade: There I am wont to sit, when any chance Relieves me from my task of servile toil, Daily in the common prison else enjoin'd me, Where I, a prisoner chain'd, scarce freely draw The air imprison'd also, close and damp, Unwholesome draught: but here I feel amends, The breath of Heaven fresh blowing, pure and sweet With day-spring born; here leave me to respire.— This day a solemn feast the people hold To Dagon their sea-idol, and forbid Laborious works; unwillingly this rest Their superstition yields me; hence with leave Retiring from the popular noise, I seek This unfrequented place to find some ease, Ease to the body some, none to the mind From restless thoughts, that, like a deadly swarm Of hornets arm'd, no sooner found alone, But rush upon me thronging, and present Times past, what once I was, and what am now.

A little onward—a little further on: bring into the same line. Dark steps, νυφλόπους βάσις οτ όδός. Hath choice of sun, gives (νέμεω) shadow and sunshine, a double choice. There am I wont, whither (ct) I sit an accustomed (ξυτήθης) seat. Task of servile toil, δούλιον λάτρευμα. Enjoined, έφεστώς. A prisoner chained, &c., where not with ease (κατ' εψμάρειαν) in fetters I confined breathe the vapour (άτμος) of air confined-with-me (συνείργεω) pestilential breathings, But here I feel amends, but here there cools (ψύχειν, ἀναψύχευ) me a fresh breeze, sweet-blowing purity (γάνος) of the pole, dawnig-with the dawn, cf. Agam. 254. This day a solemn feast, &c., The people hold-sacred this day (as) an oxen-sacrificing (one). And forbid, &c., and as if (it were) forbidden (ἀπόρρητος, acc. absol.) to labour. Unwillingly, unwilling, but about to-avoid a pollution, cf. Soph. Antig. 256. Retiring from, &c. I have sailed into this lonely anchorage apart-from the noise (βόθας) uttered by the people, that haply (ώς dr.) I

may find calm. No sooner found alone, &c., anticipate ( $\phi\theta$ direw) infalling-on me left alone (pass. participle of  $\mu$ or $\delta\omega$  or  $\dot{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\delta\omega$ ), and by memory of the former times teach me what-sort-of-man from ( $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ ) whatsort I happen to be ( $\kappa\nu\rho\epsilon\dot{\nu}$ ).

### EXERCISE LL

Shepherd, I pray thee stay. Where hast thou been, Or whither goest thou? Here be woods as green As any, air likewise as fresh and sweet As where smooth Zephyrus plays on the fleet Face of the curled streams, with flowers as many As the young spring gives, and as choice as any; Here be all new delights, cool streams and wells; Arbours o'ergrown with woodbines; caves and dells, Choose where thou wilt; whilst I sit by and sing, Or gather rushes to make many a ring For thy long fingers, tell the tales of love, How the pale Phœbe, hunting in a grove, First saw the boy Endymion, from whose eyes She took eternal fire that never dies: How she conveyed him softly in a sleep, His temples bound with poppy, to the steep Head of old Latmus, where she stoops each night, Gilding the mountain with her brother's light, To kiss her sweetest.

I pray thee stay, 2nd per. optat. with dv. Where hast thou been? after-returning ( $\kappa a \tau \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \hat{v}$ ) whence? Here be woods, &c., of this grove at least, if of any, the green trees flourish. Air likewise as fresh, &c., and ever do the sweet-toned breezes of fresh ( $\lambda a \mu \pi \rho \delta s$ ) winds breathe, as (olos) the smooth Zephyrus loves to-sport-in the rippling (albhos) laughter of fleet streams. With flowers, &c., and there bloom

Mowers as-many-as new spring gives, the choice ones (ἐξαιρετόs) of gifts. O'ergrown, κατηρεφής. Choose where thou wilt, &c., I, sitting-by-thes (προσίζεω) whatever seat (cognate acc.) thou majest desire, will sing. Tell the tales, and I will whisper some erotic tale (μύθευμα). Phoebe, "Αρτεμις. Saw—and took (participle and finite verb). Boy, ἀνδρόταις. That never dies,  $d\sigma βεστος$ . Old Latmus, Latmus, ancient object of reverence ( $\sigma έβας$ ). Stoops—to kiss, by night stooping (κλίνεσθαι) embraces (προσπτύσσεσθαι) her dear one.

### EXERCISE LII.

O prince, O chief of many throned powers, That led the embattled seraphim to war Under thy conduct, and in dreadful deeds Fearless, endanger'd Heaven's perpetual king, And put to proof his high supremacy, Whether upheld by strength, or chance, or fate; Too well I see, and rue the dire event, That with sad overthrow, and foul defeat, Hath lost us Heaven, and all this mighty host In horrible destruction laid thus low. As far as gods and heavenly essences Can perish: for the mind and spirit remains Invincible, and vigour soon returns, Though all our glory extinct, and happy state Here swallowed up in endless misery. But what if he our conqueror (whom I now Of force believe almighty, since no less Than such could have o'erpower'd such force as ours) Have left us this our spirit and strength entire Strongly to suffer and support our pains, That we may so suffice his vengeful ire, Or do him mightier service as his thralls

By right of war, whate'er his business be, Here in the heart of Hell to work in fire, Or do his errands in the gloomy deep; What can it then avail, though yet we feel Strength undiminish'd, or eternal being To undergo eternal punishment?

O chief, &c., who rulest-over the full-assembly of-fair-thrones. Embattled seraphim, apeior daluoves. In dreadful deeds, &c., and who threatened (καταπειλείν) destructive death against eternal (alarys) God, the heaven-holding and almighty ruler. High supremacy, κράτος αὐτοκρατές. That with sad overthrow, &c., from which we, routed (καταστρέφειν) foul in-foul-plight (κακώς) and expelled (άνάστατος), α very great army, fallen out (pl.) from heaven, lie prostrate (πρόκεισθαι) in such a fate with-ill-fortune (δυσμόρως). As far as, δσον γε. Vigour, the acme of strength returns (ἀνέρχεσθαι) quick. Though all our glory extinct, even if we still (ομως) lack (στέρεσθαι) our fair fame. Conqueror, victorious (νικηφόρος) master. Since no less, &c., for had he been inferior, how could he have thrown down (καταρρίπτεω) so great an army of us? Entire, aspaiophs. Strongly to suffer, to-endure (kapτερείν) thrilling (διώδυνος) pains. Thralls by right of war, αλχμάλωτα κτήματα. Work in fire, πυρπολείν. Do errands, διακονείν άγγελματα. Eternal being, alarhs φύσις.

#### EXERCISE LIII.

This heard Geraint, and grasping at his sword (It lay beside him in the hollow shield), Made but a single bound, and with a sweep of it Shore thro' the swarthy neck, and like a ball The russet bearded head rolled on the floor. So died Earl Doorm by him he counted dead, And all the men and women in the hall Rose when they saw the dead man rise, and fled Yelling as from a spectre, and the two

Were left alone together, and he said,
Enid, I have used you worse than that dead man:
Done you more wrong: we both have undergone
That trouble which has left me thrice your own.
Henceforward I will rather die than doubt.
And here I lay this penance on myself,
Not—though mine own ears heard you yestermorn—
You thought me sleeping, but I heard you say,
I heard you say that you were no true wife:
I swear I will not ask your meaning in it:
I do believe yourself against yourself,
And will henceforward rather die than doubt.

Geraint, the husband. Beside him, ready to hand, cf. Soph. Phil. 747. Made but a single bound, cf. Æsch. Agam. 826. With a sweep of it shore thro', whirling (it) rushingly (σύδην) shore thro' (cf. Æsch. Agam. 536); reproduce the sibilants in Greek, so as to accommodate the sound to the sense. Russet bearded head, russet haired (πυρρόθριξ) head, beard and all. Him he counted dead, the supposed dead, ὁ μη βλέπων (or ὁ κατθανών) δή or δήθεν: in actithesis to which "Earl Doorm" may be translated by δ βλέπων. Rose when they saw, rose-with this rising (ardorasis) of the dead. lύζει. And the two, &c., so that in quiet (he) alone addressed (her) alone. Enid, & yural. I have used you worse, &c., the dead-one has treated you (τὰ σά) badly (alσχρώς δράν) but I worse. Which has left me, from which I am thine thrice as much (τόσως). Rather die than doubt, not to live (rò µh ʃîp) (is) better than not to confide. And here I lay, &c., now therefore I agree to (καταινείν) self-assumed (αὐθαιρετόs) punishment (ἀντίποινα) for this sin. Not though, μηδ' èl καί. Yestermorn, al έχθὲς ἀντολαί. I heard you say, &c., I heard from you (σοῦ) that you were after all (dρa) no true (οὐ κεδτή) wife, but thinking of what (participle in agreement with oov, above) I swear that assuredly (if univ) I will no longer seek-to-know. And will henceforward, &c., as may I no longer live (elvat) if-I-do-not (participle) at least place trust (πίστιν φέρειν) in-thee.

## EXERCISE LIV.

Blessed is the man that hath not walked in the counsel of the ungodly, nor stood in the way of sinners, and hath not sat in the seat of the scornful.

But his delight is in the law of the Lord, and in his law will he exercise himself day and night.

And he shall be like a tree planted by the waterside, that will bring forth his fruit in due season.

His leaf also shall not wither; and look, whatsoever he doeth, it shall prosper.

As for the ungodly, it is not so with them, but they are like the chaff, which the wind scattereth away from the face of the earth.

Therefore the ungodly shall not be able to stand in the judgment, neither the sinners in the congregation of the righteous.

But the Lord knoweth the way of the righteous, and the way of the ungodly shall perish.

Blessed, dr with aor. opt. of δυίναμαι. That walketh not, &c., who keeps (είργειν) his foot apart from ungodly counsel. Nor standeth, &c., and standeth aloof from (δίχα) sinners. Nor sitteth, &c., not being a dweller (ξύνοικος, ξύνθακος) in the seats of scorners (ὑβριστής). But his delight, &c., but considers this (ἐκεῦνο) on the other hand his delight (τὸ τερπνόν), to reverence God, practising (it) (by) night and by day. Planted, perf. pass. of μίζοω. By the water-side, cf. Antiyone, 712. In due season, ώραῖος. His leaf also, with ever-living (ἀείζως) leaves. And look, &c., and you may see how whatever-things he engages in (μετέρχεσθαι) he gets (ἀρνυσθαι) fully accomplished (τελεσφόρος). It is not so with them, &c., (The ungodly) fare the reverse (τὰ ἐναντία) being nothing else but chaff, a thing-seized by the wind (genit.) scattered from-earth. Stand in the judgment, stand against (ἀντισστατεῦν) those-that-judge in trial (δίκη). Knoweth, ξυνανεῦν, ξυνειδέναι. Shall perish, but to the bad all things fall-away (ξήρεν) perishing (ἐξίτηλος).

# EXERCISE LV.

E. Woe! woe! that aught so gentle and so young Should thus be call'd to stand i' the tempest's path, And bear the token and the hue of death On a bright soul so soon! I had not shrunk From mine own lot; but thou, my child, shouldst move

As a light breeze of heaven, through summer bowers And not o'er foaming billows. We are fall'n On dark and evil days!

- Ay, days that wake
  All to their tasks!—Youth may not loiter now
  In the green walks of spring; and womanhood
  Is summoned into conflicts, heretofore
  The lot of warrior-souls. Strength is born
  In the deep silence of long-suffering hearts,
  Not amidst joy.
- E. Hast thou some secret woe
  That thus thou speak'st?
- X. What sorrow should be mine Unknown to thee?

That aught so gentle, &c., that (τὸ with infinitive) you such as you are (τοιδσδε γε) tender and still young (ήβαν) should-be-put-forward (προκεῖσθαι) in the way of, &c. Token, σφραγίς. Hue, βαφή. So soon, αωρος, agreeing with σφραγίς. I had not shrunk, &c., I should not, be assured, have shrunk-from exhausting (ἀττλεῦν) my lot. Light, λεῖος. Move through, ἀμφέπεω. Dark and evil days, an abomination of dark days. Youth may not loiter, &c., for it is fitting (εἰκδς) that youth (τὸ νέαζων) should no longer loiter (χρωιζεων) in the green delts of summer. Womankind, τὸ θῆλω. Warrior-souls, spirits (λῆμα) of manly-counsed. Deep, βαρύς. Not amidst joy, never nourished-from (ἐκτρέφων) grickes joy. What sorrow, &c., for having-suffered (aor.) what colamity (νέων) could I any longer escape thee?

### EXERCISE LVI.

O fair and strong and terrible! Lioness,
'That with your long locks play the Lion's mane!
But Love and Nature, these are two more terrible
And stronger. See, your foot is on our necks,
We vanquished, you the victor of your will.
What would you more! give her the child, remain
Orbed in your isolation: he is dead,
Or all as dead: henceforth we let you be:
Win you the love of women, and beware
Lest, where you seek the common love of these,
The common hate with the revolving wheel
Should drag you down, and some great Nemesis
Break from a darkened future crown'd with fire,
And tread you out for ever.

O fair, &c., O savage-hearted (ωμόθυμος) beauty, unbroken growth (φυή). Long, κατάκομος. Lioness, put in juxtaposition to Lion. But love, &c., But Love, let me tell thee, and Nature checks thee, stronger (έγκρατήs) terrors. Is on our necks, hath walked on necks to-us. We vanquished, &c., and vaunt over (us) being conquered (pres. participle) favourably to (πρός χάρω) your will. Give her the child, nay rather give the child to-her-that-bare (it). Remain orbed in your isolation, and by-want (αχηνία) of love (κύπρις) do thou endure to be encircled (participle of κυκλοῦσθαι). Or all as dead, or at least (γοῦν) equal to dead men. We let you be, we men let you be (¿a). Win you the love, Charm thou  $(\theta \epsilon \lambda \gamma \epsilon \nu)$  accordingly  $(\tau o \iota)$  feminine longing. Lest, where you seek, &c., but (take care) lest common hate drag thee on (future) headlong (\pip\n\n'\n's) with the backward-turning wheel while-fauning-on the common love of these. Break from a darkened future, &c., from the veils of the future (τὸ μέλλον) burst forth all ruling (= great) who once for all shall crush thee trodden-under foot.

#### EXERCISE LVII.

Cease your fretful prayers,
Your whinings and your tame petitions;
The gods love courage arm'd with confidence,
And prayers fit to pull them down: weak tears
And troubled hearts, the dull twins of cold spirits,
They sit and smile at! Hear how I salute them.—
Divine Andate, thou who hold'st the reins
Of furious battles and disorder'd war,
And proudly roll'st thy swarty chariot-wheels
Over the heaps of wounds and carcases,
Sailing through seas of blood:—thou sure-steel'd sternness,

Give us this day good hearts, good enemies, Good blows on both sides, wounds that fear or flight Can claim no share in.

Cease, οὐκ εἶα, with future. Whinings, your whining (κτυζούμενος) supplication. Fit to pull, able (ἔχων) to drag down (κατασπάν) heaven. Troubled, κακόσπλαγχνος. Dull twins, cold twin (ἔκτυχος) offspring of unmanly hearts. Sit and smile at, sitting (ἰδρυμένος) laugh at. Hear how I salute, hear me (ἐγω μέν) then what (οἰα) I invoke, Thee now (δή) thes that-holdest the rein (ψάλιον) — divinity (σέβας) of Andraste. Wounds, σφαγαί. Rollest, ἐρέσσευν. Proudly, σεμνώς. Seas, ἐπιβροαί. Thou sure-steel'd sternness, Thee now (resuming σὲ δή, hitherto not governed) I address, hardness, iron-hearted. Good hearts, ἐσθλὸν ἀνδρείας θράσος. On both sides, διχόθεν. Can claim no share in, not-shared-in (ἀκοινώνητος) by fear.

#### EXERCISE LVIIL

Rascal thieves,
Here's gold: Go, suck the subtle blood of the grape,
Till the high fever seeth your blood to froth,

And so 'scape hanging: trust not the physician;
His antidotes are poison, and he slays
More than you rob: take wealth and lives together;
Do villany, de, since you profess to do't,
Like workmen. I'll example you with thievery:
The sun's a thief, and with his great attraction
Robs the vast sea: the moon's an arrant thief,
And her pale fire she snatches from the sun:
The sea's a thief, whose liquid surge resolves
The moon into salt tears: the earth's a thief,
That feeds and breeds by a composture stolen
From general excrement.

#### EXERCISE LIX.

And though you think, that all, as you have done, Have torn their souls, by turning them from us, And we are barren, and bereft of friends;—

Yet know,-my master, God omnipotent, Is must'ring in his clouds, on our behalf, Armies of pestilence; and they shall strike Your children yet unborn, and unbegot, That lift your vassal hands against my head, And threat the glory of my precious crown. Tell Bolingbroke, (for yond', methinks, he is,) That every stride he makes upon my land, Is dangerous treason: He is come to ope The purple testament of bleeding war; But ere the crown he looks for live in peace, Ten thousand bloody crowns of mothers' sons Shall ill become the flower of England's face; Change the complexion of her maid-pale peace To scarlet indignation, and bedew Her pastures' grass with faithful English blood.

And though, emphasize by  $\delta \eta$ . All, none who not of mortals. As you have done, in thy fashion ( $\tau \rho \delta \pi \omega$ ). Souls,  $\kappa \epsilon \alpha \rho$ . Tear,  $\epsilon \xi \alpha \nu \alpha \sigma \pi \hat{\alpha} \nu$ . Barren,  $\epsilon \rho \eta \mu \omega s$ .

Muster, συναλίζειν. On our behalf armies, armies about-to-fightwith (συμμάχεσθαι) us. Strike, σκήπτειν. Your children, children the neither born (γεννάσθαι) nor begot (σπείρεσθαι) of you as many as, &c., Vassal, δούλιος. Threat, &c., distress (χειμάζειν) with vexing (δύσχιμος) threats the precious honour (yépas) of the crown. Bolingbroke, Bolingbroke, Βροκος. Methinks, που. That every stride, &c., the foot (κώλον) which he advances is plainly convicted (οὐ λανθάνειν άλούς) of dangerous treason. He is come, nay rather that he has come. Purple, fem. of φοίνιξ. Testament, δέλτος. Ope, έξελίσσειν. Ere the crown, &c., before that the expected monarchy be placed round the head of him (50s) holding it peaceably. Ten thousand, &c., heads of thrice ten thousand males stained (χραίνεσθαι) with bloody dew. Ill become, καταξαίνειν. Change the complexion, &c., assuredly (\$\tilde{\eta}\$ \ \mu\theta\rho\rho\right) these changing for purple wrath (χολή) the pale complexion (χρόα) of virgin-faced peace shall bedew with bloodshed (aluara) of faithful (peperyvos) Britons the grass (so as to be) red, and the ox-feeding haunts (ἐπιστροφαί).

### EXERCISE LX.

What should this mean?
What sudden anger's this? how have I reaped it?
He parted frowning from me, as if ruin
Leap'd from his eyes: so looks the chafed lion
Upon the daring huntsman that has galled him;
Then makes him nothing. I must read this paper;
I fear, the story of his anger.—'Tis so;
This paper has undone me:—'Tis the account
Of all that world of wealth I have drawn together
For mine own ends; indeed, to gain the popedom,
And fee my friends in Rome. O negligence,
Fit for a fool to fall by! What cross devil
Made me put this main secret in the packet
I sent the king? Is there no way to cure this?

What sudden anger, Whence this wrath suddenly! He parted, for he parted. Frowning, ξυνωφρυωμένος. So looks, &c., such glances (δέργμα) does the chafed (χολοῦσθαι) lion look-at the fierce hunter, Gall, δάκνειν. Then makes, &c., about (μέλλειν) to give him not soon but now to slaughter. Paper, βίβλων πτυχαί. I fear, in which I greatly (dyar) fear the story of his anger. It is so, For it is (exew) so, Account, απογραφή. World of wealth, &c., money and unfathomable wealth, collected by me when-I-forwarded (participle of σπεύδει») my own interests. To gain, &c., if I might sometime receive the office ( $\tau \in \lambda os$ ) of high-priest, at the same time intending-to-pay fee to friends. O negligence, O senseless (παράφρων) trippings, such as indeed (οίδς γε) some fool ought to have perished by. What cross devil, &c., who of deities persuaded me after writing (part.) in the books the secret (aπόρρητος) and to-be-concealed (things) then to send (them) to the royal person (δέμας). Is there no way, &c. Where (is there) for me a device releasing from such things?

#### EXERCISE LXL

Where is thy husband now? Where be thy brothers? Where be thy two sons? Wherein dost thou joy? Who sues, and kneels, and says—God save the queen? Where be the bending peers that flattered thee? Where be the thronging troops that follow'd thee! Decline all this, and see what now thou art, For happy wife, a most distressed widow; For joyful mother, one that wails the name; For one being sued to, one that humbly sues; For queen, a very caitiff crown'd with care: For one that scorn'd at me, now scorn'd of me; For one being fear'd of all, now fearing one; For one commanding all, obey'd of none. Thus hath the course of justice wheel'd about, And left thee but a very prey to time; Having no more but thought of what thou wert, To torture thee the more, being what thou art. Thou didst usurp my place, and dost thou not Usurp the just proportion of my sorrow! Now thy proud neck bears half my burdened yoke; From which even here I slip my wearied head, And leave the burden of it all on thee.

Now, to be emphasized. Two some, directly or struct the continuous theorem. Wherein dost thou joy, where, or whence, for thee (is) joy (vi xuipes). Some and kneeds, with propers kneeds to (xportirees) thee. Bending, Antig. 44z. Througing troops, and the myrised following that-attended (xcorderus) along (xuru) thy truck. What now thou art, how then now forest. For, may be translated by sirri or ex, or by antithosis of ph-36. Califf crowned, hereing a everthed (Scilmes) crown of swils. Scotned at, cyyclair—yellar oplusations.

# EXERCISE LXII.

Give me my robe, put on my crown; I have
Immortal longings in me: Now no more
The juice of Egypt's grape shall moist this lip:—
Yare, yare, good Iras; quick.—Methinks, I hear
Antony call; I see him rouse himself
To praise my noble act; I hear him mock
The luck of Cæsar, which the gods give men
To excuse their after wrath: Husband, I come:
Now to that name my courage prove my title!
I am fire, and air; my other elements
I give to baser life.—So,—have you done?
Come then, and take the last warmth of my lips.
Farewell, kind Charmian;—Iras, long farewell.

[Kisses them. IRAS falls and dies.

Have I the aspic in my lips? Dost fall?
If thou and nature can so gently part,
The stroke of death is as a lover's pinch,
Which hurts, and is desir'd. Dost thou lie still?
If thus thou vanishest, thou tell'st the world
It is not worth leave-taking.

Put on, κρατί ἀμφιτιθέναι. I have immortal longings, Just now (άρτίως) there soothes (προσσαίνειν) me an immortal longing. Now no more, &c., but surely never (οδτι μήποτε) again shall the rich wine (εδοινον γάνος) of Nile grape (ράξ) moisten this lip. Yare, εla, αγ εla, or imperat. of eykoveîv. Quick, cf. Agam. 1050, also Ajax, 811, Rouse himself, &c., rising (ἐπαντέλλειν) from the tomb a praiser of this (woman) doing noble deeds, and mocking Casar (for) what-things hehas-been-fortunate-in. Which the gods give, &c., considering that (ws with acc. participle absolute) these things have been sent from the gods to men, an excuse for after-destroying (ὑστερόφθορος) wrath. Husband, ανήρ. To that name, &c., would that we may with reason (εὐλόγως) be called named after him for (xdpw) manliness. My other elements, (things) of which my body is composed (συγκείσθαι). Take, δρέπειν, λωτίζεσθαι. The stroke of death, καιρία πληγή μόρου, or, death strikes (aor.) a wound as (ola) one loving (would) a pinch (δηγμα, στιγμός) both sharp (πικρός) and longed-for. If thus thou vanishest, &c., vanishing (φρούδος) thus thou art evidently (δήλος) disdaining (aπαξιοῦν) (so as) not to bid farewell to mortals.

### EXERCISE LXIII.

Shy. I'll have my bond; I will not hear thee speak:
I'll have my bond; and therefore speak no more.
I'll not be made a soft and dull-ey'd fool,
To shake the head, relent, and sigh, and yield
To Christian intercessors. Follow not;
I'll have no speaking; I will have my bond.
Salan. It is the most impenetrable cur
That ever kept with men.

Ant. Let him alone;
I'll follow him no more with bootless prayers.
He seeks my life; his reason well I know;
I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures

Many that have at times made moan to me; Therefore he hates me.

Salan. I am sure, the duke
Will never grant this forfeiture to hold.

Ant. The duke cannot deny the course of law; For the commodity that strangers have
With us in Venice, if it be denied,
Will much impeach the justice of the state;
Since that the trade and profit of the city
Consisteth of all nations. Therefore, go:
These griefs and losses have so 'bated me,
That I shall hardly spare a pound of flesh
To-morrow to my bloody creditor.—
Well, jailer, on:—Pray God, Bassanio come
To see me pay his debt, and then I care not!

I'll have my bond, as (cf. Elmsl. ad Med. 596, Dind. 609) decidedly (aραρότως) we will hold-to the bond (γραφαί): the use of αραρότωs renders the second translation of these words unnecessary. I will not hear, thou speakest to one that hears not. And dull eved. and having a downcast eye. And sigh, with sighs (στόνος). Intercessor, διαλλακτήρ. I'll have no speaking, enough of words. Impenetrable, &c., the dog more impenetrable (δυσπαραίτητος) than this never yet associated with the-race of men. His reason, for the sake of what. Forfeiture, σύνθημα. Grant, ανέχεσθαι (with participle agreeing with the object). Deny the course, would never be able to lame (βλάπτειν) the foot of law, Commodity, τὰ ἀντηλλαγμένα. Will much impeach, would much (κάρτα) accuse the city (as) unjust. Since that the trade, for what land does not trade (to) great advantage (cf. Soph. Track. 93) with the Heneti? Bate, loxvalvew. That I shall hardly spare, &c., so as to lack (omarizer) flesh for which I am a debtor on the morrow (es appior) to the murderous man. And then I care not, and what care is the rest (τὸ ἐντεῦθεν) to me?

# EXERCISE LXIV.

All is lost; This foul Egyptian hath betrayed me: My fleet have yielded to the foe; and yonder They cast their caps up, and carouse together Like friends long lost.—Triple-turn'd whore! 'tis thou Hast sold me to this novice; and my heart Makes only wars on thee.—Bid them all fly: For when I am reveng'd upon my charm, I have done all:—Bid them all fly, begone. O sun, thy uprise shall I see no more: Fortune and Antony part here; even here Do we shake hands.—All come to this?—The hearts That spaniel'd me at heels, to whom I gave Their wishes, do discandy, melt their sweets On blossoming Cæsar; and this pine is bark'd, That overtopp'd them all. Betray'd I am: O this false soul of Egypt! this grave charm, Whose eye beck'd forth my wars, and call'd them home: Whose bosom was my crownet, my chief end, Like a right gipsy, hath, at fast and loose, Beguil'd me to the very heart of loss.

Foul Egyptian, μῶσος Αἰγόπτιον. Fleet, ναυβάτης δχλος. Caps, κυνῆ. Cast up, προσαιθρίζεω. And carouse together, in intercourse of boon-companions. Lost, pass. of ἀφανίζω. Triple-turned whore, πόρνη τρίπορτος. Tis thou, use δέ adversative after σύ. My charm, μελιγμα. Thy uprise, thee uprising (ἀντέλλευ). Part, δίχα έρχεσθαι. Shake hands, fold hand on hand. All come to this, alas that (τό with infin.) all for-me ends in this. Spaniel'd me at heels, αἰκάλλευ, προσαίνευ. Discandy, ἀπορρεῖν. Barked, naked. Egypt, ἡ Νειλῶτις. Grave, baneful. Whose eye beck'd forth, At (πρός) κhose eye my Mars κεπί-οιι αὐνοαό (θυραῖος). Crownet, στέφος, θριγκός. Gipsy, γόης. At fast and loose, ἀπτων καὶ λύων. Very heart of loss, ζημία διινταῖος.

#### EXERCISE LXV.

The barge she sat in, like a burnish'd throne, Burn'd on the water: the poop was beaten gold; Purple the sails, and so perfumed, that The winds were love-sick with them: the oars were silver; Which to the tune of flutes kept stroke, and made The water, which they beat, to follow faster. As amorous of their strokes. For her own person, It beggar'd all description: she did lie In her pavilion, (cloth of gold, of tissue,) O'erpicturing that Venus, where we see, The fancy out-work nature: on each side her. Stood pretty dimpled boys, like smiling Cupids, With diverse-colour'd fans, whose wind did seem To glow the delicate cheeks which they did cool, And what they undid, did. Her gentlewomen, like the Nereides, So many mermaids, tended her i' the eyes, And made their bends adornings: at the helm A seeming Mermaid steers; the silken tackle Swell with the touches of those flower-soft hands, That yarely frame the office. From the barge A strange invisible perfume hits the sense Of the adjacent wharfs.

Barge, βâριs. The poop was beaten gold, with poop of beaten gold (χρυσήλατος). Purple, φουικόβαπτος. Love-sick, cf. Soph. Trach. 463. To tune of flutes kept stroke, with the flutes row-together (δμορροθεῦν) α-harmony (συναυλία). To follow faster, to quicken α-pursuit (δίωγμα). Beggared all description, but how could one succeed (ἐξικνεῖσθαι) in-speaking-of her-person. Cloth of gold, of tissue, χρυσόπαστος. The fancy outwork nature, in which are

appears to surpass (ὑπερτελεῖν, ὑπερφέρειν) nature. Pretty dimpled boys, κόροι καλλίπαιδες. Fans, πτερόν. What they undid did, bound-up (συνάπτειν) that which was loosed. O rare for Antony, Antony to-be-envied for these charms (χλιδή, sing.). Tended her i'the eyes, attend-to the commands (φραδή) from (her) eyes. Their bends, τὸ προσκυνεῖν (or aor. inf.). Mermaid, παρθένος θαλασσόπαις. Silken, ἀβρόπηνος, Flower-soft, ἀνθεμώδης. Frame the office, ὑπουργεῖν (ὑπηρετεῖν) χρέος. Strange, may be rendered by πῶς δοκεῖς; Hits the sense, βάλλειν ἔσω. Wharfs, ναύσταθμα, ναύλοχοι ἔδραι.

# EXERCISE LXVI.

All good people, You that thus far have come to pity me, Hear what I say, and then go home and lose me. I have this day receiv'd a traitor's judgement, And by that name must die; yet, heaven bear witness, And if I have a conscience, let it sink me, Even as the axe falls, if I be not faithful! The law I bear no malice for my death, It has done, upon the premises, but justice: But those, that sought it, I could wish more Christians: Be what they will, I heartily forgive them: Yet let them look they glory not in mischief, Nor build their evils on the graves of great men; For then my guiltless blood must cry against them, For further life in this world I ne'er hope, Nor will I sue, although the king have mercies More than I dare make faults. You few that lov'd me, And dare be bold to weep for Buckingham,. His noble friends, and fellows, whom to leave Is only bitter to him, only dying, Go with me, like good angels, to my end;

And, as the long divorce of steel falls on me, Make of your prayers one sweet sacrifice, And lift my soul to heaven.

All good people, kind presence of citizens. Hear what I sav. having heard what I say then (elra) go home. And lose me, being deprived of me. I have received, judgment has been voted against (κατά) us as forsooth (δή) having-betrayed (aor. part.) our-country. By that name, κριθείς προδότης. Conscience, σύννοια. Let it sink me, let it evilly destroy me evil. As the axe falls, gen. part. fut. absol. Bear malice, μέμφεσθαι. Upon the premises, from at least the (things) stated-in-evidence. Those who sought it, mapairies. Christian, εὐσεβής. Glory, χλίδων, or χλίειν. Guiltless, shed, &c., παρ αίσαν or ἐκδίκως. Cry, ἐγκαλεῖν. In this world, ἐνθάδε ών. Although the king, &c., Although the king might pardon more than even all the (και όποσος) sins (κακόν) I-myself should-dare to do. Few. I name not many. Buckingham, me, or this man, or this head. Fellows, ξυνάων. To my end, about to die. Long divorce of steel, bronzesmiting bite (δηγμα) dissolution of life. Make of your prayers, sacrifice with sweet prayers. Lift, προπέμπειν, πρόπομπος (είναι).

# EXERCISE LXVII.

I could be well mov'd, if I were as you;
If I could pray to move, prayers would move me:
But I am constant as the northern star,
Of whose true-fix'd, and resting quality,
There is no fellow in the firmament.
The skies are painted with unnumber'd sparks,
They are all fire, and every one doth shine;
But there's but one in all doth hold his place:
So, in the world; 'tis furnish'd well with men,
And men are flesh and blood, and apprehensive;
Yet, in the number, I do know but one
That unassailable holds on his rank,

Unshak'd of motion: and, that I am he, Let me a little show it, even in this; That I was constant, Cimber should be banish'd, And constant do remain to keep him so.

Well, τάχ' år. As you, any of you. If I could pray, &c., prayers would move me, if-I-vere-for-moving (another) (imperf. part.) with prayers. Northern star, 'Αρκτοῦροs. Of whose true-fixed, which remains ever the same and firm as no other star in heaven. Painted, ποικίλλειν. And men are flesh, and all share flesh, blood, mind. Unshak'd of motion, φορᾶs ἀκραιφνήs. Let me a little show it, and (take) a-proof of this, however small, for I thought proper, &c.

### EXERCISE LXVIII.

Bru. Portia, what mean you? Wherefore rise you now?

It is not for your health, thus to commit Your weak condition to the raw-cold morning.

Por. Nor for yours neither. You have ungently, Brutus,

Stole from my bed: and yesternight, at supper,
You suddenly arose, and walk'd about,
Musing, and sighing, with your arms across:
And when I ask'd you what the matter was,
You star'd upon me with ungentle looks:
I urg'd you further; then you scratch'd your head,
And too impatiently stamp'd with your foot:
Yet I insisted, yet you answer'd not;
But, with an angry wafture of your hand,
Gave sign for me to leave you: so I did;
Fearing to strengthen that impatience,
Which seem'd too much enkindled; and, withal,

Hoping it was but an effect of humour,
Which sometime hath his hour with every man.
It will not let you eat, nor talk, nor sleep;
And, could it work so much upon your shape,
As it hath much prevail'd on your condition,
I should not know you, Brutus. Dear my lord,
Make me acquainted with your cause of grief.

Mean, πάσχειν. Rise now, move body from sleep thus unseasonably. For health, ἀνοσος. Condition, limbs. Raw cold morning, morning frosts. Nor for yours, ἀλλ' οὐδὲ κ.τ.λ. You have, who have. Stole, stole foot. Yesternight at supper, yesterday forsaking the evening table. Musing, cf. Soph. Antig. 20. Across, folded. What the matter was, where in-fortune (gen.) you happened (to be). Stared, directed ungentle glances (βολαί) of eyes. Urge, seek to know (gen. abs.). Scratch, strike. Stamped, beat ground with shoe. Insist, ἐπείγειν. But with an angry wafture, but threatened fearfully by shaking the hand, if I should not leave you out of sight. Strengthen impatience, add wrath to wrath. Effect of humour, φρενῶν πλάνη, πλάνημα, or πάθος. Which sometime, such as every (οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐ) mortal suffers. Work upon, ἀλλάσσειν or παραλλάσσειν. Cause of grief, of. Eur. Hipp. 903.

#### EXERCISE LXIX.

Gra. What's the matter?

Oth. Behold! I have a weapon;
A better never did itself sustain

Upon a soldier's thigh: I have seen the day,
That, with this little arm, and this good sword,
I have made my way through more impediments
Than twenty times your stop:—but, O vain boast!

Who can control his fate? 'tis not so now.—
Be not afraid, though you do see me weapon'd;
Here is my journey's end, here is my butt,

And very sea-mark of my utmost sail.

Do you go back dismay'd? 'tis a lost fear;

Man but a rush against Othello's breast,

And he retires:—Where should Othello go?—

Now, how dost thou look now? O ill-starr'd wench!

Pale as thy smock! when we shall meet at compt,

This look of thine will hurl my soul from heaven,

And fiends will snatch at it. Cold, cold, my girl?

Even like thy chastity.—

O cursed, cursed slave!—Whip me, ye devils,

From the possession of this heavenly sight!

Blow me about in winds! roast me in sulphur!

Wash me in steep-down gulfs of liquid fire!—

O Desdemona! Desdemona! dead?

Dead? O! O!

Sustain itself, dντερείδειν, or -εσθαι. That with this little arm and this good sword, when wielding this good sword with weak hand. I have made my way, I beat down far more impediments than you are able to throw in my way (έμποδών). Butt, σκοπός. Sea-mark, γραμμή. Μαη, όπλίζεσθαι, οr έξοπλίζεσθαι. At court, in last judgment. And fiends will snatch at it, a chase (θήραμα) for the goddesses below. O, Desdemona, luckless-one (δισδαίμων), O luckless one. Dead? breathest thou yet? O! O! Alas (οίμοι) yet again, even in third cryings-of-alas (οίμωγμα): or perhaps better rendered by exclamations extra metrum, as in Soph. Trach. 1081—2, Phil. 739.

### EXERCISE LXX.

To be, or not to be, that is the question:— Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to suffer' The stings and arrows of outrageous fortune; Or to take arms against a sea of troubles,

And, by opposing, end them?—To die,—to sleep,— No more;—and, by a sleep, to say we end The heart-ache, and the thousand natural shocks That flesh is heir to,—'tis a consummation Devoutly to be wish'd. To die; -to sleep; --To sleep! perchance to dream;—ay, there's the rub: For in that sleep of death what dreams may come, When we have shuffled off this mortal coil, Must give us pause: there's the respect, That makes calamity of so long life: For who would bear the whips and scorns of time, The oppressor's wrong, the proud man's contumely, The pangs of despis'd love, the law's delay, The insolence of office, and the spurns That patient merit of the unworthy takes. When he himself might his quietus make With a bare bodkin? who would fardels bear, To grunt and sweat under a weary life; But that the dread of something after death,— The undiscover'd country, from whose bourn No traveller returns,—puzzles the will; And makes us rather bear those ills we have, Than fly to others that we know not of?

To be, or not to be, behoves it to live longer or not? Is the question, to-be-sought. Slings, βέλος. Sea, cf. Eur. Hipp. 822. To die? to sleep? no more, is not death equal to sleep? And by a sleep to say, and if by sleep it is allowed. That flesh is heir to, of which the-mortul body is-by-nature possessor, cf. Soph. Ajax, 508. Devoutly to be wished, ζηλωτός άγαν. The rub, τὸ δύσφορον. Shuffle off, ἐκδύειν. Coil, βάρος. Give pause, ἐμβάλλειν φροντίδα οτ ἐνθύμιον. Time, fortune. Pangs, cf. Soph. Trach. 42. Despised, ὁ μάτην. Office, of ἐν τέλει. Merit, ὁ χρηστός. Patient, τλημώνως. When he himself, It being possible for him having drawn a dagger to obtain oblivion. Sweat, cf. Soph. Ajax, 10. Puzzles, σνγχεῦν.

### EXERCISE LXXI.

King. I am not a day of season,
For thou mayst see a sunshine and a hail
In me at once: but to the brightest beams
Distracted clouds give way; so stand thou forth,
The time is fair again.

Ber. My high-repented blames, Dear sovereign, pardon to me.

King. All is whole;
Not one word more of the consumed time.
Let's take the instant by the forward top;
For we are old, and on our quick'st decrees
The inaudible and noiseless foot of time
Steals ere we can effect them: you remember
The daughter of this lord?

Ber. Admiringly, my liege: at first
I stuck my choice upon her, ere my heart
Durst make too bold a herald of my tongue:
Where the impression of mine eye infixing,
Contempt his scornful perspective did lend me,
Which warp'd the line of every other favour;
Scorn'd a fair colour, or express'd it stol'n;
Extended or contracted all proportions,
To a most hideous object: thence it came,
That she, whom all men prais'd, and whom myself,
Since I have lost, have lov'd, was in mine eye
The dust that did offend it.

I am not a day of season, I have not the thorough-wet nature of the Hyades. The time is fair, the sky smiles. My high-repented blames, what having much sinned I much regretted. Is whole, ξχειν λυτήριον ἄκοs. Forward top, προύχουσα ἀκμή. Steals, gently (ήσυ-

χος) comes-after. I stuck my choice upon her, my desire fixed (σκήπτευ) towards her. Ere my heart, &c., ere I nourished boldness in my breast, so that my mouth should proclaim my thoughts. Contempt, Contemping I received a disdainful eye, changing the favour of all other things (so as to be) favourless. Fair colour, εθχρους χλιδή. Dust, κόνις οr άχνη τις.

## EXERCISE LXXII.

Lor. The moon shines bright:—In such a night as this,

When the sweet wind did gently kiss the trees, And they did make no noise; in such a night, Troilus, methinks, mounted the Trojan walls, And sigh'd his soul toward the Grecian tents, Where Cressid lay that night.

Jes. In such a night
Did Thisbe fearfully o'ertrip the dew;
And saw the lion's shadow ere himself,
And ran dismay'd away.

Lor. In such a night
Stood Dido with a willow in her hand
Upon the wild sea-banks, and wav'd her love
To come again to Carthage.

Jes. In such a night
Medea gather'd the enchanted herbs
That did renew old Æson.

Lor. In such a night
Did Jessica steal from the wealthy Jew:
And with an unthrift love did run from Venice,
As far as Belmont.

Jes. And in such a night
Did young Lorenzo swear he lov'd her well;

Stealing her soul with many vows of faith, And ne'er a true one.

Lor. And in such a night Did pretty Jessica, like a little shrew, Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

Sweet, εὐāήs. Did gently kiss, was moving with gentle touchings (προσβολαί) of kisses. Methinks, ώς εἰκάσαι, οτ ἐπεικάσαι. Mounted, ἐπαμβατήρ οτ ἐπειμβάτης, with gen. Sigh'd, πνεῦν. Toward, ἀποσκοπών εἰς οτ πρός. Cressid, Κρῆσσις. Fearfully o'erstrip the dew, setlightly (κουφίζειν) a trembling foot in the dews. Run away, φυγήν αἰρειν. Willow, Ιτέα. Wild sea banks, cf. Æsch. P. V. 713. Wav'd, called with motions of arms. Love, φιλήτωρ. Carthage, Καρχηδών. Enchanted herbs, φύλλων ἐπφδαί. Steal, φυγὰς κλέπτειν. Jew, substitute futher. Venice, Ένετῶν ἀστυ οτ πόλις. Belmont, this dwelling of Portia. Vow of faith, ὅρκωμα οτ πίστωμα. Shrew, πικρόγλωσσος γυνή οτ λάλημα.

### EXERCISE LXXIII.

I shall lack voice: the deeds of Coriolanus Should not be utter'd feebly.—It is held, That valour is the chiefest virtue, and Most dignifies the haver: if it be, The man I speak of cannot in the world Be singly counterpois'd. At sixteen years, When Tarquin made a head for Rome, he fought Beyond the mark of others: our then dictator, Whom with all praise I point at, saw him fight, When with his Amazonian chin he drove The bristled lips before him: he bestrid An o'erpress'd Roman, and i' the consul's view Slew three opposers: Tarquin's self he met, And struck him on his knee: in that day's feats,

When he might act the woman in the scene, He prov'd best man i' the field, and for his meed Was brow-bound with the oak. His pupil age Man-entered thus, he waxed like a sea; And, in the brunt of seventeen battles since, He lurch'd all swords o' the garland.

### EXERCISE LXXIV.

Know, then, it is your fault, that you resign The supreme seat, the throne majestical, The sceptred office of your ancestors, Your state of fortune, and your due of birth, The lineal glory of your royal house, To the corruption of a blemish'd stock: Whilst, in the mildness of your sleepy thoughts, (Which here we waken to our country's good,) The noble isle doth want her proper limbs; Her face defac'd with scars of infamy, Her royal stock graft with ignoble plants, And almost shoulder'd in the swallowing gulf Of dark forgetfulness and deep oblivion. Which to recure, we heartily solicit Your gracious self to take on you the charge

And kingly government of this your land:
Not as protector, steward, substitute,
Or lowly factor for another's gain:
But as successively from blood to blood,
Your right of birth, your empery, your own.
For this, consorted with the citizens,
Your very worshipful and loving friends,
And by their vehement instigation,
In this just suit come I to move your grace.

Know then, know then that-thou-erredst thyself who (ὅστις) resignest. Sceptred office, σκηπτουχία. Lineal, πατρώος οτ ὁ πατρόθεν. Corruption of a blemished stock, αΐσχος νοθαγενές. Whilst in the mildness, &c., meanwhile thou sleepest the sleep of an easy (ῥάθυμος) soul from which we rouse thee, so providing for (προσκοπεῖσθαι) our country's common weal. Shoulder'd, ποντίζεσθαι. Gulf of dark forgetfulness, σκότου κευθμών. Deep oblivion, λήθης βάθος. Your gracious self, thyself, O excellent prince. Lowly factor for, slavishly working out. But as successively, cf. Soph. Antig. 174. Consorted with, συνέμπορος. Your very worshipful, revering thee greatly (κάρτα) in loving feelings (φρόνημα).

#### EXERCISE LXXV.

Sir, I desire you, do me right and justice;
And to bestow your pity on me: for
I am a most poor woman, and a stranger,
Born out of your dominions; having here
No judge indifferent, nor no more assurance
Of equal friendship and proceeding. Alas, Sir,
In what have I offended you? what cause
Hath my behaviour given to your displeasure,
That thus you should proceed to put me off,
And take your good grace from me? Heaven witness,
I have been to you a true and humble wife,

At all times to your will conformable:

Ever in fear to kindle your dislike,
Yea, subject to your countenance; glad, or sorry,
As I saw it inclin'd. When was the hour,
I ever contradicted your desire,
Or made it not mine too? Or which of your friends
Have I not strove to love, although I knew
He were mine enemy? what friend of mine
That had to him deriv'd your anger, did I
Continue in my liking? nay, give notice
He was from thence discharg'd?

Desire,  $d\xi\iota\iota\iota\iota\nu$ . Do right and justice,  $\delta\rho\theta\eta\nu$  kal  $\ell\nu\nu\rho\mu\nu\nu$  kpluew  $\delta l\kappa\eta\nu$   $\tau\iota\nu l$ . Bestow,  $\nu\ell\mu\epsilon\iota\nu$ . Nor no more assurance, None whom I may trust that he will give ( $\delta\iota\alpha\phi\ell\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ ) an equal vote with equal mind. In what,  $\pi\omega$ s; That,  $d\nu\theta$   $\delta\nu$ . Put me off,  $\pi\alpha\rho\nu\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$   $\tau d$   $\epsilon\mu d$   $\lambda\epsilon\chi\eta$ . Conformable,  $\nu\phi\epsilon\iota\mu\ell\nu\nu$ s, also of. Eur. Med. 13. To kindle your dislike, lest I ( $\tau d$   $\epsilon\mu d$ ) should-become bitter to-thee. Yea subject to your countenance, watching thy visage, how it inclined, joying with they joyous, saddened with thee sad. Or made it not mine too, and wished not everything with thee wishing. Strove to love, loved in-spite-of inclination ( $\phi\rho\ell\nu\nu$ s). That had to him derived,  $\kappa\kappa\kappa\tau\eta\mu\ell\nu$ os. Gave notice,  $\kappa\alpha\tau\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ . Discharged,  $\epsilon\kappa\beta\lambda\lambda\kappa\sigma\theta$ aι or  $\epsilon\kappa\pi\iota\tau\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ .

#### EXERCISE LXXVI.

Tal. O young John Talbot! I did send for thee, To tutor thee in stratagems of war; That Talbot's name might be in thee reviv'd, When sapless age, and weak unable limbs, Should bring thy father to his drooping chair. But,—O malignant and ill-boding stars!—Now thou art come unto a feast of death, A terrible and unavoided danger: Therefore, dear boy, mount on my swiftest horse;

And I'll direct thee how thou shalt escape By sudden flight: come, dally not, be gone.

John. Is my name Talbot? and am I your son? And shall I fly? O, if you love my mother, Dishonour not her honourable name, To make a bastard and a slave of me: The world will say—He is not Talbot's blood, That basely fled, when noble Talbot stood.

Tal. Fly, to revenge my death, if I be slain. John. He, that flies so, will ne'er return again. Tal. If we both stay, we both are sure to die. John. Then let me stay; and, father, do you fly:

Your loss is great, so your regard should be;
My worth unknown, no loss is known in me.
Upon my death the French can little boast;
In yours they will, in you all hopes are lost.
Flight cannot stain the honour you have won;
But mine it will, that no exploit have done:
You fled for vantage every one will swear;
But, if I bow, they'll say—it was for fear.
There is no hope that ever I will stay,
If, the first hour, I shrink, and run away.
Here, on my knee, I beg mortality,
Rather than life preserv'd with infamy.

Tal. Shall all thy mother's hopes lie in one tomb?
John. Ay, rather than I'll shame my mother's womb.
Tal. Upon my blessing I command thee go.
John. To fight I will, but not to fly the foe.
Tal. Part of thy father may be sav'd in thee.
John. No part of him, but will be shame in me.
Tal. Thou never hadst renown, nor canst not lose it.
John. Yes, your renowned name; shall flight abuse it?

Tal. Thy father's charge shall clear thee from that stain.

John. You cannot witness for me, being slain. If death be so apparent, then both fly.

Tal. And leave my followers here, to fight, and die?
My age was never tainted with such shame.

John. And shall my youth be guilty of such blame? No more can I be sever'd from your side,
Than can yourself yourself in twain divide:
Stay, go, do what you will, the like do I;
For live I will not, if my father die.

Tal. Then here I take my leave of thee, fair son, Born to eclipse thy life this afternoon.

Come, side by side together live and die;

And soul with soul from France to heaven fly.

Young John Talbot, son of-the-same-name with-me. Send for, πέμπεσθαι. Tutor, ἐκδιδάσκειν. Talbot's, my. Be revived, ἀνηβᾶν οτ ήβαν πάλιν. Sapless, ξηρός. O malignant, for this day has evil omens. Now thou art come, thou-art-present at (els) man-devouring (ἀνδροβρώς) murders. Come, ela. Dally not, cf. Soph. Antig. 577. My mother, thy wife and  $(\delta \epsilon)$  my mother. And a slave, slave instead-of free. The world, mortals will say that I am not thy son, if I fly basely while my father stays. Fly to revenge, fly that thou mayest return, avenger of death to thy father. He that flies so, but who flying thus would return again? Your loss is great, if thou, being slain, the calamity is severe, thou oughtest to value (πρεσβεύειν) thine own life. My worth unknown, but I, being unknown (donµos), of how much (ô $\sigma$ ov $\pi$  $\epsilon \rho$ ) I am worthy, shall be lightly esteemed in death. Can little boast, cf. Eur. Troad. 1250. French, Κέλται. For vantage, δφέλους ούνεκα. The first hour, when-I-came (ἐλθών) first into battle. On my kneel, γονυπετής. Mortality, to die. Life preserved, to buy a life of shame. Upon my blessing, fly if thou regardest thy father's vows. No part of him, what part pray

<sup>1.</sup> yovereris means "falling at the knees (of the person entreated)" rather than "falling on the knees."

so as not to bring-on ( $\mu h$ ) of with participle, cf. Soph. E. T. 221) me some disgrace? Thou never hadst, &c. thou couldst not fall-from fame that never existed ( $\delta \mu \eta \pi \sigma r' \delta \nu$ ). Followers,  $\xi \nu r \delta \omega \nu$ . My age, not yet though old have I contracted (alpeable) this disgrace. My youth, I, a youth. No more can I, &c. no more shalt thou forcibly divide me (so as) not to be-with-thee ( $\xi \chi \varepsilon \nu \nu$  paperouslav) than thyself. Stay, go, in thee is my part ( $\tau \delta \dot{\epsilon} \mu \delta \nu$ ) whether, to stay here or to fly, or what of other things thou wilt. Take my leave, address thee for the last time. Come side by side, &c. it behoves to live and die together, and together from this land to seek the abode of heaven.

### EXERCISE LXXVII.

Stan. Fortune and victory sit on thy helm!

Richm. All comfort that the dark night can afford,

Be to thy person, noble father-in-law!

Tell me, how fares our loving mother?

Stan. I, by attorney, bless thee from thy mother, Who prays continually for Richmond's good; So much for that.—The silent hours steal on, And flaky darkness breaks within the east. In brief, for so the season bids us be, Prepare thy battle early in the morning; And put thy fortune to the arbitrement Of bloody strokes, and mortal-staring war. I, as I may, (that which I would, I cannot,) With best advantage will deceive the time, And aid thee in this doubtful shock of arms: But on thy side I may not be too forward. Lest, being seen, thy brother, tender George Be executed in his father's sight: Farewell: the leisure and the fearful time Cuts off the ceremonious vows of love. And ample interchange of sweet discourse,

Which so long sunder'd friends should dwell upon; God give us leisure for these rites of love! Once more adieu:—be valiant, and speed well!

Sit on, προσίζευ. All comfort, may you profit (2nd 201. of δνίναμαι) as much profit (δνησις) at-least as (is) from the darkness of night. By attorney, διάδοχος. So much for that, εἶεν. Silent hours steal on, (the) hours steal a flight with noiseless (ἄψοφος) step. Within the east, from-the-east. Arbitrement, ελεγχος. Mortal staring war γοργωπός μάχη. I cannot, cf. Antig. 79. Doubtful, equally-poised. Interchange, ἀμοιβαί, μεταλλαγαί. Sweet discourse, εὐφιλῆ προσφθέγματα.

#### EXERCISE LXXVIII.

Gaunt. All places that the eye of heaven visits, Are to a wise man ports and happy havens. Teach thy necessity to reason thus; There is no virtue like necessity. Think not the king did banish thee, But thou the king: woe doth the heavier sit, Where it perceives it is but faintly borne. Go, say-I sent thee forth to purchase honour, And not-The king exiled thee: or suppose, Devouring pestilence hangs in our air, And thou art flying to a fresher clime. Look, what thy soul holds dear, imagine it To lie that way thou go'st not whence thou com'st: Suppose the singing birds musicians, The grass whereon thou tread'st the presence strew'd, The flowers fair ladies, and thy steps no more Than a delightful measure, or a dance; For gnarling sorrow hath less power to bite The man that mocks at it, and sets it light.

Boling. O, who can hold a fire in his hand,
By thinking on the frosty Caucasus?
Or cloy the hungry edge of appetite,
By bare imagination of a feast?
Or wallow naked in December snow,
By thinking on fantastic summer's heat?
O, no! the apprehension of the good
Gives but the greater feeling to the worse:
Fell sorrow's tooth doth never rankle more,
Than when it bites, but lanceth not the sore.

Gaunt. Come, come, my son, I'll bring thee on thy way.

Had I thy youth and cause, I would not stay.

Boling. Then, England's ground, farewell; sweets soil, adieu;

My mother, and my nurse, that bears me yet! Where'er I wander, boast of this I can,— Though banish'd, yet a true-born Englishman.

Ports and happy havens, εδορμος λιμήν. When it perceives, when it-knows-of (συνειδέναι dat.) one-bearing (it) ill (δυσλόφως). Το purchase honour, τιμής κατά ζήτησιν, οτ ἐμπόλημα. Devouring, βρωτήρ. Hangs, αίωρεῖσθαι. Fair ladies, καλλιπάρθενος χάρις οτ χλιδή. Than a delightful measure, (think) that you dance pleasantly in rhythmical (εθρυθμος) measures (δρχημα). Cloy, ἀμβλύνειν. Wallow, ἐγκαλινδεῖσθαι. By thinking on, thinking of (ἐννοεῖν) the hot (part) of summer, an empty fancy. Rankle, ἐλκοῦν. Lanceth, διαμπερὲς τέμνειν. Bring on way, ὁδοῦ προπομπὸς είναι. England's ground, γή Βρεταννίς. My nurse, δ θρέψασά με. True-born, γνησίως πεφυκέναι.

#### EXERCISE LXXIX.

Ant. Tell me, Panthino, what sad talk was that, Wherewith my brother held you in the cloister?

Pan. 'Twas of his nephew Proteus, your son.

Ant. Why, what of him?

Pan. He wonder'd that your lordship

Would suffer him to spend his youth at home;

While other men, of slender reputation,

Put forth their sons to seek preferment out:

Some, to the wars, to try their fortune there;

Some, to 'discover islands far away:

Some, to the studious universities.

For any or for all these exercises,

He said, that Proteus, your son, was meet,

And did request me to importune you,

To let him spend his time no more at home,

Which would be great impeachment to his age,

In having known no travel in his youth.

Sad, earnest. Wherewith,  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$   $\dot{\phi}$ . Cloister,  $a\dot{v}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}la$   $\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\eta$ . Spend his youth at home,  $\ddot{\eta}\beta\eta\nu$  olkovpe $\dot{v}\nu$ . Preferment,  $\dot{a}\xi\iota\omega\mu a$ . Some to the wars, some as going-to-venture ( $\kappa\nu\beta\epsilon\dot{\nu}\epsilon\nu$ ) fortune of-Ares. To discover, going-to-colonize an island, a distant search. Studious universities, cf. Soph. Frag. 779. Meet,  $\epsilon\dot{\nu}\phi\nu\dot{\eta}s$ . To his age, to (him when) an old man. In his youth, (to him) young.

#### EXERCISE LXXX.

Lys. How now, my love? Why is your cheek so pale?

How chance the roses there do fade so fast?

Her. Belike, for want of rain; which I could well Beteem them from the tempest of mine eyes.

Lys. Ah me! for aught that ever I could read,

Could ever hear by tale or history, The course of true love never did run smooth: But, either it was different in blood;

Her. O cross! too high to be enthrall'd to low!

Lys. Or else misgraffed, in respect of years;

Her. O spite! too old to be engaged to young!

Lys. Or else it stood upon the choice of friends:

Her. O hell! to choose love by another's eye!

Lys. Or, if there were a sympathy in choice, War, death, or sickness did lay siege to it; Making it momentary as a sound, Swift as a shadow, short as any dream; Brief as the lightning in the collied night, That, in a spleen, unfolds both heaven and earth, And ere a man hath power to say,—Behold!

The jaws of darkness to devour it up: So quick bright things come to confusion.

How now? what matter (is there)? Pale, draimos. Belike, to conjecture. For want of, not-having-tasted. Tempest of mine eyes, χειμῶν ὁμματοσταγής. Read, do not use draγιγνώσκειν, but διέρχεσθαι, ἐκπερῶν οι ζητεῖν. Different, drώμαλος. O cross, terrible (that) the well-born (should) be yoked to the ill-born. O, spite, στυγνών. It stood upon, or some choice of friends ratified it. O, hell, alaî. Another's, θυραῖος. Lay siege, προσῆσθαι. Short as any dream, Ισόνειρος. Collied, obscured, black. Spleen, fash. Do devour, are first (φθάνειν) (in) devouring. Bright, λαμπρός.

### EXERCISE LXXXL

Luc. Give us the proudest prisoner of the Goths, That we may hew his limbs, and, on a pile, Ad manes fratrum sacrifice his flesh, Before this earthy prison of their bones;

That so the shadows be not unappeased, Nor we disturb'd with prodigies on earth.

Tit. I give him you; the noblest that survives, The eldest son of this distressed queen.

Tam. Stay. Roman brethren!—Gracious conquerer. Victorious Titus, rue the tears I shed. A mother's tears in passion for her son: And, if thy sons were ever dear to thee, O, think my son to be as dear to me. Sufficeth not that we are brought to Rome To beautify thy triumphs, and return, Captive to thee and to thy Roman yoke; But must my sons be slaughter'd in the streets, For valiant doings in their country's cause? O! if to fight for king and commonweal Were piety in thine, it is in these. Andronicus, stain not thy tomb with blood: Wilt thou draw near the nature of the gods? Draw near them, then in being merciful; Sweet mercy is nobility's true badge; Thrice-noble Titus, spare my first-born son.

Proudest, most noble. Hew, διαρταμεῦν. Ad manes fratrum, cf. Æsch. Choeph. 15. Persæ 610. Earthly prison, φράγμα κατῶρυξ. Unappeased, ἄθελκτος. On earth, participle of βλέπεω or δρῶν in agreement with "we". A mother's tears, (I) a mother on account of a son, a most painful passion. Sufficeth not, do not we suffice (ἀρκεῖν) brought to Rome? To beautify, (as) an ornament (ἀγλατρια, ἄγαλμα,) of thy victory-bearing return. For valiant doings, because they acted-bravely (ἀριστεύεω). Draw near, ὁμοιοῦσθαι. In being merciful, (in) fostering a kindly (πρευμενής) spirit. Nobility—noble, use kindred words.

### EXERCISE LXXXII.

Cleo. I dream'd there was an emperor Antony:—
O, such another sleep, that I might see
But such another man!

Dol. If it might please you,—

Cleo. His face was as the heavens; and therein stuck A sun and moon, which kept their course, and lighted The little O, the earth.

Dol. Most sovereign creature,-

Cleo. His legs bestrid the ocean: his rear'd arm Crested the world: his voice was propertied As all the tuned spheres, and that to friends; But when he meant to quail and shake the orb, He was as rattling thunder. For his bounty, There was no winter in't; an autumn 'twas, That grew the more by reaping: his delights Were dolphin-like; they shew'd his back above The element they lived in: in his livery Walk'd crowns and crownets; realms and islands were As plates dropp'd from his pocket.

Dol. Cleopatra —

Cleo. Think you there was, or might be, such a man As this I dream'd of?

I dreamed, in-a-dream I saw Antony a king. If it might please you, if these-things are in-no-wise displeasing (dφανδάνειν) to thee. Kept their course, drove in brilliant courses. The little O, the little plain of the orbed (εθκυκλοs) earth. Bestrid, dμφιβαίνειν. His reared arm, over the earth the outstretchings of-his-hands were a crown (θριγκόs). Tuned, dραρώs. His delights, and he sported like a dolphin and shewed-forth his back on-high (μετάρσιοs) (from) his customary haunts (ξυνήθεις έπιστροφαί). In his livery, and there was an attending (bπισθόπουs) array of ornaments and crowns. Plates, νόμισμα. Pocket, girdle. Was, 2nd aor. of φύω. Might be, fut. of γίγνομαι.

### EXERCISE LXXXIII.

## FOR ANAPÆSTIC VERSE.

Now strike the golden lyre again:
A louder yet and yet a louder strain,
Break his bands of sleep asunder,
And rouse him like a rattling peal of thunder.

Hark, hark, the horrid sound Has raised up his head, As awaked from the dead And amazed he stares around.

Revenge, revenge! Timotheus cries, See the furies arise! See the snakes that they rear,

How they hiss in their hair, And the sparkles that flash from their eyes!

Behold a ghastly band, Each a torch in his hand!

Those are the Grecian ghosts that in battle were slain

And unburied remain Inglorious on the plain. Give the vengeance due To the valiant crew.

Behold how they toss their torches on high, How they point to the Persian abodes,

And glittering temples of their hostile gods!

The princes applaud with a furious joy,

And the king seized a flambeau with zeal to destroy,

Thais led the way

To light him to his prey,

And like another Helen fired another Troy.

Now, νὺν δή. Strike, πλήκτρω κροτεῦν or κρέκεω. Golden, χρυσεόνωτοs. A louder, let the sound go from the strings great, and yet again greater. The horrid sound, he raised (ἀνακουφίζεω) his head already at (πρὸς οτ ὑπό) the fearful sound. Awaked, ἀφυπνίζεσθαι. Stare around, περιπαπταίνεω. Revenge, render by imperatives, or Come, come, Justice. Arise, ἀναφαίνεσθαι, ἐπανίστασθαι. Rear, μετεωρίζεω. Hiss, σύριγμα ἰέναι, συρίζεω. Ghastly, ἀχρός. In his hand, διά χειρὸς ἐχεω. Were slain, θάνατον κιγχάνεω. Unburied, ἀμορος τάφου. Due, ὅπερ ἀξιόν ἐστι. Toss on high, ἀνασείεω. Point to, mark (ἀποδηλοῦν) the finger-shewn abodes. Hostile, ἀντίπαλος. With zeal, μάλα ἐπευγόμενος. Led the way, παραφαίνεω. Another (ἔτερος) bring together "another" and "another", "Helen" and "Troy".

# EXERCISE LXXXIV.

Luc. Better forbear, till Protheus make return.

Jul. Oh, know'st thou not, his looks are my soul's food?

Pity the dearth that I have pined in,

By longing for that food so long a time.

Did'st thou but know the inly touch of love,

Thou wouldst as soon go kindle fire with snow,

As seek to quench the fire of love with words.

Luc. I do not seek to quench your love's hot fire; But qualify the fire's extreme rage, Lest it should burn above the bounds of reason.

Jul. The more thou damm'st it up, the more it burns: The current, that with gentle murmur glides,
Thou know'st, being stopp'd, impatiently doth rage;
But, when his fair course is not hindered,
He makes sweet music with th' enamell'd stones,
Giving a gentle kiss to every sedge
He overtaketh in his pilgrimage;
And so by many winding nooks he strays,

With willing sport, to the wild ocean.

Then let me go, and hinder not my course:

I'll be as patient as a gentle stream,

And make a pastime of each weary step,

Till the last step have brought me to my love;

And there I'll rest, as, after much turmoil,

A blessed soul doth in Elysium.

Know'st thou not his looks are my soul's food? Know'st thou not  $\tau$ 00 $\mu$ 6 $\nu$ 6 $\nu$ 7 how I am wholly fed by his aspect? Pity, therefore you ought to pity. As soon...ss,  $\tau$ ather...than. Qualify...lest,  $\kappa$ ata $\sigma$ 2 $\kappa$ 2 $\nu$  $\mu$ 9 (with infin.). The more thou damm'st it up, to one restraining more. Being stopp'd, any one stopping ( $\phi$ 6 $\sigma$ 6 $\sigma$  $\nu$ ). Impatiently, without bit. Sedge,  $\chi$ 16 $\tau$ 9. Pilgrinage,  $\pi$ 1 $\sigma$ 1 $\sigma$ 1 $\sigma$ 1 $\sigma$ 2 $\sigma$ 5. Doth in Eysium, hath divine repose.

### EXERCISE LXXXV.

Duke. Sir Valentine, whither away so fast?

Val. Please it your grace, there is a messenger

That stays to bear my letters to my friends,

And I am going to deliver them.

Duke. Be they of much import?

Val. The tenor of them doth but signify

My health, and happy being at your court.

Duke. Nay then no matter; stay with me awhile; I am to break with thee of some affairs,
That touch me near, wherein thou must be secret.
'Tis not unknown to thee, that I have sought
To match my friend, Sir Thurio, to my daughter.

Val. I know it well, my lord; and sure the match Were rich and honourable; besides, the gentleman Is full of virtue, bounty, worth, and qualities Beseeming such a wife as your fair daughter: Cannot your grace win her to fancy him?

Duke. No, trust me; she is peevish, sullen, froward, Proud, disobedient; stubborn, lacking duty; Neither regarding that she is my child, Nor fearing me as if I were her father:
And, may I say to thee, this pride of hers, Upon advice, hath drawn my love from her; And, where I thought the remnant of mine age Should have been cherish'd by her child-like duty, I now am full resolv'd to take a wife, And turn her out to who will take her in:
Then let her beauty be her wedding-dower; For me, and my possessions, she esteems not.

Sir Valentine (omit). Please it, your grace, if no harm, my lord. Of...import, σπουδαίοι. I am to break with thee, since (it is) needful that I impart. To take a wife, θιγείν, a second bed. Wedding-dower, φερναί. Esteems not, ουδαμοῦ λέγευ.

#### EXERCISE LXXXVI.

Why, Phaeton, (for thou art Merops' son)
Wilt thou aspire to guide the heavenly car,
And with thy daring folly burn the world?
Wilt thou reach stars, because they shine on thee?
Go, base intruder! over-weening slave!
Bestow thy fawning smiles on equal mates;
And think, my patience, more than thy desert,
Is privilege for thy departure hence:
Thank me for this, more than for all the favours,
Which, all too much, I have bestow'd on thee.

But if thou linger in my territories, Longer than swiftest expedition Will give thee time to leave our royal court, By heaven, my wrath shall far exceed the love I ever bore my daughter, or thyself. Begone, I will not hear thy vain excuse, But, as thou lov'st thy life, make speed from hence.

Merop, Meρόπη. Heavenly, φοιβείος. And think, &c., and know well thou hast escaped more on account of my compassionate character than of thy desert.

#### EXERCISE LXXXVII.

Duke. Now, my co-mates, and brothers in exile, Hath not old custom made this life more sweet Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods More free from peril than the envious court? Here feel we but the penalty of Adam, The seasons' difference; as the icy fang, And churlish chiding of the winter's wind; Which when it bites and blows upon my body, Even till I shrink with cold, I smile, and say,— This is no flattery: these are counsellors That feelingly persuade me what I am. Sweet are the uses of adversity; Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous, Wears yet a precious jewel in his head; And this our life, exempt from public haunt, Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, Sermons in stones, and good in every thing.

Ami. I would not change it. Happy is your grace,

That can translate the stubbornness of fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a style.

Duke. Come, shall we go and kill us venison? And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools,—
Being native burghers of this desert city,—
Should in their own confines, with forked heads,
Have their round haunches gor'd.

Old custom, δ συνήθης χρόνος. Of Adam, πρώταρχος. Difference, successive orbits. Feelingly persuade, πάθει μαθεῖν τιθέναι. Dappled, ποικιλόθριξ. With forked heads, with δικραῖ ἀκμαί of arrows.

#### EXERCISE LXXXVIII.

Puc. Look on thy country, look on fertile France, And see the cities and the towns defac'd By wasting ruin of the cruel foe!
As looks the mother on her lowly babe,
When death doth close his tender dying eyes,
See, see, the pining malady of France;
Behold the wounds, the most unnatural wounds,
Which thou thyself hast given her woeful breast!
O, turn thy edged sword another way;
Strike those that hurt, and hurt not those that help!
One drop of blood, drawn from thy country's bosom,
Should grieve thee more than streams of foreign gore;
Return thee, therefore, with a flood of tears,
And wash away thy country's stained spots!

Bur. Either she hath bewitch'd me with her words, Or nature makes me suddenly relent.

Puc. Besides, all French and France exclaims on thee, Doubting thy birth and lawful progeny. Who join'st thou with, but with a lordly nation, That will not trust thee, but for profit's sake? When Talbot hath set footing once in France, And fashion'd thee that instrument of ill, Who then, but English Henry, will be lord, And thou be thrust out, like a fugitive? Call we to mind,—and mark but this, for proof;— Was not the Duke of Orleans thy foe? And was he not in England prisoner? But, when they heard he was thine enemy, They set him free, without his ransom paid, In spite of Burgundy, and all his friends. See then! thou fight'st against thy countrymen, And join'st with them will be thy slaughter-men. Come, come, return; return, thou wand'ring lord; Charles, and the rest, will take thee in their arms.

France, ή Κελτική. Defaced, robbed of former beauty. Unnatural, most odious sight. Foreign, ξπακτος. Doubting, διχορρόπως ξχεω. And fashion'd thee that instrument of ill, and thou by his workmanship art become contriver of such evil. Duke of Orleans, τύραννον τέκνον. Burgundy, σύ. Charles, the king.

#### EXERCISE LXXXIX.

Ah, who is nigh? come to me, friend or foe,
And tell me who is victor, York or Warwick?
Why ask I that? my mangled body shows,
My blood, my want of strength, my sick heart shows,
That I must yield my body to the earth,
And, by my fall, the conquest to the foe.
Thus yields the cedar to the axe's edge,
Whose arms gave shelter to the princely eagle,

Under whose shade the ramping lion slept: Whose top-branch overpeer'd Jove's spreading tree, And kept low shrubs from winter's powerful wind. These eyes, that now are dimm'd with death's black veil, Have been as piercing as the mid-day sun, To search the secret treasons of the world; The wrinkles in my brows, now fill'd with blood, Were liken'd oft to kingly sepulchres; For who liv'd king, but I could dig his grave? And who durst smile, when Warwick bent his brow? Lo, now my glory smear'd in dust and blood! My parks, my walks, my manors that I had, Even now forsake me; and of all my lands Is nothing left me but my body's length! Why, what is pomp, rule, reign, but earth and dust? And, live we how we can, yet die we must.

York, Οδορκοs. Warwick, Βάροικοs. Why ask I that? τί μήν; Ramping, ώμηστής. Bent his brow, συννέφειν δμματα. My parks, my walks, my manors, άλση άγροι τε.

### EXERCISE XC.

FOR ANAPÆSTS.

I charm thy life
From the weapons of strife,
From stone and from wood,
From fire and from flood,
From the serpent's tooth,
And the beasts of blood.
From sickness I charm thee,
And time shall not harm thee,

But earth, which is mine, Its fruits shall deny thee; And water shall hear me, And know thee, and fly thee. And the winds shall not touch thee, When they pass by thee, And the dews shall not wet thee, When they fall nigh thee, And thou shalt seek death To release thee, in vain; Thou shalt live in thy pain, While Kehama shall reign, With a fire in thy heart, . And a fire in thy brain. And sleep shall obey me, And visit thee never; And the curse shall be on thee For ever and ever.

I charm...from, I ward off, ἐπάδων. Kehama, Καθμις.

## EXERCISE XCI.

This way the noise was, if mine ear be true,
My best guide now: methought it was the sound
Of riot and ill-managed merriment,
Such as the jocund flute, or gamesome pipe,
Stirs up among the loose unlettered hinds;
When for their teeming flocks, and granges full,
In wanton dance they praise the bounteous Pan,
And thank the gods amiss. I should be loth
To meet the rudeness and swill'd insolence

Of such late wassailers: yet, oh! where else Shall I inform my unacquainted feet
In the blind mazes of this tangled wood?
My brothers, when they saw me wearied out
With this long way, resolving here to lodge
Under the spreading favour of these pines,
Stept, as they said, to the next thicket side,
To bring me berries, or such cooling fruit
As the kind hospitable woods provide.
They left me then, when the grey-hooded even,
Like a sad votarist in palmer's weed,
Rose from the hindmost wheels of Phœbus' wain.

If mine ear be true, if a sure sign reached mine ears. Stirs up among the loose unlettered hinds, &c., stirs up a throng of herdsmen to their museless and unchastened pleasure. Amiss, with thankless thanks. Yet, oh, &c., but whence else can I find an indicator, (by) what paths I must withdraw my inexperienced foot from this  $\tilde{\nu}$  dusséperos.

#### EXERCISE XCII.

Leicester, if gentle words might comfort me,
Thy speeches long ago had eas'd my sorrows;
For kind and loving hast thou always been.
The griefs of private men are soon allay'd,
But not of kings. The forest deer, being struck,
Runs to a herb that closeth up the wounds;
But when the imperial lion's flesh is gored,
He rends and tears it with his wrathful paw,
And highly scorning that the lowly earth
Should drink his blood, mounts up to th' air.
And so it fares with me, whose dauntless mind
Th' ambitious Mortimer would seek to curb;

And that unnatural queen, false Isabel,
That thus hath pent and mur'd me in a prison;
For such outrageous passions cloy my soul,
As with the wings of rancour and disdain
Full oft am I soaring up to high heav'n
To plain me to the gods against them both.
But when I call to mind I am a king,
Methinks I should revenge me of the wrongs
That Mortimer and Isabel have done.
But what are kings when regiment is gone,
But perfect shadows in a sunshine day?
My nobles rule,—I bear the name of king.

Leicester, O dearest. Mortimer, Μορτιμβροs. Isabel, my wife.

### EXERCISE XCIII.

King. Methought, Archimagus, as I was praying I' the temple near the sea, my queen, my sons, Daughters, and train of my nobility, Prostrate before the altar, on the sudden The roof did open, and from heaven a flame Descending on the images of our gods, Began to burn the sacred brows; from which Many deformed worms and hideous serpents Came crawling forth, and leaped unto our throats, Where, with their horrid circles and embrace, We were almost strangled; in this fright, methought We fled out of the temple, and as soon We saw a pale man coming from the sea, Attended by a tribe of reverend men, At whose approach the serpents all unchained

Themselves, and leaving our imprisoned necks, Crept into the earth: straight all that were with me, As I had been the prodigy, forsook me, My wife, my children, lords, my servants all, And fled to this pale man, who told me I Must submit too, humble myself to him, . This withered piece of man! at which, methought I felt a trembling shoot through every part, And with the horror thus to be deposed -I wakened. Now, Archimagus, thy art To cure thy soul-sick king.

Arch. 'Tis done already.

Methought, in shapeless shapes of nightly dreams.

#### EXERCISE XCIV.

Wherefore pay you This adoration to a sinful creature? I am flesh and blood, as you are, sensible Of heat and cold, as much a slave unto The tyranny of my passions as the meanest Of my poor subjects. The proud attributes, By oil-tongued flattery imposed upon us, As sacred, glorious, high, invincible, The deputy of heaven, and in that ' Omnipotent, with all false titles else, Coin'd to abuse our frailty, though compounded. And by the breath of sycophants applied, Cure not the least fit of an ague in us, We may give poor men riches, confer honours

On undeservers, raise or ruin such
As are beneath us, and, with this puff'd up,
Ambition would persuade us to forget
That we are men: but He that sits above us,
And to whom, at our utmost rate, we are
But pageant properties, derides our weakness:
In me, to whom you kneel, 'tis most apparent.
Can I call back yesterday, with all their aids
That bow unto my sceptre? or restore
My mind to that tranquillity and peace
It then enjoyed?—Can I make Eudocia chaste,
Or vile Paulinus honest?

With this puff'd up, &c., ambition would wish δγκον έξῆραι φρενῶν. Pageant properties, νήπιον άθυρμα. Make chaste, ἀφαγνίζειν. Eudocia, Εὐδοξία.

### EXERCISE XCV.

If it be true,
Dread sir, as 'tis affirmed, that every soil,
Where he is well, is to a valiant man
His natural country, reason may assure me
I should fix here, where blessings beyond hope,
From you, the spring, like rivers flow unto me.
If wealth were my ambition, by the queen
I am made rich already, to the amazement
Of all that see, or shall hereafter read
The story of her bounty; if to spend
The remnant of my life in deeds of arms,
No region is more fertile of good knights,
From whom my knowledge that way may be better'd,

Than this, your warlike Hungary; if favour,
Or grace in court could take me, by your grant,
Far, far beyond my merit, I may make
In yours a free election; but alas! sir,
I am not mine own, but my destiny
(Which I cannot resist) forced to prefer
My country's smoke before the glorious fire
With which your bounties warm me. All I ask, sir,
Though I cannot be ignorant it must relish
Of foul ingratitude, is your gracious license
For my departure.

Hungary, Τγρία. It must relish of foul ingratitude, I may seem μη είδεται την δικαίαν χάριν, as some bad man.

#### EXERCISE XCVL

I come not, Emperor, to invade thy mercy
By fawning on thy fortune; nor bring with me
Excuses or denials. I profess,
And with a good man's confidence, even this instant
That I am in thy power, I was thine enemy;
Thy deadly and vowed enemy: one that wished
Confusion to thy person and estates;
And with my utmost powers and deepest counsels,
Had they been truly follow'd, further'd it.
Nor will I now, although my neck were under
The hangman's axe, with one poor syllable
Confess, but that I honour'd the French king
More than myself and all men.

Now give me leave,
My hate against thyself and love to him
Freely acknowledged, to give up the reasons
That made me so affected:—In my wants
I ever found him faithful; had supplies
Of men and monies from him; and my hopes,
Quite sunk, were, by his grace, buoy'd up again:
He was, indeed, to me, as my good angel
To guard me from all dangers. I dare speak,
Nay, must and will, his praise now, in as high
And loud a key as when he was thy equal.
The benefits he sow'd in me met not
Unthankful ground, but yielded him his own
With fair increase, and I still glory in it.

Invade, ἐφορμεῖν. I was thine enemy, thy deadly and vowed enemy, I was ill-affected to thee then, nay διώμοτος that I would be ill-affected to thee ever. Neck under hangman's axe, sword about to fall on neck.

#### EXERCISE XCVII.

What have I
Omitted, in the power of flesh and blood,
Even in the birth to strangle the designs of
This hell-bred wolf, my son? alas! my lords,
I am no God, nor like him could foresee
His cruel thoughts and cursed purposes:
Nor would the sun at my command forbear
To make his progress to the other world,
Affording to it one continued light.
Nor could my breath disperse those foggy mists,
Cover'd with which, and darkness of the night,

Their navy, undiscern'd, without resistance,
Beset our harbour; make not that my fault,
Which you in justice must ascribe to fortune.
But if that, nor my former acts, nor what
I have deliver'd, can prevail with you
To make good my integrity and truth,
Rip up this bosom, and pluck out the heart
That hath been ever loyal.

Thou searcher of men's hearts,
And such defender of the innocent,
(My other trying sins awhile not look'd on,)
If I in this am guilty, strike me dead,
Or by some unexpected means confirm
I am accus'd unjustly.

Flesh and blood, men. Strangle, ἀπαμβλῶσαι. In the birth, coming to light. Hell-bred, νέρτερος.

## EXERCISE XCVIIL

### ANAPAESTS OR IAMBICS.

Howl ye; for the day of the Lord is at hand; It shall come as a destruction from the Almighty; Therefore shall all hands be faint,
And every man's heart shall melt;
And they shall be afraid:
Pangs and sorrows shall take hold of them;
They shall be in pain as a woman that travaileth:
They shall be amazed one at another;
Their faces shall be as flames.
Behold, the day of the Lord cometh,
Cruel both with wrath and fierce anger,
To lay the land desolate;

And he shall destroy the scorners thereof out of it. For the stars of heaven and the constellations thereof Shall not give their light;

The sun shall be darkened in his going forth,

And the moon shall not cause her light to shine.

A woman that travaileth, λεχώ.

## EXERCISE XCIX.

#### ANAPAESTS OR IAMBICS.

They that go down to the sea in ships, And do business in great waters; These men see the works of the Lord, And his wonders in the deep. For at his word the stormy wind ariseth, Which lifteth up the waves thereof. They are carried up to the heaven, and down again to the deep: Their soul melteth away because of their trouble. They reel to and fro, and stagger like a drunken man, And are at their wits' end. So when they cry unto the Lord in their trouble, He delivereth them out of their distress. For he maketh the storm to cease. So that the waves thereof are still. Then are they glad because they are at rest And so he bringeth them to the haven where they would be.

Do business, σπεύδειν χρήματα.

### EXERCISE C.

Cha. Again most welcome.

Yet, give me leave to wish (and pray you excuse me, For I must use the freedom I was born with)

The Great Duke's pleasure had commanded you

To my poor house, upon some other service,

Not this you are designed to: but his will

Must be obey'd, howe'er it ravish from me

The happy conversation of one

As dear to me as the old Romans held

Their household Lars, whom they believed had power

To bless and guard their families.

Con.

'Tis received so
On my part, Signior; nor can the duke
But promise to himself as much as may
Be hoped for from a nephew. And 'twere weakness
In any man to doubt that Giovanni,
Train'd up by your experience and care
In all those arts peculiar and proper
To future greatness, of necessity
Must in his actions, being grown a man,
Make good the princely education
Which he derived from you.

Cha. I have discharg'd
To the utmost of my power, the trust the duke
Committed to me, and with joy perceive
The seed of my endeavours was not sown
Upon the barren sands, but fruitful glebe,
Which yields a large increase: my noble charge,
By his sharp wit and pregnant apprehension,
Instructing those that teach him; making use,

Not in a vulgar and pedantic form,
Of what's read to him, but 'tis straight digested,
And truly made his own. His grave discourse,
In one no more indebted unto years,
Amazes such as hear him: horsemanship,
And skill to use his weapon, are by practice
Familiar to him: as for knowledge in
Music, he needs it not, it being born with him;
All that he speaks being with such grace deliver'd,
That it makes perfect harmony.

· Con.

You describe

A wonder to me.

Cha. Sir, he is no less:

And that there may be nothing wanting that
May render him complete, the sweetness of
His disposition so wins on all
Appointed to attend him, that they are
Rivals, even in the coarsest office, who
Shall get precedency to do him service;
Which they esteem a greater happiness
Than if they had been fashion'd and built up
To hold command o'er others.

The great Duke's pleasure...service, that you had come to this my rustic house, bringing some other message from the king. Household Lars, ἐστιοῦχος θεός. Giovanni, this youth. Make good, &c. δεῖγμα φαίνειν of your good education by deeds, doing what beseems princes.

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# ENGLISH PASSAGES WITH GREEK TRANSLATIONS.

# ENGLISH PASSAGES.

### DUKE FREDERICK, ROSALIND. CELIA.

Duke. Mistress, despatch you with your safest haste,
And get you from our court.

Ros. Me, uncle?

Duke. You, cousin;
Within these ten days if that thou be'st found
So near our public court as twenty miles,
Thou diest for it.

Ros.

I do beseech your grace,

Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me:

If with myself I hold intelligence,

Or have acquaintance with mine own desires;

If that I do not dream, or be not frantic,

(As I do trust I am not) then, dear uncle,

Never so much as in a thought unborn,

Did I offend your highness.

Duke. Thus do all traitors:

If 'their purgation did consist in words,

They are as innocent as grace itself:—

Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not.

Ros. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor;

Tell me, whereon the likelihood depends.

# GREEK TRANSLATIONS.

#### ΑΡΧΟΣ. ΡΩΣΑΛΙΝΔΗ. ΚΗΛΙΑ.

ΑΡΧ. Σε δη ταχίστην εννέπω σπεύδειν όδον έξω περώσαν τώνδε βασιλικών δόμων.

ΡΩΣ. η γαρ λέγεις ξμ' ω πάτρως;

ΑΡΧ. σέ τοι λέγω.

εὶ γοῦν σε δεκάτη λαμπὰς ὄψεται θεοῦ μένουσαν ἐγγὺς τῶνδε δωμάτων, θανεῖ.

- ΡΩΣ. ἀλλ' ἄντομαί σε, δέσποθ', ἡν ὀφλισκάνω άμαρτίαν, τίς ἐστιν, εἰδέναι δίδου. εἰ γὰρ ξύνοιδα φροντίδων ἐμῶν ὁδοὺς ἐπιθυμίας τε τὰς ἐμὰς ἐπίσταμαι, εἰ μὴ 'ν ὀνείροις οὖσα μηδ' ἄφρων κυρῶ, ὅ μὴ γένοιτο, φίλτατον θείου κάρα, οὖκ ἠδίκησά σ', οὖ μιᾳ τι φροντίδι φρενῶν περιπτυχαῖσιν ἐσφραγισμένη.
- ΑΡΧ. τοιαθτά τοι λέγουσι πάντες οἱ κακοί·
  ὅστ' εἴ τι τοῖς λόγοισιν ἔκπλυτ' ἢν κακά,
  πάντες δίκαιοί γ' ἢσαν ὥσπερ οἱ θεοί.
  ἄλις τόδ' ἔστω τοὔπος· οὐ πέποιθά σοι.
- PΩΣ, οὐ μήν μ' ἀπιστῶν γ' οὐδάμ' ἃν θείης κακήν. ἐπεὶ σὰ δεῖξον ποῖον εὐρίσκεις τέκμαρ.

Duke. Thou art thy father's daughter, there's enough.
Ros. So was I, when your highness took his dukedom;
So was I, when your highness banish'd him;
Treason is not inherited, my lord;
Or if we did derive it from our friends,
What's that to me? my father was no traitor;
Then, good my liege, mistake me not so much,
To think my poverty is treacherous.

Cel. Dear sovereign, hear me speak.

Duke. Ay, Celia; we stay'd her for your sake, Else had she with her father ranged along.

Cel. I did not then entreat to have her stay,
It was your pleasure, and your own remorse;
I was too young that time to value her,
But now I know her: if she be a traitor,
Why so am I; we still have slept together,
Rose at instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together;
And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans
Still we went coupled, and inseparable.

Duke. She is too subtle for thee; and her smoothness,
Her very silence, and her patience,
Speak to the people, and they pity her.
Thou art a fool: she robs thee of thy name;
And thou wilt shew more bright, and seem
more virtuous,

When she is gone: then open not thy lips; Firm and irrevocable is my doom Which I have pass'd upon her; she is banish'd.

Cel. Pronounce that sentence then on me, my liege;
I cannot live out of her company.

ΑΡΧ. τοῦ σοῦ πέφυκας ἐκ πατρός, τόδο ἀρκέσει. ΡΩΣ. αὐτὴ μέν, ὧναξ, ἢν ὅτ' εἰς θρόνους ἔβης, αὐτὴ δ΄ ὅτ' ἐκ τῆσδο ἤλασας κεῦνον χθονός. οῦ τοι προδοσίαν, κλῆρον ὧς, πατὴρ τέκνοις δίδωσιν, εἰ δ΄ οὖν, πῶς προσήκει μοι τόδε; προδοτὴς γὰρ οὐκ ἢν οὐδαμῶς οὐμὸς πατήρ. ὡς ὧδο ἐχόντων, μὴ τοσόνδο ἀμάρτανε πενίαν νομίζων τὴν ἐμὴν εἶναι κακήν.

ΚΗΛ. ἄναξ, ἄκουσον, ἄντομαί σ', ἐμῶν λόγων.

APX. λέγ, ώς ἔπεσχον καὶ τὸ πρὶν σέθεν χάριν τήνδ ὤστε μὴ φεύγοντι συμφεύγειν πατρί.

ΚΗΛ. οὐ πρὶν μὲν αὐτής προυστάτουν τὸ μὴ φυγεῖν, 
βουλαῖς δ΄ ἔδρασας σαῖσι σῷ τ' οἴκτῷ τόδε· 
νέα γὰρ ἢν νιν ἀξίως τιμᾶν τότε, 
νῦν δ΄ αὖ τρόποισιν ἔμαθον· εἰ δ΄ αὖτη κακή, 
κάγὼ τόδ΄ εἰμί· κοινὸν ἢν ἡμῖν λέχος, 
κοινή θ' ὁμοίως ἐκ λέχους ἀνάστασις· 
καὐταὶ καθ΄ αὐτὰς πάντα παιδείας ὅτλον 
τροφήν τε παιδιάν τ' ἐκοινωνούμεθα, 
"Ηρης ὁμοπτέροισιν ἐμφερεῖς κύκνοις 
οδῶν ἔχουσαι κοινόπουν ὁμιλίαν.

ΑΡΧ. ἀλλ' οὖν ὑφέρπει ποικίλοις σ' αὖτη δόλοις·
τό τ' ἤπιον γὰρ σχῆμα, κἄφωνον στόμα,
καὶ λῆμα τλησίμοχθον ἀντὶ ῥημάτων
χωρεῖ πρὸς ὅχλον, οἱ δ' ἐποικτείρουσί νιν.
σὰ δ' αὖτε πολλὴν μωρίαν ὀφλισκάνεις
κλέπτην τρέφουσα σῆς καλῆς εὐδοξίας,
δόξουσα κρείσσων ἤδὲ καλλίων βροτοῖς
ἀποστραφείσης τῆσδε· μὴ λέξης πλέον·
ἐπεὶ βέβαιον κοὖκ ἔχουσαν ἔκλυσιν
δικήν σφ' ἔκρινα· δεῖ γὰρ ἐκφυγεῖν χθόνος.

ΚΗΛ. πρός ταῦτα κάμε κρίνε την αὐτήν, πάτερ, ζην γάρ στερείσα τησός πώς δυνήσομαι;

Duke. You are a fool:—You, niece, provide yourself;
If you out-stay the time, upon mine honour,
And in the greatness of my word, you die.

Cel. O my poor Rosalind! Whither wilt thou go?
Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine.
I charge thee, be not thou more grieved than
I am.

Ros. I have more cause.

Cel. Thou hast not, cousin;
Pr'ythee, be cheerful: know'st thou not, the duke
Hath banish'd me his daughter?

Ros. That he hath not.

Cel. No? Hath not? Rosalind lacks then the love
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one:
Shall we be sunder'd? Shall we part, sweet girl?
No; let my father seek another heir.
Therefore devise with me, how we may fly,
Whither to go, and what to bear with us:
And do not seek to take your change upon you,
To bear your griefs yourself, and leave me out;
For, by this heaven, now at our sorrows pale,
Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

Ros. Why, whither shall we go?

Cel. To seek my uncle.

Ros. Alas, what danger will it be to us,

Maids as we are, to travel forth so far!

Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

SHAKESPEARE. As you like it, Act 1. Sc. 3.

ΑΡΧ. παῦσαι σὰ μὲν θρυλοῦσα μῶρ' ἔπη· σὰ δὲ αι δεῖ πορίζου· καὶ γὰρ εἰ τρίψεις δόμοις εν τοῖσδε μᾶσσον τοῦ γε ἡηθέντος χρόνου, θανεῖ, τόδι ἴστω τῆς ἐμῆς Δίκης σέβας.

ΚΗΛ. ὦ δεινὰ πάσχουσ', εἰς τίν' ἐκφευξεῖ πόλιν; ἄρ' ἀντιδοῦναι πατέρα σὸν τουμοῦ πατρὸς θέλεις; ἐγώ σοι τοῦδ' ἔκοῦσ' ἐξίσταμαι, ἀλλ' ἄντομαι, μὴ μεῖζον ἀλγήσης ἔμοῦ.

ΡΩΣ. τὸ δ' αἴτιόν μοι μεῖζον.

ΚΗΛ. οὖκ ἐστιν, φίλη·
ἀλλ' ὅμμα σὸν φαίδρυνον, οὐ γὰρ οἶσθ' ὅτι
τὴν αὐτὸς αὐτοῦ παίδ' ἄναξ μ' ἐξήλασεν;
ΡΩΣ. οὐ τοῦτ' ἔδρασε.

πως νιν οὐ δράσαι λέγεις; KHA. μων ούν πέπαυσαι προσφιλώς έχουσά μοι, ούδ' οἶσθ' ὅπως μί' ἐκ δυοῖν καθέσταμεν; καὶ νῦν, φίλη παῖ, νω διχοστατεῖν χρεών διαζυγήναι τ'; οὐ· πατρὶ ζητητέος κληρούχος άλλος τοιγαρούν μεταιτία τησδ ίσθι βουλης πώς τε ποί τε φεύγομεν, ποίαν τ΄ αφορμήν είς όδον πορίζομεν. έπεὶ σον ἄχθος μὴ μόνη ζήτει φέρειν, μηδ' άλγος άλγει τοῦτο χωρισθεῖσ' έμοῦ. ου γαρ μα τόνδε κύκλον ος τανύν βλέπει ωχρώ προσώπω τας κακάς ήμων δύας, έγω λόγοις σοίς οὐχὶ πείσομαι το μή οὐ καὶ ξυμμετίσχειν καὶ φέρειν της σης φυγής. ΡΩΣ. ποι δή τραπώμεθ;

ΚΗΛ. εἰς πατρὸς ζήτημα σοῦ. ΡΩΣ. φεῦ. ὁδοιπορούσαιν παρθένοιν ὁδὸν μακρὰν κίνδυνον, οἶός ἐστιν, ἐνθυμοῦ· τὸ γὰρ κάλλος κλοπεῦσι χρημάτων ὑπέρτερον.

#### FIRST LORD. DUKE SENIOR.

lst Lord. To-day, my lord of Amiens, and myself, Did steal behind him, as he lay along
Under an oak, whose antique root peeps out
Upon the brook that brawls along this wood:
To the which place a poor sequester'd stag,
That from the hunter's aim had ta'en a hurt,
Did come to languish: and, indeed, my lord,
The wretched animal heav'd forth such groans,
That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat
Almost to bursting; and the big round tears
Cours'd one another down his innocent nose
In piteous chase: and thus the hairy fool,
Much marked of the melancholy Jaques,
Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook,
Augmenting it with tears.

Duke S. But what said Jaques?

Did he not moralize this spectacle?

1st Lord. O yes! into a thousand similes.

First, for his weeping in the needless stream.

Poor deer! quoth he, thou mak'st a testament

As worldlings do, giving thy sum of more

To that which had too much. Then, being alone,

Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends:

'Tis right! quoth he; thus misery doth part

#### ANAE. BAZIAETE.

ΑΝ. Έγωγ ανακτι σήμερον ξύν Αμιεί οπισθε τανδρός είρπον, αρχαίας δρυός ύπο σκιά κλιθέντος, ής πολύπτυχος προδκυψε δίζα ναμάτων κατοψία α τησο επιβρέοντα καχλάζει νάπης. οί και τάλας τις έλαφος, ος δίχ' έφθάρη ταίσιν κυναγών χερσί που βεβλαμμένος, έπ' έκπνοὰς προσήλθε θανασίμους βίου. καὶ δὴ τοιούσδε θὴρ ὁ δύστηνος γόους ηγειρεν, ωναξ, ώστε και δέρας σχεδον διαβραγήναι δυσπνόοις φυσήμασι. παχέα δ' ἀπ' ὄσσων νηπίου δινός κάτα έφέσπετ' άλλήλοισι δακρύων λίβη, οἰκτρόν γ' ἰδεῖν διώγμα· χῷδ' ὁ ταρφύθριξ, νωθρον δεδορκώς, χύπο του πενθήμονος έν τώδ Ίάχου πολλά τηρηθείς, ἄκραις δχθαισι νασμών ωκέων παρίστατο, δακρυβρόφ νιν αὐξάνων πλημμυρίδι. ΒΑ, τί δητ' Ίαχης είπεν; οὐ σοφήν τινα

γνώμην έλεξε τησδε της θέας πέρι;

ΑΝ. καὶ μυρίοις γ' ἤκαζε ποικίλλων τρόποις. πρώτον μέν, ώναξ, ώδε του το θηρίον βείθρω 'νδακρύσαι τάφθόνω καθήψατο. φεῦ, φεῦ· ταλαίπωρ' ἔλαφε, σὸ δὲ τὴν οὐσίαν την σην παραδιδούς, οία σύγγονον βροτοίς, τῷ πρόσθ ἄγαν ἔχοντι προσνέμεις πλέον. έπειθ' όρων νιν μοῦνον, ήρημωμένον, καὶ τῶν ἐταίρων τῶν άβρῶν ἀγείτονα, όρθως έχει τάδ', εἶπε, τὴν γάρ τοι φίλων ἐπιβρόην ἐνόσφισ' ή δυσπραξία.

The flux of company. Anon, a careless herd, Full of the pasture, jumps along by him, And never stays to greet him: Ay! quoth Jaques, Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens! 'Tis just the fashion. Wherefore do you look Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?—Thus most invectively he pierceth through The body of the country, city, court, Yea, and of this our life: swearing, that we Are mere usurpers, tyrants, and what's worse, To fright the animals and to kill them up, In their assign'd and native dwelling-place.

SHAKESPEARE. As you like it, Act 1. Sc. 3.

#### PHEBE.

Think not I love him, tho' I ask for him;
'Tis but a peevish boy:—yet he talks well;—
But what care I for words? yet words do well,
When he that speaks them pleases those that hear.
It is a pretty youth:—not very pretty:—
But, sure, he's proud: and yet his pride becomes him;
He'll make a proper man: The best thing in him
Is his complexion; and faster than his tongue
Did make offence, his eye did heal it up.
He is not very tall; yet for his years he's tall:
His leg is but so so; and yet 'tis well:
There was a pretty redness in his lip;
A little riper, and more lusty red
Than that mix'd in his cheek; 'twas just the difference

ἐλάφων δὲ πλήθος ἔκπλεων βορᾶς ἰδών, εἰκή παρασκιρτῶν τε κοὐ προσεινείπον χαίρειν τὸν οὐτασθέντα, δυστομεῖ τάδε· ἔτ ὧ σφριγῶντες πίονές τε δημόται, ἔθ· ὧδε γὰρ νῦν πανταχοῦ νομίζεται· τί τόνδε προσδέρκεσθε τὸν πανώλεθρον; οῦτως ἀγρούς τε καὶ πόλιν καὶ δώματα βασίλει ὀνειδιστήρσι δεννάζει λόγοις, καὶ πρὸς τὸν ἡμῶν τόνδε λοιδορεῖ βίον· ἀπλῶς ἐνίσπων δὴ τάδ, ὡς ὑπέρβιοι μόνον τύραννοι παράνομοί τ ἐπήλυδες καὶ τῶνδε χείρους ἐσμέν, οῖ τὰ θηρία φοβοῦντες οὖτω πρέμνοθεν ῥαχίζομεν ἐν τοῦσιν αὐτῶν ἐννόμοις οἰκήμασι.

#### фогвн.

Μή δή νόμιζε, τόνδ , όθούνεχ ιστορώ, ώς είμ' έρωτι καρδίαν πεπληγμένη. παις κουφόνους μέν έστιν, οὐκ ἄλλως έρω. καλήν δε νωμά γλώσσαν άλλ' ξμοιγ' ξπη παρ' οὐδέν ἐστιν· εὐπρεπη δ' ὅμως ἔπη, όταν λέγων τις τοις κλύουσιν άνδάνη. καλὸς μέν ἐστιν, οὖκ ἄγαν καλός γε μήν, σεμνός δ, εγώμαι, σεμνότης δ αὐτώ πρέπει. η μην ανηρ περισσός έξανδρώσεται. πάντων θ' όσ' έν τοῦδ' έμπέφυκε σώματι χροίας αριστον τάνθος εφθανεν δ' αεί γλώσσης θρασείας δήγματ' όμμ' ιώμενον. το σώμα δ' ούχ ύψηλον, ύψηλον δ' όμως ως παιδί· κεί μη παντελώς έχει σκέλος, άλλ' οὖν πρεπόντως πορφύρα δ' ἐν χείλεσι καλή τις ήν, ή τούπὶ τη παρηίδι

Betwixt the constant red, and mingled damask. There be some women, Sylvius, had they mark'd him In parcels as I did, would have gone near To fall in love with him: but, for my part, I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet. I have more cause to hate him than to love him: For what had he to do to chide at me? He said, mine eyes were black, and my hair black, And, now I am remember'd, scorn'd at me: I marvel, why I answer'd not again: But that's all one; omittance is no quittance. I'll write to him a very taunting letter, And thou shalt bear it: wilt thou, Sylvius? Shakespeare, As you like it, Act III. Sc. 1.

#### OLIVER, CELIA.

Oli. When last the young Orlando parted from you,
He left a promise to return again
Within an hour; and pacing through the forest,
Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy,
Lo, what befel; he threw his eye aside,
And, mark, what object did present itself!
Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with
age,

And high top bald with dry antiquity,

A wretched, ragged man, o'ergrown with hair,

Lay sleeping on his back: about his neck

πεπαιτέρα φανείσα κεύθαλεστέρα ημβλυνεν άνθος ή 'ς το παν ερυθρότης τη ποικίλη τοιάνδε διαφοράν έχει. πολλαὶ μέν είσι, Σίλβι, αίπερ ώς έγω έπισκοπούσαι κατά μέρη δέμας, σχεδόν έρωτι θυμον ήσαν αν πεπληγμέναι. άλλ' ουτ' έγωγε τοίον ηράσθην έρον, ουτ' αυ στυγώ νιν καίπερ οντ' επάξιον έμου στυγούσης κουκ έρασθείσης τυχείν. τί γὰρ μετήν τῷδ' ὧστε λοιδορεῖν ἔμε; οστις μ' έλεξεν ώς μελαγχίμη κόμας τά τ' όμματ' είην. ώς δε μεμνήσθαι πάρα, έσκωψέ μ' ήδη θαθμά τοί μ' ὑπέρχεται εί μη λόγοις πικροίσιν αντημείψαμην. καὶ μὴν τί τοῦτο διαφέρει; παρείσα γάρ όμως τάδ' ούπω δια τέλους ξυγγνώσομαι. πέμψω δ' ές αὐτὸν κερτόμους ἄγαν γραφάς. σὺ δ', ὧ φίλ', οἴσεις, εἴ τι μὴ βλάπτει σ' ὁδός.

#### ΟΛΙΒΗΡΟΣ. ΚΗΛΙΑ.

ΟΛΙ. 'Αρμοῖ μὲν ὑμᾶς ὁ νέος 'Ορλάνδων λιπών ὑπέσχεθ' ἤξειν ἐν βραχεῖ χρόνῳ πάλιν. ἀτὰρ δι' ὕλης κεῖνος εἰλίσσων πόδα, ἄλλην δὲ φροντίδ' ἄλλοτ' ἐνθυμούμενος πικράν τε καὶ γλυκεῖαν, εἶτα πῶς δοκεῖς ἔπρασσεν; ὅμμα δὴ στρέφει, στρέφοντι δὲ ὅραμ' ἀκούσαθ' οἶον εἰσορᾶν παρῆν. δρυὸς γὰρ οὖν ἔνερθεν ἤς κλάδοις ἔπι χλόη χρόνῳ τέθηλε, καὶ τἄκρον κάρα γυμνὸν παλαιότητος ἦν ξηρᾶς ὕπο, ἀνὴρ ῥακόδυτος, ταρφύθριξ, πανάθλιον καθεῦδεν ὑπτίασμα, καὶ δέρην πέρι

Cel.

A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself, Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd The opening of his mouth; but suddenly Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself, And with indented glides did slip away Into a bush: under which bush's shade, A lioness, with udders all drawn dry, Lay couching, head on ground, with cat-like watch When that the sleeping man should stir: for 'tis The royal disposition of that beast, To prey on nothing, that doth seem as dead: This seen, Orlando did approach the man, And found it was his brother, his elder brother. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother; And he did render him the most unnatural That lived 'mongst men.

Oli. And well he might do so; For well I know he was unnatural.

SHARESPEARE, As you like it, Act IV. Sc. 3.

#### PORTIA. ANTONIO. BASSANIO.

Por. Come, merchant, have you anything to say?

Ant. But little; I am arm'd, and well prepar'd.—
Give me your hand, Bassanio; fare you well!
Grieve not that I am fallen to this for you;
For herein fortune shows herself more kind
Than is her custom: it is still her use,
To let the wretched man outlive his wealth,
To view with hollow eye, and wrinkled brow,
An age of poverty: from which ling'ring penance

εὶλίσσετο σπείραισι χρυσοδαίδαλος όφις, προσέρπων ωκυδινήτω κάρα λυθέντα χείλη τἀνδρός ἐξαίφνης δ' ὁρῶν νεανίαν τόνδ' αὖθις ἐξειλίσσετο σπείραισι τ' ήδη δοχμίαις εἰλύεται εἰς θάμνον, ἔνθα τἢ σκιᾳ λέαινά τις ὑφίζανε ξηροῖσιν οὖθασιν, κάρα κύψασ' ἐς οὖδας, ἄνδρα τ' αἰλούρου δίκην φρουροῦσ', ὑπνώσσων εἴ τι κινήσοι δέμας ὁ θὴρ γὰρ οὖτος ὧν φύσει τυραννικὸς νεκροῖς ἐοικότ' οὐδαμῶς λεηλατεῖ. ὄραμα δὴ τοιοῦτον 'Ορλάνδων ἰδων προσέρχεται τὸν ἄνδρα, κάνθάδ' εἰσορᾳ ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ τὸν γόνω γεραίτερον.

ΚΗΛ. φεῦ. ἤκουσα κάγω τόνδε τοῦ νεανίου άδελφὸν ἐν λόγοισιν αἰτιωμένου ώς ἐν βροτοῖς γεγῶτα δυσφιλέστατον. ΟΛΙ. καὶ μὴν ἀληθῆ γ' εἶπεν ἐννέπων τάδε, ξύνοιδα γὰρ τῷδ' ὄντι δυσφιλεστάτφ.

#### ΠΟΡΤΙΑ. ΑΝΤΩΝΙΩΝ. ΒΑΣΣΑΝΙΩΝ.

ΠΟΡ. Λέγοις αν ἔμπορ', εἴ τι νῦν λέγειν ἔχοις.

ΑΝΤ. βραχέα γ' ἔτοιμος δ' εἰμὶ καξωπλισμένος.

αγ' οὖν πρότεινε δεξιαν ἐμοὶ χέρα,

Βασσανίων, καὶ χαῖρε, φίλτατον κάρα.

μὴ δῆτα κλαύσης οὖνεκ' εἰς τοσόνδ' ἐγὼ κίνδυνον ἐμπέπτωκα σὴν σπεύδων χάριν.

ἐμοὶ γὰρ ὧδ' ἔχοντι πρευμενεστέρα ἢ τοῖσι πολλοῖς οὖσα φαίνεται Τύχη ἀχρήματον γὰρ ἄνδρα δύστηνόν τ' ἐᾶ κοιλωπὸν ὄντα καὶ ξυνωφρυωμένον εἰς γῆρας ἄκρον τὸν πένητ' ἰδεῖν βίον'

Of such a misery doth she cut me off.

Commend me to your honorable wife:

Tell her the process of Antonio's end,

Say, how I lov'd you, speak me fair in death:

And, when the tale is told, bid her be judge,

Whether Bassanio had not once a love.

Repent not you that you shall lose your friend,

And he repents not that he pays your debt;

For, if the Jew doth cut but deep enough,

I'll pay it instantly with all my heart.

Bass. Antonio, I am married to a wife,
Which is as dear to me as life itself;
But life itself, my wife, and all the world
Are not with me esteemed above thy life;
I would lose all, aye, sacrifice them all
Here to this devil, to deliver you.

SHAKESPEARE, Merchant of Venice, Act IV. Sc. 1.

# DUKE. ÆGEON.

Æge. We came aboard:

A league from Epidamnum had we sail'd,
Before the always wind-obeying deep
Gave any tragic instance of our harm;
But longer did we not retain much hope:
For what obscured light the heavens did grant
Did but convey unto our fearful minds
A doubtful warrant of immediate death:
Which though myself would gladly have embrac'd,

Yet the incessant weepings of my wife, Weeping before for what she saw must come, ἐξ ἡς βραδίστης ζημίας τε καὶ πάθους τοσοῦδέ μ' ἐξεβρύσατ' εὐμενης μόρος. χαίρειν κέλευε σην δάμαρτ' ἐμοῦ πάρα, λέγων δ' ἔμ' οἷον εἰς βίου προύβην τέλος, μή νιν καλύψης ως σ' ἀεί ποτ' ηγάπων, ἀλλ' εὐλόγησον τἀμὰ καὶ τεθνηκότος. κέλευε δ' αὐτην πάντα δη πεπυσμένην εἴ τίς ποτ' ἢν σοὶ πανδίκως κρίνειν φίλος. καὶ μη μετάλγει τοῦ φίλου τητώμενος, ος οὐ μεταλγεί ταῦθ' ὑπὲρ σέθεν τίνων ἐπεὶ, βαθεῖαν οὖτος εἰ τεμεῖ τομήν, τὸ πῶν ἐκούση καρδία λύσω χρέος.

ΒΑΣ γήμαντά μ' ἄλοχον σύζυγ' οἶσθ', 'Αντωνίων, ἢ φιλτέρα μοι μάλλον ἢ τὸ ζῆν κυρεῖ· ἀλλ' οὕτ' ἔμοιγε τιμιωτέρα δάμαρ σῆς οὕτε τὸ ζῆν κρίνεται σωτηρίας. πάντων δ' ἀν ἐκπέσοιμι τῷ τ' ἀλάστορι τούτω μεθείμην ὧστε σ' ἐκσῶσαι φόνου.

#### ΑΡΧΟΣ. ΑΙΓΑΙΩΝ.

ΑΙΓ. Ἐμβαίνομεν τὸ πλοῖον, Ἐπιδάμνου τ' ἄπο βραχύν τιν ἤδη πλοῦν ἐναυστολήσαμεν, πρὶν ἡ πνοαῖσιν εἰς τὸ πῶν ὑπήκοος ἡμῖν θάλασσα λύγρ' ἐσήμηνεν πάθη· τοὐνθένδε μέντοι σμικρὸν ἐλπίδος θράσος. ὅσον γὰρ ἴει φῶς ἀφεγγὲς οὐρανὸς φοβουμένοις παρείχεν οὐδὲν ἄλλο πλὴν μοίρας παρούσης κῦρος οὐχὶ κύριον. κὰγω μὲν ἤν πρόθυμος ἔξαντλεῖν τόδε· πολλοῖς δὲ προστένουσα δακρύοις γυνὴ τὴν ἐκ προδήλου δῆθεν ἔρπουσαν τύχην,

And pitcous plainings of the pretty babes That mourn'd for fashion, ignorant what to fear, Forc'd me to seek delays for them and me, And this it was-for other means was none. The sailors sought for safety by our boat, And left the ship, then sinking-ripe, to us. My wife, more careful for the latter-born, Had fasten'd him unto a small spare mast, Such as sea-faring men provide for storms: To him one of the other twins was bound, Whilst I had been like heedful of the other. The children thus dispos'd, my wife and I, Fixing our eyes on whom our care was fix'd, Fastened ourselves at either end the mast: And floating straight, obedient to the stream, Were carried towards Corinth, as we thought. At length the sun, gazing upon the earth, Dispers'd those vapours that offended us: And by the benefit of his wish'd light The seas wax'd calm, and we discovered Two ships from far making amain to us, Of Corinth that, of Epidaurus this. But ere they came—O let me say no more! Gather the sequel from what went before. Duks. Nay, forward, old man, do not break off so, For we may pity, though not pardon thee.

Oh, had the gods done so, I had not now Æge. Worthily term'd them merciless to us! For ere the ships could meet by twice five leagues,

οίκτω τε κωκύοντα νηπίω τέκνα. φόβον μεν άγνοοθντα, σύν δε κλαύμασι κλαίοντα μητρφοισιν, έξηνάγκασαν κοινάς μ' απασιν αμβολάς ζητείν μόρου. τοιούτο δ' ην το μηχος, ου γάρ άλλ' ενην. ήψαντο κύμβης ανδρες είς σωτηρίαν, την ναθν ές άδην πόντιον πεσουμένην ήμιν ερημώσαντες ή μεν οθν γυνή μάλλον προκηραίνουσα τοῦ νεωτέρου, ιστώ βραχεί νιν δέσμιον ξυνήρμοσεν, οίον ζάλης πρόβλημα ναυβάτης άνηρ ήτοίμασ' είτα τώδε της άλλης ο μέν ξυνωρίδος παις ξυγκατεζεύχθη πέλας, έμοι δ όμοίως θατέρου τούτοιν μέλει. τοιωνδε τέκνοις εὖ μεμηχανημένων, γυνή τε καθτός όμμι έχοντες αστροφον. προς τοισίδ' ων και φροντίδ' είχομεν πέρι ήμας ακροις Ιστοισιν εθ προσήψαμεν φορούμενοι δε κυμάτων αμα ροή εὐθὺς Κορίνθου ναυστολοῦμεν, ώς δοκεί. τέλος γε μέντοι γην ἐποπτεύων φάει ηλιος έλαύνει δυσφιλείς ατμούς πέριξ, φίλων δ' ὑπ' αὐγῶν ἡμερωμένης άλὸς ούτω παρήν πρόσωθεν είσοραν όδον εύθειαν ήμιν ναθς προσερπούσας δύο, την μέν Κορίνθου, την δ' ἀπ' Ἐπιδαύρου πόλεως. πρὶν δ' ἐγγὺς ἐλθεῖν—τἄλλα σιγήσαί μ' ἔα· κάκ των πάροιθε ταπιόντα συννόει.

ΑΡΧ. ἀλλ' εἶα χώρει, πρέσβυ, μὴ λήξης λέγων·
οἴκτος παρ' ἡμῶν ἔστι σοι, ξύγγνοια δ' οὖ

ΑΙΓ. είθ εξέπραξαν οι θεοί τοιαῦθ, όπως ημιν ἀνοίκτους μη τὰ νῦν κατ ἀξίαν ἔλεξ' ἐπεὶ δὲ χιλίων πλέθρων δρόμον We were encounter'd by a mighty rock;
Which being violently borne upon,
Our helpful ship was splitted in the midst:
So that in this unjust divorce of us,
Fortune had left to both of us alike
What to delight in—what to sorrow for.
Her part, poor soul! seeming as burdened
With lesser weight, but not with lesser woe,
Was carried with more speed before the wind;
And in our sight they three were taken up
By fishermen of Corinth, as we thought.
At length another ship had seiz'd on us;
And knowing whom it was their hap to save,
Gave helpful welcome to their shipwreck'd
guests;

And would have reft the fishers of their prey, Had not their bark been very slow of sail, And therefore homeward did they bend their course.

Thus have you heard me sever'd from my bliss; That by misfortunes was my life prolong'd, To tell sad stories of my own mishaps.

SHAKESPEARE, Comedy of Errors, Act i. Sc. 1.

## ABBESS. ADRIANA. ANGELO. MERCHANT.

Abb. Be quiet, people; wherefore throng you hither?

Adr. To fetch my poor distracted husband hence;

Let us come in, that we may bind him fast,

And bear him home for his recovery.

Ang. I knew he was not in his perfect wits.

Mer. I am sorry now, that I did draw on him.

απεσχον ήδη νηες αλλήλων απο, έρμ' αντέκυρσε δεινόν, ύψαύχην πέτρα. ένθ ή πίκουρος ήμιν έμπεσούσα ναύς μέση βαγείσ' απώλεθ', ή δ' ατερ δίκης ήμας διασπάσασα νών αμφοιν ίση λείπει τὸ τερπνὸν καὶ τὸ πημαίνον τύχη. ή δ' οὖν φέρουσα τὴν τάλαιναν, ήσσονι φόρτω μεν ως βρίθουσα, τῷ λυποῦντι δ' οὖ, ριπαίσιν ούρου θάσσον ήν φορουμένη. καὶ τούσδε πάντας τριπτύχους ἐν ὅμμασιν ήμων ανείλοντ' ανδρες έναλίου βορας ληστήρες, ώσπερ εἰκάσαι, Κορίνθιοι. χρόνον τάδ' ήν τοσοῦτον ές τ' ἀνήρπασεν άλλη τις ήμας ναύς ιδούσα δ' ούς τύχοι έκ κυμάτων σώσασα ναυαγούς ξένους . ἐδέξατ' εὖνουν δέξιν· ἐκ δ' ᾶν ἔσπασε .τὰ λήμματ' ἀνδρῶν γριπέων, εἰ μὴ σχολῆ τὸ πλοίον είρπε κού ταχυπτέρφ δρόμφ. οί δ' οὖν ἐπ' οἴκου νηὸς εὐθύνουσ' ὁδόν. ούτω με τών μοι φιλτάτων ακήκοας πάντων ἀποσπασθέντα δυστυχώς δ' έγω ωδ' εξέτεινα τον βίον, πικρούς ίνα λόγους διείποιμ' ώς κακώς απωλόμην.

## 'ΑΒΒΑΤΙΑ. 'ΑΔΡΙΑΝΑ. 'ΑΓΓΕΛΩΝ. 'ΕΜΠΟΡΟΣ.

ΑΒΒ. Σιγάτε· πρὸς τί δ' ὅχλος ὧδ' ἀθροίζεται;
ΑΔΡ. μεμηνότ' ἀμὸν ἄθλιον πόσιν τόπων
ἐκ τῶνδ' ἀγόμεθα· νῦν δὲ τούσδ' εἴσω δέχου,
ὡς οἴκαδ' ἀν δεσμευθὲν ἀρρήκτοις πέδαις
δέμας φέρωμεν, εἰ τί γ' ἔστ' ἰασιμόν.

ΑΓΓ. ἐγώ νιν ἔγνων οὖχι σῶν ἔχοντα νοῦν. ΕΜΠ. ἔλκειν ἐπ' αὐτὸν μήποτ' ἄφελον ξίφος.

- Abb. How long hath this possession held the man?
- Adr. This week he hath been heavy, sour, sad,
  And much, much different from the man he was:
  But, till this afternoon, his passion
  Ne'er brake into extremity of rage.
- Abb. Hath he not lost much wealth by wreck at sea?
  Buried some dear friend? Hath not else his eye
  Stray'd his affection in unlawful love?
  A sin, prevailing much in youthful men,
  Who give their eyes the liberty of gazing.
  Which of these sorrows is he subject to?
- Adr. To none of these, except it be the last: Namely, some love, that drew him oft from home.
- Abb. You should for that have reprehended him.
- Adr. Why, so I did.
- Abb. Ay, but not rough enough.
- Adr. As roughly as my modesty would let me.
- Abb. Haply, in private.
- Adr. And in assemblies too.
- Abb. Ay, but not enough.
- Adr. It was the copy of our conference:
  In bed, he slept not for my urging it;
  At board, he fed not for my urging it:
  Alone, it was the subject of my theme;
  In company, I often glanced it;
  Still did I tell him it was vile and bad.
- Abb. And thereof came it, that the man was mad: The venom clamours of a jealous woman Poison more deadly than a mad dog's tooth,

ΑΒΒ. πόσω δ° ἔχει νιν ξύμμετρος χρόνω νόσος; ΑΔΡ. ἔκτον τόδ' ἢμαρ, ἐξ ὅτου τεθηγμένος βαρύς τ' ἀθυμεῖ, πολλὰ τοῦ πάλαι φανεὶς ἀνδρὸς διάφορος· ἀλλὰ τῆσδ' εἰς τοῦσχατον

οργής ἐπήρθη μανίασιν λυσσήμασιν οὐπώποτ, εἰ μὴ τήσδ' ἀφ' ἡμέρας μέσης.

ABB. ἢ που γὰρ αὐτῷ πόντι' ἔστ' ἐφθαρμένα πάμπλουτα χρήματ' ἢ τις ἐν τάφοις φίλων κέκευθ' ἐταίρων ἢ νιν ὀφθαλμῶν βέλος θέλγει παράκοπον εἰς ἔρωτ' οὐκ ἔννομον. ὡς ὧδ' ἔφυσαν πόλλ' ἀμαρτάνειν νέοι ὄστις θέα δίδωσιν ὀμμάτων σχολήν. ἢ γὰρ τιν' ἀνὴρ τῶνδέ σοι νοσεῖ νόσον;

ΑΔΡ. νοσεί μὲν οὐδὲν τῶνδε, πλην γ' ἐνὸς τρίτου, ἔρωτος, ες θυραίον ἦγέ νιν θάμα.

ΑΒΒ. έχρην σε μέντοι ταῦτα μέμψασθαι πόσει.

ΑΔΡ. καμεμψάμην γε.

AAP.

ΑΒΒ. πραόνως μέν οὖν ἄγαν.

ΑΔΡ. ου πραόνως τοι, πλην όσον γ' αίδουμένη.

ΑΒΒ. μόνη γέ που μόνφ σφίν.

έν κοινῷ δὲ πρός.

ΑΒΒ. ἀλλ' οὐχ ἄλις γάρ.

ABB. ἀλλ' αὐτόθεν καθίστατ' ἐμμανης ἀνήρ· δάκνει γάρ, ὡς οὐδ' ἐμμανοῦς ὀδοὺς κυνός, Φθονερᾶς γυναικὸς οἶστοος. ἰῶδες στόμα.

It seems, his sleeps were hindered by thy railing: And thereof comes it that his head is light. Thou say'st, his meat was sauced with thy upbraidings: Unquiet meals make ill digestions, Thereof the raging fire of fever bred; And what's a fever but a fit of madness? Thou say'st, his sports were hinder'd by thy brawls: Sweet recreation barr'd, what doth ensue, But moody and dull melancholy, (Kinsman to grim and comfortless despair;) And, at her heels, a huge infectious troop Of pale distemperatures, and foes to life? In food, in sport, and life-preserving rest To be disturb'd, would mad or man, or beast; The consequence is then, thy jealous fits Have scared thy husband from the use of wits.

SHAKESPEARE, Comedy of Errors, Act v. Sc. 1.

# MACBETH.

If it were done, when 'tis done, then 'twere well It were done quickly: If the assassination Could trammel up the consequence, and catch, With his surcease, success; that but this blow Might be the be-all and the end-all here, But here, upon this bank and shoal of time,—We'd jump the life to come.—But, in these cases, We still have judgment here; that we but teach Bloody instructions, which, being taught, return To plague the inventor: This even-handed justice Commends the ingredients of our poisoned chalice

σοίς, ως ξοικ', εξίστατ' εξ υπνου ψόγοις. έξ ων έλαφρον όμμ' έχει, κούκ άλλόθεν. σύ δ ώς παροψώνημα δαιτός ήν τα σα λέγεις ονείδη· των δὲ σὺν ταράγματι δαιτών αποβλαστούσα δύσπεπτος χάρις πάλιν νόσων ανήψεν ξμπυρον φλόγα. τί δ' έστὶ τοῦτο πλην τὸ μαίνεσθαι, νοσείν; ψόγοις δε σοίσιν ἄσχολον σχολήν λέγεις τούτφ γενέσθαι τίς δέ, μη σχολης έχων θέλγητρον, οὐ δύσοργον ἐν φρεσὶν τρέφει άχθος, βαρείας κάθλίας δυσθυμίας κήδευμ' ἄτερπες, μυρία δ' οπισθόπους λοιγών ἄναιμος ξύλλογος μιαστόρων στείχει, βίον φθείρουσα τίς δ' αν είτ' ανήρ η θηρ ετ' ορθών ξύστασιν σχέθοι φρενών, δαιτός σχολής τε του τε σώζοντος βίον ὖπνου ταραγμοῖς ἐμπέδοις ξύνοικος ὧν; νθν οθν τορώς τοδ' ίσθι, σαίς υποψίαις πόσις σός έστιν οὐκ ἐπήβολος Φρενών.

#### ΜΑΚΒΗΘΟΣ.

Εἰ πεπράξεται τόδ ἔργον, εἶτ ἄν ἢ πεπραγμένον, πρακτέον καὶ τὴν ταχίστην· εὶ γὰρ ἡ διαφθορὰ εἰργαθεῖν ἔχοι τὸ μέλλον, εἰς θ' ἄπαξ μάρψαι τέλος εἰργαθεῖν ἔχοι τὸ μέλλον, εἰς θ' ἄπαξ μάρψαι τέλος εἰς τὰ νῦν τὸ πᾶν γένοιτο, καὶ τελεσφόρον πέρας, ἀλλὰ νῦν τοιᾶσδ' ἐπ' ἀκτῆς τοῦ παρεστῶτος χρόνου—ρίψομεν κεῖνον τὸν ἄλλον· τῶν δὲ τοιούτων ἀεὶ ἡ δίκη καὶ νῦν ἔπεστιν· ὧστε καὶ διδάσκομεν φοινίας ἄλλως μαθήσεις, ὧν μετέρχεται πάλιν τοὺς ἐφευρόντας τὸ πῆμα, χἡ ταλαντοῦχος Δίκη πρὸς στόμ' αὐτοῖσιν προτείνει φάρμακ', οἰκεῖον δέπας ἐκπιεῖν· ὁ δ' ἐνθάδ' ἡμῖν καὶ διπλῶς ἐχέγγυος·

To our own lips. He's here in double trust: First, as I am his kinsman and his subject, Strong both against the deed; then, as his host, Who should against his murderer shut the door, Not bear the knife myself. Besides, this Duncan Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been So clear in his great office, that his virtues Will plead like angels, trumpet-tongued, against The deep damnation of his taking off: And pity, like a naked new-born babe, Striding the blast, or heaven's cherubim, hors'd Upon the sightless couriers of the air, Shall blow the horrid deed in every eye, That tears shall drown the wind.—I have no spur To prick the sides of my intent, but only Vaulting ambition, which o'er-leaps itself, And falls on the other.—How now, what news? SHAKESPEARE, Macbeth, Act I. Sc. 7.

## KING HENRY.

Heaven pardon thee! yet let me wonder, Harry, At thy affections, which do hold a wing Quite from the flight of all thy ancestors:

Thy place in council thou hast rudely lost, Which by thy younger brother is supplied:

And art almost an alien to the hearts

Of all the court and princes of my blood.

The hope and expectation of thy time

Is ruin'd; and the soul of every man

Prophetically does forethink thy fall.

Had I so lavish of my presence been,

So common-hackney'd in the eyes of men,

So stale and cheap to vulgar company,

είμι γαρ το μεν ξύναιμος εν νόμω θ' υπήκοος-κάρτα γαρ τάδ' αντιτείνει-δεύτερον δε πρόξενος, ον γ' έδει θυραίς απείργειν του κτενούντος είσοδον, μη ξίφους αὐτὸν λαβέσθαι χερσίν εἰθ ὁ κοίρανος δευρ' αξὶ ξύνεστιν αρχή πρευμενής αγαν, κράτος τοῦτ' ἔχων οὖτως ἄμομφον, ωστ' ἀνήσουσιν βοὴν ι άρεταὶ χαλκοστόμοισι δαιμόνων κηρύγμασιν, οίος ων οία ξύν άτη δυσσεβως άνηρέθη. χώ μέγας θανόντος οίκτος, νεογενούς παιδός δίκην, τηλόθ' ἐμβεβως πνοαίσιν, εὐπτέρων δ' ὀχήμασιν δαιμόνων, τυφλοίσιν ανεμών αγγάροις ίππηλατών, έμβαλεί τὸ δεινὸν έργον πάσιν εἰς ὄψιν βροτοίς, ώστε καὶ σβέσαι θύελλαν δακρύων πλημμυρίδι. νῦν δ' ἐμοί γ' οὐκ ἔστι κέντρον τῶν ἐμῶν βουλευμάτων, πλην μόνον φίλαρχος έλπίς, η δ' ὑπερθοροῦσ' ἄνω άλμα μείζον ή καθ' αυτήν, και πεσούσ' εις θάτερα σφάλλεται γύναι, τί δ' έστίν; ἢ τίν' ἀγγέλλεις λόγον;

#### ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ.

Σοὶ μὲν θεοὶ ξυγγνοῖεν· ἐξέστω δ' ἐμοί, Ερρικε, τῶν σῶν θαῦμ' ἔχειν φρονημάτων, οἴαν περᾳ κέλευθον οὐ κοινὴν πτερῶν, ἄπαν ἴχνος λιπόντα σῶν γεννητόρων. ἔδρας προβούλους, ὧν ἄνους ἀπεσφάλης, θάσσει διάδοχος σοῦ χρόνῷ μείων κάσις· τὸ δ' ἐγγενὲς παρ' οὐδὲν ἡγεῖται τὸ σὸν δόμος τ' ἐμὸς πᾶς, κοίρανοί θ' ὁμαίμονες· κοῦτ' ἐλπὶς οὕτε δόξα σῆς ἡβης ἔτι ἄθραυστος· ἀλλὰ πᾶσι θεσπίζει λάθρα ἀλλ' εἰ μὲν οὕτω τοὐμὸν ἐν μέσῷ τιθεὶς ξύνηθες, ὅμματ' ὅμμασιν κοινῆ πόλει

Opinion, that did help me to the crown, Had still kept loyal to possession; And left me to reputeless banishment, A fellow of no mark nor likelihood. By being seldom seen, I could not stir, But, like a comet, I was wonder'd at: That men would tell their children, This is he; Others would say, Where, which is Bolingbroke? And then I stole all courtesy from heaven, And dress'd myself in such humility, That I did pluck allegiance from men's hearts, Loud shouts and salutations from their mouths, Even in the presence of the crowned king. Thus did I keep my person fresh and new: My presence like a robe pontifical, Ne'er seen, but wonder'd at: and so my state, Seldom, but sumptuous, showed like a feast: And won, by rareness, such solemnity. The skipping king, he ambled up and down With shallow jesters, and rash bavin\* wits, Soon kindled, and soon burned; carded his state; Mingled his royalty with capering fools: Had his great name profaned with their scorns: And gave his countenance, against his name, To laugh at gibing boys, and stand the push

<sup>\*</sup> Bavin, i.e. brushwood.

χραίνειν παρείχον, ώδε τοις φαύλοις ξυνών ἔξωρος εὐτελής τε, κάρτ' αν ή θρόνους είσχειρίσασα δόξ' έμοὶ πειθαρχίαν προς του κρατούντα δια τέλους έσωζεν αν έγω δ ασημος, έλπίδος λειφθείς καλής, ανώνυμός που φυγάδ αν έστεργον βίον. αεί δ' ες όψιν δια μακρού μολών όπως αστήρ κομήτης ήν περίβλεπτος βροτοίς, καί τις τέκνοισί μ' έξεσήμαινεν λέγων, Έκεινος ούτος ο δέ τις άλλος ήρετ άν, Φέρ' εἰπέ, ποῦ 'στί; τίνα Βολίμβροκον βλέπω καὶ μην λόγων προς πάντας ευγλώσσων έγω παντοία θεόθεν εξέκλεψ' ευρήματα, ταπεινότητα δ' ώδε γ' ημφιεσμένος, εύνους μεν ανδρών καρδίας εκτησάμην, βοαίσι δ' εὐφήμοισιν ήν προσήγορος, τῷ σκηπτρ' ἔχοντι καίπερ εἰς ὄψιν μολών. ωδο οδιν έμον παρείχον εἰς τέλος δέμας ήβη νεάζον, ώς στολής θυηπόλου αεὶ φανείσης θαθμα θεὶς παρουσίας. κάκ τωνδε δια χρόνου μεν ευπρεπτος δ' άγαν χλιδης έμης έλαμπεν ώς δαιτός χάρις το σεμνότιμον δ' είχ' ο σύμμετρος χρόνος. ο δ' αὖτ' ἄναξ φίλαυλος ἄλλοτ' ἄλλοσε ηλατ' αθύρων, κουφόνοις μίμοις ξυνών σοφοίσι τ' ἀσόφοις, ὧν τάχ' ἐκλάμψασα φλόξ, ύλης ὀρείας ως, ἐκοιμίσθη τάχα• κώμοις τε φώτων αφρόνων τυραννικόν μιχθέντ' έφυρε κόσμον, υβριστών κακά λαβών ὀνείδη, κληδόνος διαφθοράν. το δ' όμμα, παιδί' έγγελώντα προσγελών, φαιδρον μεν είχεν, ονόματος δ' επὶ βλάβη. στείχων δ' ετόλμα πασιν ώθεισθαι βία,

Of every beardless vain comparative: Grew a companion to the common streets, Enfeoff'd himself to popularity: That being daily swallow'd by men's eyes, They surfeited with honey; and began To loathe the taste of sweetness, whereof a little More than a little is by much too much. So, when he had occasion to be seen, He was but as the cuckoo is in June, Heard, not regarded; seen, but with such eyes, As, sick and blunted with community, Afford no extraordinary gaze, Such as is bent on sun-like majesty, When it shines seldom in admiring eves: But rather drowz'd, and hung their eye-lids down, Slept in his face, and render'd such aspect As cloudy men use to their adversaries; Being with his presence glutted, gorg'd, and full. And in that very line, Harry, standest thou: For thou hast lost thy princely privilege With vile participation; not an eye But is aweary of thy common sight, Save mine, which hath desired to see thee more: Which now doth that I would not have it do, Make blind itself with foolish tenderness.

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry IV. Part I. Act III. Sc. 2.

#### KING. CHIEF JUSTICE.

King. You all look strangely on me, -and you most;

ανηβος όστις έξ ισου χλιδάν θέλοι. πόλεως δ' εθήρα κοινόπουν δμιλίαν, καὶ προστάτην τον δημον ήνεσεν βίου. έξ ων κατ' ήμαρ όμμα πιμπλάντες θέας, άδην μελίσσης είχον, ώστε καὶ βοράς ήδη γλυκείας ήδονην αποπτύσαι. οῦ γαρ πρέπει το σμικρόν, η σμικρόν περ ον λίαν τὸ λίαν ἔσθ' ὑπερβεβλημένον. καιρός δ' ότ' εἰσάγοι νιν εἰς ὄψιν μολείν βροτών, όπως κόκκυγος εν θέρει βοήν, κλύοντες οὐκ ήκουον, ἐντυχόντι δὲ μόγις προσείχον δμμαθ, ώς κοινωνίας μακράς ὑπερπλησθέντα τ' ἀμβλυνθέντα τε. ούδ ην τοιάδ έκπληξις έν τῷ προσβλέπειν, οίαν φύει τύραννος, ήλίου τρόπον αὐγὰς προπέμπων διὰ χρόνου, θαῦμ' εἰσιδεῖν. αταρ κατηφή βλέφαρ υπνω παρειμένοι εύδον παρόντες, όμμασίν θ' υπέβλεπον, οίοις ανήρ δύσοργος αντήρους τυχών. μεστοί γαρ ήδη κάκπλέφ παρουσίας ήσαν, προβάντες είς κόρον θοινώμενοι. τούτω δε και συ ξύμμετρον νοσείς νόσον απώλεσας γαρ κοιράνου σεμνόν γέρας τοίσιν βαναύσοις διά συνουσίας μολών. οὐδεὶς δ' δς οὐκ ὀφθαλμὸς ἄχθεται βλέπων σον πασι κοινον όμμα, πλην τούμου μόνου, δς σοῦ πόθον μὲν εἶχεν εἰς πλέον δρακεῖν τὰ πρόσθε νῦν δ' ἄκοντι κούχ ἐκόντι μοι οίκτου τυφλοῦται θηλύνου λείβων ἄχνην.

#### ANAZ. KPITHE.

ΑΝΑΞ. Υμείς μεν οι παρόντες ομμάτων φόβω

You are, I think, assured I love you not.

C. J. I am assured, if I be measured rightly,

Your majesty hath no just cause to hate me.

King. No!

How might a prince of my great hopes forget So great indignities you laid upon me? What! rate, rebuke, and roughly send to prison The immediate heir of England! was this easy? May this be wash'd in Lethe, and forgotten?

C. J. I then did use the person of your father; The image of his power lay then in me; And in the administration of his law, Whiles I was busy for the commonwealth, Your highness pleased to forget my place, The majesty and power of law and justice, The image of the king whom I presented, And struck me in my very seat of judgment; Whereon, as an offender to your father, I gave bold way to my authority. And did commit you. If the deed were ill, Be you contented, wearing now the garland, To have a son set your decrees at nought; To pluck down justice from your awful bench; To trip the course of law; and blunt the sword That guards the peace and safety of your person; Nay, more, to spurn at your most royal image. And mock your workings in a second body.

δέρκεσθε πάντες μ', εκ δε τῶν μάλιστα σύσφ' οἶσθα δήπου προσφιλης οὖκ ὧν εμοί

ΚΡΙΤ. ὀρθῷ γε κάνονι χρώμενος, σάφ' οἶδ' ἐγώ,
 οὐκ ἄν στυγοίης ἔνδικον μῖσός μ', ἄναξ.

ΑΝΑΞ. πως δ' οὐχί; μων τις ἐλπίδας τρέφων ἴσας ἐμοὶ λάθοιτ' ἄν ὕβρεων τοσωνδε δή, ὅσας ποτ' εἰς ἔμ' ἢξίωσας ὑβρίσαι; ἄρ' οὐ τὸ κερτύμοισι δεννάζειν ψόγοις βία τ' ἄγειν εἰς δεσμὰ τὸν μέλλοντ' ἔχειν γένους κατ' ἀγχιστεῖα τῆσδε γῆς θρόνους, οῦκ ἐστι ταῦτ' ἄφερτα; πως μνήμη ποτ' ἄν τούτων θάνοι κλυσθεῖσα τῆς Λήθης ῥοαῖς;

ΚΡΙΤ. τοῦ σοῦ τότ' ἀντὶ πατρὸς ὑψίστην ἔδραν κείνου τύραννον σχῆμ' ἔχων καθεζόμην. κάγω μὲν ὀρθῶν τοὺς καθεστῶτας νόμους ἔσπευδον ὡς μάλιστα τῶν κοινῶν ὕπερ, σὺ δ' ἢξίωσας οὕτ' ἔμ' αἰδεῦσθαι κράτη, οὕτ' ἐγκρατὲς νόμων τε καὶ δίκης σέβας, οἰ σχῆμ' ἄνακτος, οῦ κράτη παρειχόμην, αὐτοὺς δ' ἔπαισάς μ' ἤμενον δίκης θρόνους. πρὸς ταῦτα τὸν σὸν πατέρα σ' ἢδικηκέναι δοκῶν δυνάμεως πᾶσαν ἦνίαν ἔμῆς χαλῶν ἐτόλμησ' ὥστε σ' ἐι' δεσμοῖσι δεῖν' εἰ τοίνυν ἔργον μὴ δίκαιον ἦν τόδε, φύσας τιν' υἰὸν καὶ σύ, νῦν στέφος φορῶν, ἔπειτ' ἔα νιν τάς τε σὰς ἐπιστολὰς

σφήλαι δρόμον, φθείραί τε τοῦ ξίφους ἀκμήν, δ σωμ' ἔκηλον κάβλαβὲς σωζει τὸ σόν· καὶ πρός γε τούτοις σχήμα σὸν τυραννικὸν καθιππάσασθαι τοῖς θ' ὑπηρετήμασι τῶν σῶν ὑπάρχων ἐγγελῶντ' ἐν σοὶ γελῷν.

θέσθαι παρ' οὐδὲν καὶ δίκην καθαρπάσαι τῶν σεμνοτίμων ἐκ θρόνων, καὶ τῶν νόμων Question your royal thoughts, make the case yours;

Be now the father, and propose a son:

Hear your own dignity so much profaned,

See your most dreadful laws so loosely slighted,

Behold yourself so by a son disdain'd;

And then imagine me taking your part,

And, in your power, soft silencing your son:

After this cold considerance, sentence me;

And, as you are a king, speak in your state,

What I have done that misbecame my place,

My person, or my liege's sovereignty.

King. You are right, Justice, and you weigh this well,
Therefore still bear the balance and the sword:
And I do wish your honours may increase,
Till you do live to see a son of mine
Offend you, and obey you, as I did:
So shall I live to speak my father's words;
"Happy am I, that have a man so bold,
"That dares do justice on my proper son;
"And no less happy, having such a son,
"That would deliver up his greatness so
"Into the hand of justice." You committed me,
For which I do commit into your hand
Th' unstained sword that you have used to bear:

αγ' εξέταζε λήμα γενναίον σέθεν, καὶ σοὶ προσήκειν ταῦτα δὴ νόμιζε σύ· πατήρ γενού σύ, σοί τε παίδ' είναι δόκει. καὶ σὸν σέβας τοσοῦτον ἡτιμασμένον ακουε, χωδο αναξι ημελημένους ίδου μεγίστους δη νόμους, και πρός τέκνου όρα σεαυτόν ώδε προυσελούμενον ἔπειτα δ. ήγου σου μ' υπερδικείν, ἄναξ, κράτει τε τῷ σῷ χρώμενον τὸ σὸν τέκνον λόγοισι κοιμάν ήρέμοις τοιαθτα δή σαφως άθρήσας την έμην κρίνον δίκην κάτ', ών τύραννος, ώς τύραννος είπέ μοι, τί δη δέδρακα τησδε μη κατάξιον έδρας, έμου τε, του τε βασιλικού κράτους; καλώς λέγεις, ώ πρέσβυ, κάξ όρθης φρενός ταῦτ' εὖ λογίζει τοιγαροῦν χρεών σ' ἔτι τὰ τῆς δίκης τάλαντα καὶ ξίφος φέρειν καὶ μὴν ἀεὶ σὺ τερπνὸν ἐκπλήσαις βίον σεμναίς ξυνών τιμαίσιν, έστ' αὐτὸς βλέποις τοῦδ ανδρός υἱόν, ός σ' ἐφυβρίσας ἴσα Τσ' εἶτ' ἔμοιγε σοῖσιν ἐνδώσει λόγοις. κάγω γάρ ούτως την πατρός τούμου θροείν αὐδην ἔχοιμ' ἄν. Εὐτυχης ἄρ' εἰμ' έγω τολμηρον ούτως ἄνδρ' ἔχων, δς εἰς γόνον τον τουδε τανδρός γνησίως πεφυκότα ούκ αν τρέσειεν αξίαν κραίνειν δίκην. καν τώδε μαλλον εὐτυχής, ἔχων γόνον, δς τη Δίκη πέφυκεν ωδ εξουσίαν την αυτός αυτου σωφρόνως έγχειρίσαι. σύ μεν τότ ηξίωσας εν δεσμοίς με δείν έγω δ αποινα τωνδε τουθ αγνον ξίφος, ο σοι ξύνηθες καὶ τὸ πρόσθεν ην φέρειν, είς χειρά σοι δίδωμι σύν τοιφδ' έπει

ANAZ.

With this remembrance, that you use the same With a like bold, just, and impartial spirit, As you have done 'gainst me. There is my hand: You shall be as a father to my youth: My voice shall sound as you do prompt mine ear; And I will stoop and humble my intents To your well-practised wise directions. And, princes all, believe me, I beseech you; My father is gone wild into his grave, For in his tomb lie my affections; And with his spirit sadly I survive, To mock the expectations of the world; To frustrate prophecies, and to raze out Rotten opinion, which hath writ me down After my seeming. Tho' my tide of blood Hath proudly flowed in vanity till now; Now doth it turn and ebb back to the sea, Where it shall mingle with the state of floods, And flow henceforth in formal majesty. Now call we our high court of parliament, And let us choose such limbs of noble counsel, That the great body of our state may go In equal rank with the best governed nation; That war or peace, or both at once, may be

Όπως σὺ χρήσει τῷδε, λημ' ἀεὶ τρέφων εὖτολμον οὖτως ἔννομόν τε κάξ ἴσου πασιν δίκαιον, ώς το πρίν τότ' είς έμέ.-καί σοι προτείνω τήνδε δεξιάν χέρα, σὺ δ' ώς πατήρ τόνδ' ἄνδρα παιδεύσεις ἀεί, χωσ' αν δι' ωτὸς ἐμβάλης, τοσαῦτ' ἔπη τὸ λοιπὸν ἦδη φθέγξεται τοῦμὸν στόμα. καὶ πάνθ' ὑφήσω τἄμ' ἐγώ βουλεύματα ταίς σαίς πυκναίς τε καὶ σοφαίσιν έντολαίς. ύμεις δ', ἄνακτες, πρὸς θεῶν ἐμοὶ τόδε πιστεύεθ', ώς είς τύμβον ακολάστους πατήρ τρόπους έχων βέβηκεν, είπερ εν τάφω τῷ τοῦ θανόντος οι γ' ἐμοὶ κείνται τρόποι. έγω δε κείνου λημ' έχων λυπρώς έτι φως είσορω τόδ, ωστε ταις κεναις βροτών έπεγγελάν δόξαισι καὶ χρησμωδίας ποιείν ακράντους, καξαλείψασθαι σαθράν γνώμην πολιτών, οἴπερ οὐκ ὀρθην γραφην ήμας εγράψαντ' όμμασιν πεποιθότες. έμοι γάρ έν μωραισι δευρ' αει χλιδαίς ύπερκόπως βέβηκεν αίματος βοή, νῦν δ΄ αὖ τέτραπται κύμασιν παλιββόθοις καὶ πρὸς θάλασσαν αὖθις ἄψοβρον τρέχει, οδ ξυμμιγείσα παγκρατεί κλυδωνίω κόσμφ το λοιπον βεύσεται τυραννικώ. καὶ μὴν ὁ καιρὸς ξυγκαλεῖν πανήγυριν την των προβούλων, έκ τε των σοφωτάτους Βουλής ελέσθαι τής καλής ξυμπράκτορας, όπως τὸ σώμα τησδε γης προβήσεται ζύγ' εξίσωσαν τη κράτιστ' οἰκουμένη πόλεων άπασων, ώστε καὶ μάχη δορός ξυνόντες εἰρήνη τε, χώπόταν δέη αμφοίν, όμοίως ώσπερ οἰκείοις πάλαι

As things acquainted and familiar to us, In which you, father, shall have foremost hand. Shakespeare, King Henry IV. Part II. Act v. Sc. 2.

# KING HENRY.

I know thee not, old man; fall to thy prayers; How ill white hairs become a fool and jester! I have long dream'd of such a kind of man, So surfeit-swell'd, so old, and so profane; But, being awake, I do despise my dream. Make less thy body hence, and more thy grace; Leave gormandizing; know, the grave doth gape For thee thrice wider than for other men:-Reply not to me with a fool-born jest; Presume not that I am the thing I was; For heaven doth know, so shall the world perceive, That I have turn'd away my former self; So will I those that kept me company. When thou dost hear I am as I have been, Approach me; and thou shalt be as thou wast, The tutor and the feeder of my riots. Till then, I banish thee, on pain of death,— As I have done the rest of my misleaders,— Not to come near our person by ten mile. For competence of life, I will allow you, That lack of means enforce you not to evil; And, as we hear you do reform yourselves, We will,—according to your strength, and qualities,— Give you advancement.—Be it your charge, my lord,

έγχωρίοις τε χρώμενοι δηλώσομεν· ἐν οἶς σὰ δὴ τὸ πλεῖστον ὀρθώσεις, γέρον.

# ANAZ.

"Ιθ' ἐκποδών, οὐκ οἶδά σ' ὅστις εἶ, γέρον, τρέπου προς ευχάς, ου γαρ ευ πρέπειν λέγω πολιάν γελαστή φωτί και σκώπτη κόμην. δαρον μεν είδον νυκτός εν φαντάσμασι τοιούτον ανδρα, πλησμοναίς ωγκωμένον, ούτως αναιδή και γέροντα κάθεον. νῦν δ' οὖν ἐγερθεὶς φάσμα τοῦτ' ἀπέπτυσα. τοὐνθένδε μείζον ή τὸ σῶμ αἰδῶ τρέφε. τρυφών τε παθσαι· τοθτο δ ίσθι, τρὶς τόσον ή τοίσιν άλλοις σοὶ τάφου χάσκει μέρος. μηδ αὖ με μώροις σκώμμασιν προσέννεπε, δοκών μ' ἴσως τὸν αὐτὸν ὅσπερ ἢν πάρος. Θεός γάρ οίδε, καὶ τόδ όψονται βροτοί, ώς δη μεθήκα τους πάλαι τρόπους έγώ, χούτω μεθήσω τούς πάρος ξυνάονας. όταν δ' ακούσης, όν ποτ' έζωμεν τρόπον είσαθθις ήμας ζώντας, έλθέ μου πέλας, σὺ δ αὖθις αὖ μοι τῆς ὑπερμέτρου χλιδῆς, ώς πρίν, διδάσκαλός τε καὶ τροφεύς έσει. καὶ νῦν σ' ἐλαύνω τοῦδ' ἄποπτον ἄστεος, θανούμενος δ' ίσθ' εί κάτει πάντες δε σοί έχουσ' έταιροι ταύτα ταπιτίμια. σιτον παρέξω, μή τις οὖν ὑμᾶς βίου πείση κάκ έργα δράν αναγκαία σπάνις. όταν δ' ακούσω σωφρονήσαντας πάλιν, έκαστος ύμων έξ έμου τι δέξεται, οδον κατ' ισχύν και κατ' άξίαν, γέρας.

To see perform'd the tenor of our word. Set on.

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry IV. Part II. Act v. Sc. 2.

# CHORUS.

Now entertain conjecture of a time, When creeping murmur, and the poring dark, Fills the wide vessel of the universe. From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night, The hum of either army stilly sounds, That the fixed sentinels almost receive The secret whispers of each other's watch: Fire answers fire: and through their paly flames Each battle sees the other's umber'd face: Steed threatens steed, in high and boastful neighs Piercing the night's dull ear; and from the tents, The armourers, accomplishing the knights, . With busy hammers closing rivets up, Give dreadful note of preparation. The country cocks do crow, the clocks do toll, And the third hour of drowsy morning name. Proud of their numbers, and secure in soul, The confident and over-lusty French Do the low-rated English play at dice; And chide the cripple tardy-gaited night, Who, like a foul and ugly witch, doth limp

υπαρχε, σοι δε χρή μέλειν επιστολας ας νυν εφειμαι. στείχετ, ου μελλητέον.

# XOPOX.

ΝΥΝ ἐννοοῦ καιρόν τιν, εὖθ ὁμορρόθουν βρόμω βάδην έρποντι διατόρον κνέφας πληροί μέγ αμφιχαίνον αίθέρος κύτος. κατ' εὐφρόνην γαρ κοιλογάστορα ψόφος βομβεί τις "Αρεως δίδυμος έν μεταιχμίοις, ασημ' ύπηχων ωστε τούς τεταγμένους σχεδον δέχεσθαι φύλακας άλλήλων πάρα ψιθυρούς λαθραίας ξυμβόλων παραλλαγάς. φρυκτοί δε φρυκτοίς αντιλάμπουσιν, φλόγα ξανθήν πνέοντες ήν διοπτεύων "Αρης λυγαίον όμμα δέρκεται, διπλούς διπλούν. πώλων δ' ἄρ', ώς έναντί' έμβριμωμένων πώλοις, φρυάγματ οὐράνια, κόμπου πλέα, βάλλει δι ώτων εύφρόνην τους δ' ιππότας σκηνών έσωθεν οι σιδηροτέκτονες πανοπλία κοσμούσι, καὶ σφυρών υπο σπουδή σαγάς γομφούντες εύπαγώς έχειν δεινόν τιν ήδη φροιμιάζονται κλόνον. οί δ' έξ άγρων ὄρνιθες ἄδουσιν λιγύ. χαλκούς δὲ κλάζων ὄρθρον ἀγγέλλει βαθύν κώδων, τετάρτου φύλακος ώς κληρουμένου. καὶ μὴν ἐκεῖ μέν, ἀνδροπληθεία στρατοῦ άβουλία τε κουφονώ γαυρούμενοι, Γαλατών ὁ θερμὸς ὑψίφρων τ' ἄγαν λεώς τούς ανθαμίλλους τούς ίσους τω μηδενί κύβοις διεμπολώσιν έν δὲ κερτομεί βραδυσκελή τις ευφρόνην, οία σχολή στυγνής αμόρφου τ' έν τρόποις αγυρτρίας

So tediously away. The poor condemned English, Like sacrifices, by their watchful fires Sit patiently, and inly ruminate The morning's danger; and their gesture sad, Investing lank-lean cheeks and war-worn coats. Presenteth them unto the gazing moon So many horrid ghosts. O, now, who will behold The royal captain of this ruin'd band, Walking from watch to watch, from tent to tent, Let him cry,—Praise and glory on his head! For forth he goes, and visits all his host; Bids them good-morrow, with a modest smile: And calls them—brothers, friends, and countrymen. Upon his royal face there is no note, How dread an army hath enrounded him: Nor doth he dedicate one jot of colour Unto the weary and all-watched night: But freshly looks, and overbears attaint, With cheerful semblance and sweet majesty; That every wretch, pining and pale before, Beholding him, plucks comfort from his looks: A largess universal, like the sun, His liberal eye doth give to every one, Thawing cold fear.

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry V. Act IV.

# KING HENRY. QUEEN MARGARET.

K. Hen. My lords, what to your wisdoms seemeth best, Do, or undo, as if ourself were here. ειλύεται χωλον πόδ' εξέλκουσ' όδφ. οί δ', ως θανούμεν εύμαρη προσφάγματα, ανδρες Βρέταννοι τλημόνως φρυκτοῖς πάρα θακοῦσ', άγων' έωον ἐννοούμενοι όμοῦ δ ἔχοντες σχημά θ ώς λυπουμένων, γνάθους τ' ασάρκους, κούκ αγύμναστον μαχών στολήν, Σελήνη νυκτός όφθαλμφ βλέπειν σκιών πρέπουσιν έμφόβων μιμήματα. νῦν τοῦ πανωλοῦς τοῦδε τὸν σεμνὸν στόλου λοχαγον είσιδών τις, ώς σκηνήν τε καὶ φρουρον προς άλλοτ άλλον είλίσσει πόδα, πως ούκ αν ευξαιτ, ω θεοί, δότ ευκλεές τοίον γενέσθαι μηδ' ακήρυκτον κάρα; στείχων γαρ οὖν τὸν πάντα ποιμαίνει στρατόν, ασπάζεται δε σωφρόνως γελών αμα, καὶ δὴ κικλήσκει ξυγγόνους, ἄνδρας φίλους, καὶ ξυμπολίτας ἐν τρίτοις προσφθέγμασιν. έν τοι προσώπφ γ' εὐγενεῖ σημ' οὐκ ένς οίφ ξύνοιδεν εγκυκλούμενος στρατώ. ούδ αὖ τι φρουραίς παννύχοις παρειμένος ημειψε χροιάς ἄνθος άλλ' δράν πρέπει ύγιής κόπον δε καρτερών ύπερτρέχει, αναξ τύραννον σχήμα φαιδρωπόν τ' έχων ωστ', εί τις ωχρον όμμα τήκεται τάλας, τούτον δεδορκώς, αὐτόθεν θαρσύνεται. ού πρευμενής όφθαλμός, ώς τις ήλιος, κοινόν τι πασιν είς πολύς χαρίζεται, ψυχρον φίλαις αὐγῆσι θερμαίνων φόβον.

# ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ. ΜΑΡΓΑΡΗΤΗ.

ΒΑΣ. "Οσ', ὧνδρες, ὑμῶν ξυμβεβούλευται σοφῶς ψήφοις τε κυροῦν καὶ πάλιν θέσθαι λέγω ἄπανθ' ὁμοίως ὧσπερ εἰ καὐτὸς παρῆν. Q. Mar. What, will your highness leave the parliament? K. Hen. Aye, Margaret; my heart is drown'd with grief, Whose flood begins to flow within mine eves: My body round engirt with misery; For what's more miserable than discontent? Ah, uncle Humphrey! in thy face I see The map of honour, truth, and loyalty; And yet, good Humphrey, is the hour to come, That e'er I prov'd thee false, or fear'd thy faith. What low'ring star now envies the estate. That these great lords, and Margaret our Queen, Do seek subversion of thy harmless life? Thou never didst them wrong, nor no man wrong: And as the butcher takes away the calf. And binds the wretch, and beats it when it strays, Bearing it to the bloody slaughter-house; Even so, remorseless, have they borne him hence. And as the dam runs lowing up and down, Looking the way her harmless young one went, And can do nought but wail her darling's loss: Even so myself bewails good Gloster's case With sad unhelpful tears; and with dimm'd eyes Look after him, and cannot do him good; So mighty are his vowed enemies. His fortunes I will weep; and 'twixt each groan Say-Who's a traitor? Gloster he is none.

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry VI. Part II. Act III. Sc. 1.

MAP. ἐκ τῆσδε βουλῆς ὡς παραυτίκ ἐξιων γνώμην ἔχεις, ὦ δέσποθ';

ΒΑΣ. ὧδ' ἔχει, γύναι.

έμοι μεν ή φρήν άλγεσιν ποντίζεται στάζουσιν έντος ομμάτων πλημμυρίδα. τὸ σῶμα δ' ἐστὶν ἐν κακῶν ἀρκυστάτοις. τί γαρ κάκιον της άθυμίας έφυ; ῶδελφε τουμοῦ πατρός, Ουμφρεδον λέγω, έν σοίς χαρακτήρ όμμασιν πειθαρχίας ενεστ' άληθείας τε κεὐόρκου φρενός. κούκ εἰς τόδ ώρας, ώ φίλον θείου κάρα, απιστον οντ ήλεγξά σ', ουδ έδεισ' έγω μή πως γένοι ἄπιστος ὑστέρω χρόνω, καί σοι τίς αστήρ εφθόνησε της τύχης. όθούνεχ' οίδε κοίρανοι γυνή τ' έμή αποστερείν ζητοῦσί σ' άβλαβη βίον; αλλ' ούτε τούτους ούτ' ἄρ' ανθρώπων τινα έβλαψας οῦποτ' ώς δὲ μόσχον ἄρταμος δήσας άγει δεσμοίσι καὶ πλανώμενον πληγαίς κολάζων είτα πρός το φοίνιον έλκει σφαγείον, τώδε κούκ άλλω τρόπω ούτοι τὸν ἄνδρα νηλεώς ἀπήγαγον. χώπωσπερ ή τεκούσα σύν βοή τρέχει ανω κάτω ζητούσα νήπιον γόνον, ην θ' ύστατην εξηλθε παπταίνουσ' όδον απαυστα θρηνεί φιλτάτου πόθω τέκνου, ούτως έγωγε Γλωστρίου κεδνού τύχας θρηνώ δακρύων κάνακωκύω μάτην. καὶ τοῦτον ὀφθαλμοῖσιν ήμαυρωμένοις αξει ματεύω κούκ έπωφελειν έχω, τοσοῦτός ἐστι τῶν διωμότων στόλος έχθρων οσοισι δυσμαχεί κείνου δ' έγω τύχας δακρύων έν μέσοις λέξω γόοις, προδότης τίς έστιν; οὐ γὰρ οὖν ὁ Γλώστριος.

# KING. WARWICK. SUFFOLK.

King. O Thou that judgest all things, stay my thoughts; My thoughts, that labour to persuade my soul, Some violent hands were laid on Humphrey's life! If my suspect be false, forgive me, God! For judgment only doth belong to thee. Fain would I go to chafe his paly lips With twenty thousand kisses, and to drain Upon his face an ocean of salt tears; To tell my love unto his dumb deaf trunk, And with my fingers feel his hand unfeeling;-But all in vain are these mean obsequies; And, to survey his dead and earthly image, What were it but to make my sorrow greater? War. Come hither, gracious sovereign, view this body. King. That is to see how deep my grave is made; For, with his soul, fled all my worldly solace,

War. As surely as my soul intends to live

With that dread King, that took our state upon
him

For seeing him I see my life in death.

To free us from his Father's wrathful curse, I do believe that violent hands were laid Upon the life of this thrice-famed duke.

Suff. A dreadful oath, sworn with a solemn tongue.

# ΒΑΣΙΛΕΤΣ. ΟΤΑΡΟΤΙΚΌΣ. ΣΟΤΦΟΛΚΌΣ.

- BAZ. 'Αλλ' ώ σὺ πᾶσιν ος τὰ της δίκης νέμεις. απαλλαγάς μοι τησδε της γνώμης δίδου, η νυν παρειπείν σφόδρ' έμην ζητεί φρένα, ώς κατθανόντος Ούμφρέδου χερών βία.  $\epsilon i \delta' o \bar{i} \nu \mu' \dot{\nu} \pi \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \delta' \dot{\nu} \pi o \psi i \alpha \kappa \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta},$ ξυγγνώμον είναι τωνδέ σ' αἰτοῦμαι, Θεός. σον γαρ το κραίνειν έστι κουκ άλλου δίκην. η μυρίοις αν ήδέως φιλήμασι θάλποιμ' αν ώχρας στόματος έμπεσών πύλας, ρήξας τε δακρύων άλμυρων πλημμυρίδα τέγγοιμ' αν όψιν τοῦδε, καὶ κωφὸν δέμας προσηγοροίην φιλτάτοις λόγοις, χερὸς αγνώτος οὐκ αγνώτι θιγγάνων χερί. ἴτω δ' ὁ φαῦλος τῶν μάτην τιμῶν πόνος· καὶ τόνδ' άθρησαι τάνδρὸς ἄψυχον νεκύν τί δητ' αν είη πλην ανιασθαι πλέον;
- ΟΥΑΡ. στείχοις αν ασσον, ω φέριστε δέσποτα, ως αν θεωρός τοῦδε τοῦ νεκροῦ γένη.
- ΒΑΣ. τύμβου μὲν οὖν θεωρὸς ὡς βαθυσκαφὴς κρύψει με πρώτα μὲν γὰρ οἴχεται βίου ἐμοὶ πρόπασα τῆδε σὺν ψυχῆ χάρις κἄπειτα θεῖον τόνδ ὁρῶν τεθνηκότα ὁρῶ τὸν ἀμὸν οὐκέτ ἐν φάει βίον.
- ΟΥΑΡ. εἴ μοί τις ἐλπίς ἐστ' ἐμὴν τῷ παγκρατεῖ
  ψυχὴν ἄνακτι ξυγκατοικήσειν ἐκεῖ,
  ὅς ἐκ θεοῦ βρότειον ἤμειψεν δέμας
  λύσιν βροτοῖσιν ἐγκότων ἀρῶν πατρός,
  ἤ μὴν βιαίαις χερσὶ πιστεύω θανεῖν
  τὸ τοῦδε φωτὸς εὐκλεότατον κάρα.
- ΣΟΥΦ. μέγαν τον όρκον εκβαλών σεμνοστόμου

War. See, how the blood is settled in his face!

Oft have I seen a timely-parted ghost,

Of ashy semblance, meagre, pale, and bloodless,

Being all descended to the labouring heart;

Who, in the conflict that it holds with death,

Attracts the same for aidance 'gainst the enemy;

Which with the heart there cools, and ne'er returneth

To blush and beautify the cheek again.
But, see, his face is black, and full of blood;
His eyeballs further out than when he liv'd,
Staring full ghastly, like a strangled man;
His hair uprear'd, his nostrils stretch'd with
struggling;

His hands abroad display'd, as one that grasp'd And tugg'd for life, and was by strength subdued.

Look, on the sheets, his hair, you see, is sticking; His well-proportioned beard made rough and rugged,

Like to the summer's corn by tempest lodg'd. It cannot be, but he was murder'd here; The least of all these signs were probable.

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry VI. Part II. Act III. Sc. 2

# YORK.

The army of the queen hath got the field, My uncles both are slain in rescuing me; And all my followers to the eager foe

γλώσσης τί δείξεις εμφανές λόγου τέκμαρ; ΟΥΑΡ. δράς παρειών τὸν μελαμπαγή βρότον; η πολλάκις μεν είδον ώραιον νεκρον αναίματον λευκή τε προσφερή σποδώ. ω χρως ετήκετ ωχρός, ασπαίροντα δε προς σπέρνα θερμός κρουνός έπτησσεν βίου, ον είς αγώνα τον προκείμενον καλεί θανάτου πιόντος ξυμπαραστάτην κέαρ. στέρνοις δ' επειτα ψυχρός εγκαθίσταται, φαιδραίς παρειαν οὐκέτ' εὐφραίνων ροαίς. μέλαινα δ' αὖ σοι τοῦδε χαίματος πλέα όψις πλέον δε ζώντος άστροφοι κόραι προύχουσιν όσσων, δυσθέατον εἰσιδείν, ώς έν βρόχων δεσμοίσιν άψαντος δέρην. όρθη δε θρίξ έστηκε κάκ παλαισμάτων ρίνες τέτανται των χερών δε δάκτυλοι ριγούσ' αναπτυχθέντες, ώς όστις βίου απρίξ έχόμενος είτ' έχειρώθη βία. καὶ μὴν κόμη κεκραμέν εἰσιδεῖν πάρα ύφάσματ' εύνης ηρινός δ' ώσπερ στάχυς ομβροκτύποις χειμώσιν εκπορθούμενος, χαίτη πέφρικεν ευτρίχου γενειάδος. ουκ έσθ όπως ουκ ενθάδ ήντησεν φώνου. ευξύμβολον γάρ έστι τοῦτο δοξάσαι κάκ τούλαχίστου τωνδε των τεκμηρίων.

#### ΟΥΟΡΚΟΣ.

Το της ανάσσης σήμερον νίκην φέρει στράτευμα, καμοί ξυμπαραστάντες δύο τεθνασι θείω, κατι νωτίζει δρόμον παλίσσυτον πας δαίων απο στρατός,

Turn back, and fly, like ships before the wind, Or lambs pursued by hunger-starved wolves; My sons—God knows what hath bechanced them: But this I know,—they have demean'd themselves Like men born to renown, by life, or death. Three times did Richard make a lane to me; And thrice cried—"Courage, father! fight it out!" And full as oft came Edward to my side With purple falchion, painted to the hilt In blood of those that had encounter'd him; And when the hardiest warriors did retire, Richard cried—"Charge, and give no ground!" And cried—"A crown, or else a glorious tomb! A sceptre, or an earthly sepulchre!" With this we charg'd again: but out, alas, We bodg'd again; as I have seen a swan With bootless labour swim against the tide, And spend her strength with overmatching waves. Ah, hark! the fatal followers do pursue, And I am faint, and cannot fly their fury; And were I strong, I would not shun their fury. The sands are number'd that make up my life: Here must I stay, and here my life must end. SHAKESPEARE, King Henry VI. Part III. Act I. Sc. 4.

# YORK.

York. She-wolf of France, but worse than wolves of France,

φεύγει θ' όπως ναθς πνευμάτων υπ' οὐρίων άρνες τ' άφ' όρμης κοιλογαστόρων λύκων. υίους μεν ώς πράσσουσιν έξεπίσταται μόνον τὸ θεῖον, τοῦτο δ' ἔξεστιν λέγειν, ως εξέδειξαν εύγενεις πεφυκότες, καλοί τ' έτ' εἰσὶν ή καλώς τεθνασί μοι. τρίς μέν 'Ρίγαρδος Φοινίαν ταμών όδον πέλας προσηλθε τρίς τ' ἐπεξιάκχασεν, "ἄγ' ὦ πάτερ, ξύναπτε θαρσήσας μάχην·" τρὶς δ' αὖτ' "Εδαρδος πλησίον παρίστατο, φοίνικ έχων σίδηρον ήματωμένον σφαγαίς φθαρέντων πρός βίαν εναντίων. έπει δ' έχώρουν ευκλεέστατοι μάχης στρατηλάται, 'Ρίχαρδος ψμωξεν μέγα. 'Ορμαίνετ' ἄνδρες, μηδε βαιον εἴκετε· σκήπτρου τύχωμεν ή μέγ' εὐκλεοῦς τάφου· φορώμεν εία στέφανον ή χλαίναν χθονός. έπειτ' ές δρμην δεύτερον καθέσταμεν, σύδην δ' ετ' αὖθις εἰς φυγὴν τετράμμεθα. ώσπερ κύκνος τις ποταμίαν ανα ροήν μάτην ἐρέσσει φαῦλον άθλεύων πόνον, ήσσων θ' ὑπείκει κρείσσοσιν κλυδωνίοις. έα· λόχος τις δυσμενής έμους στίβους ίχνοσκοπεί, κάγωγε λείπομαι σθένους, έχθρων τε φεύγειν οὐκέτ' ἰσχύω κότον. καν εί τις ην μοι δύναμις, ούκ αν ηθελον τούτων αλύσκειν μηνιν αλλ' έμοὶ κυρεί απας αριθμος ήμερων τελούμενος. ένταθθα γάρ μείναί με καὶ θανείν χρεών.

#### ΟΥΟΡΚΟΣ.

<sup>2</sup>Ω Κελτική λύκαινα· Κελτικών μέν οὖν λύκων κάκιον· ήτις έν γλώσση τρέφεις

Whose tongue more poisons than the adder's tooth! How ill-beseeming is it in thy sex,
To triumph, like an Amazonian trull,
Upon their woes, whom fortune captivates!
But that thy face is, vizor-like, unchanging,
Made impudent with use of evil deeds,
I would assay, proud queen, to make thee blush:
To tell thee whence thou camest, of whom derived,
Were shame enough to shame thee, wert thou not shameless.

Thy father bears the type of king of Naples. Of both the Sicils, and Jerusalem; Yet not so wealthy as an English yeoman. Hath that poor monarch taught thee to insult? It needs not, nor it boots thee not, proud queen; Unless the adage must be verified,-That beggars, mounted, run their horse to death. 'Tis beauty that doth oft make women proud; But God, He knows, thy share thereof is small: 'Tis virtue that doth make them most admired; The contrary doth make thee wonder'd at: "Tis government, that makes them seem divine; The want thereof makes thee abominable: Thou art as opposite to every good, As the antipodes are unto us, Or as the south to the septentrion. O, tiger's heart, wrapp'd in a woman's hide! How couldst thou drain the life-blood of the child, To bid the father wipe his eyes withal, And yet be seen to bear a woman's face?

SHAKESPEARE, King Henry VI. Part III. Act I. Sc. 4.

έχθρας έχίδνης ιον αγριώτερον, ώς οὐ γυναικός ἐστιν οἶς ἐνάλλεται Τύχη βροτοίσι τωνδ ἐπεγγελάν κακοίς, θρασυστομούσης έν τρόποις 'Αμαζόνος. άλλ' εί παρειάν μή προσωπείου δίκην άτεγκτον είχες ώδε, κάκ ξυνουσίας κακών αναιδή, τήνδ', ανασσ' ύψηλόφρον, ημελλον ήδη πορφυρέα χραίνειν βαφή. λέγειν γαρ ενθεν ήλθες έξ οιων τ' εφυς αλις τόδ' αίσχος ώστε σ' αίσχύνην έχειν μή πάντ' αναισχυντοῦσαν. ἐν Νεαπόλει τύραννον ἴσχει σχημ' ὁ σ' ἐκφύσας πατήρ, ίρων τε Σολύμων Σικελίας τ' άρχων διπλης οὐδ ᾿Αγγλικοῦ βοτήρος εὐπορεί πλέον· αρ' έξ άνακτος τούδε του βιοστερούς έκμανθάνεις την υβριν; ου χρεών τάδε, ανασσ' ὑπέρφρον, οὐδὲ μὴν λύει τέλη. εί μη βεβαιούν δεί σε την παροιμίαν, πτωχούς εφίππους πώλον είς φθοράν ελάν, άλλ' εἰσὶν ας τὸ κάλλος εξογκοί θαμά χλιδή γυναίκας σοι δε τής γ' εύμορφίας θεὸς ξύνοιδε σμικρον ἰσχούση μέρος. άλλ' ἐν γυναιξὶν άρετη θαυμάζεται. σε δ' αὐθ' εκατι τουμπαλιν θαυμαστέον. άλλ' έξισοι νιν δαίμοσιν το σωφρονείν. σὺ δ', ἐνδέουσα τοῦδέ γ', ὧδ' ἀπευκτὸς εἶ. απλώς δε σου τα χρηστα πάντ' αφίσταται οσονπερ ήμων ταπέκεινα της χθονός όσον μέν οὐν ἄπεισι τῆς μεσημβρίας άρκτου κέλευθοι στροφάδες. δ δέρας μάτην γυναικόμορφον, τίγρεως κεῦθον κέαρ. πως δητ' αποψαν τλάσα τον παιδος φόνον πατέρα κελεύεις τῷδ ομόρξασθαι δάκρυ, όψιν δ' όμως θηλείαν άξιοις φορείν;

# CASCA. CASSIUS.

Casc. Cassius, what night is this?

Cass. A very pleasing night to honest men.

Casc. Who ever knew the heavens menace so!

Cass. Those that have known the earth so full of faults.

For my part, I have walk'd about the streets, Submitting me unto the perilous night;

And thus unbraced, Casca, as you see,

Have bar'd my bosom to the thunder-stone.

And when the cross blue lightning seem'd to open

The breast of heaven, I did present myself

Even in the aim and very flash of it.

Casc. But wherefore did you so much tempt the heavens?

It is the part of men to fear and tremble,

When the most mighty gods, by tokens, send

Such dreadful heralds to astonish us.

Cass. You are dull, Casca; and those sparks of life
That should be in a Roman, you do want,
Or else you use not: you look pale, and gaze,
And put on fear, and cast yourself in wonder,
To see the strange impatience of the heavens;
But if you would consider the true cause,
Why all these fires, why all these gliding ghosts,
Why birds, and beasts, from quality and kind;
Why old men, fools, and children calculate;
Why all these things change from their ordinance,
Their natures, and pre-formed faculties,

# ΚΑΣΚΑΣ. ΚΑΣΣΙΟΣ.

ΚΑΣΚ. Ποίαν δρώμεν ευφρόνην, ω Κάσσιε;

ΚΑΣΣ. τοις γ' εὐσεβοῦσι, Κάσκα, κάρτ' ἐφίμερον.

ΚΑΣΚ. τίς πώποτ' είδεν ούρανοῦ τοσαῦτ' ἄχη;

ΚΑΣΣ. τοσωνδέ γ' δστις γην άμαρτιων πλέαν·
ἔγωγ' άγυιας εἰσέβην ὑφεὶς τόδε
μεσονυκτίοισι σώμα κινδυνεύμασιν,
οὔτω δ', ὅπως νῦν εἰσορᾳς, ἄζωνος ὧν
ἀφῆκα γυμνὸν τῷ κεραυνίῳ βέλει
στέρνον τόδ', εὖτε δ' ἀστραπήφοροι φλόγες
κόλπον δοκοῖεν οὐρανοῦ μέσον τεμεῖν,
σέλας πρὸς αὐτὸ καὶ βολην ἀντεστάτουν.

ΚΑΣΚ. τί ταῦτ' ἔδρασας τῶν θεῶν πειρώμενος; βροτῶν γὰρ ἔστι δειματουμένων τρέμειν δθ' ὑψόθεν τοιοῖσδε σὰν τεκμηρίοις καταιβάτας πέμπουσιν ἀγγέλους θεοί, ὅπως ἄν ἐκπλήσσωσιν ἀνθρώπους φόβω.

ΚΑΣΣ. ἄθυμος εἶ σύ, Κάσκα, 'Ρωμαίω δ' ὅπερ πρέπει μάλιστα καρδίας θερμὸν μένος ἔχων τόδ' οὖκ ἔδειξας, οὖκ ἔχεις δ' ἄσως. ωχρὸς γὰρ ὀρθόν τ' εἰσαθρῶν παραστατεῖς, εἰς θαῦμ' ἐσελθῶν καὶ φόβω πεπληγμένος, ὑπερφυᾶ τόνδ' αἰθέρος βλέπων κότον. εἰ τῶνδ' ἀληθεῖς αἰτίας βούλει σκοπεῖν, δι' ὧν ὑπερβαίνουσιν ἔννομον φύσιν φλόγες τοιαίδε καμενηνὰ φάσματα, δι' ὧν γέροντες νηπίοις τε σὺν τέκνοις μῶροι λόγοισιν ἐκλογίζονται σοφοῖς, δι' ὧν μεταλλαγέντα τῆς πεπρωμένης φύσεως ἄπαντα καὶ νόμων προκειμένων ὑπερφυᾶς ἤσκησε καὶ δεινοὺς τρόπους,

To monstrous quality; why, you shall find,
That heaven hath infus'd them with these spirits,
To make them instruments of fear and warning
Unto some monstrous state.
Now could I, Casca, name to thee a man
Most like this dreadful night;
That thunders, lightens, opens graves, and roars

As doth the lion in the Capitol:

A man no mightier than thyself, or me,

In personal action; yet prodigious grown, And fearful, as these strange eruptions are.

SHAKESPEARE, Julius Cæsar, Act 1. Sc. 3.

# LEAR. CORDELIA. KENT.

Lear.

Now, our joy,

Although the last, not least; to whose young love The vines of France, and milk of Burgundy, Strive to be interess'd; what can you say to draw A third more opulent than your sisters? Speak.

Cor. Nothing, my lord.

Lear.

Nothing?

Cor.

Nothing.

Lear. Nothing can come of nothing: speak again.

Cor. Unhappy that I am, I cannot heave

My heart into my mouth: I love your majesty According to my bond; nor more, nor less.

σκοπών ἀληθές τώνδ ἀνευρήσεις τέκμαρ, ώς δὴ τὸ θεῖον τάσδε νῦν μεταλλαγὰς πάντων ἔθηκε, δείματος τεκμήρια βροτοῖς, κακών τε δεινὰ νουθετήματα. ἔγωγε μέντοι, Κάσκα, προσφερέστατον τῆδ εὐφρόνη λέγοιμ' ἄν ἄνθρωπόν τινα, ὄς γ' ἀστραπὰς ἴησι καὶ βροντήματα, ἀεί τ' ἀνοίγων νεκροδέγμονας τάφους βρέμει λέων ὁποῖος οῦν τἀκροπτόλει ὅς σοῦ τ' ἐμοῦ τε καίπερ οὐ μείζων φύην ὄμως ἐν ἡμῖν δεινὸν ηὕξηται τέρας, τυφώνες ὧσπερ οἴδ' ἐπίσσυτοι πόλου.

# ΛΕΑΡ. ΚΟΡΔΗΛΙΑ. ΚΑΝΤΙΟΣ.

ΛΕ. <sup>8</sup>Ω <sup>8</sup>γαλμα πατρὸς ὕστατον μὲν ἀλλ' ὅμως οὐ τοὐλάχιστον, ης ἔθ' ἡβώσης ἔρως δισσοὺς ἄνακτας ἀνταγωνιστὰς ἔχει γάμοις μιγῆναι, τὸν μὲν εὔβοτρυν χθόνα Κελτῶν νέμοντα, τὸν ὸὲ γῆν Βυργυνδίαν γαλακτομήτορ', ἄρ' ἔχεις, ὧ παῖ, λόγον, δι' οὖ τι μεῖζον τῶν κασιγνήτων μέρος τρίτον λάβοις ἄν; νῦν γὰρ ἐξειπεῖν ἀκμή.

ΚΟΡ. ἀλλ' οὐ γάρ, ὧναξ, οὐδὲν ἐννέπειν ἔχω.

ΛΕ. πως είπας; οὐδέν;

ΚΟΡ. οὐδέν.

ΛΕ. αλλ' απ' οὐδενὸς

ούδεν γένοιτ' ἄν· φράζε δευτέρφ λόγφ.
ΚΟΡ. οἴμοι τάλαινα, καρδίαν γὰρ οὐκ εγώ
οἴα τ' επάραι στόματος εἰς ἄκραν πύλην.
εγωγε μέντοι σ', ώς προσῆκον, ὦ πάτερ,
οὕτ' ες τὸ λίαν οὕτ' ἄρ' εὐδεῶς φιλῶ.

To gorge his appetite, shall to my bosom. Be as well neighbour'd, pitied, and reliev'd, As thou, my sometime daughter.

Kent

Good my liege-

Peace, Kent!

Lear.

Come not between the dragon and his wrath:

I lov'd her most, and thought to set my rest.

On her kind nursery.—Hence, and avoid my sight.

SHAKESPEARE, King Lear, Act L Sc. 1.

# ALBANY. KENT. LEAR.

Alb.

Dear sir, forbear.

Kent.

Do;

Kill thy physician, and the fee bestow
Upon the foul disease. Revoke thy gift:
Or, whilst I can vent clamour from my throat,
I'll tell thee, thou dost evil.

Lear.

Hear me, recreant!

On thine allegiance hear me!—
Since thou hast sought to make us break our vow,

(Which we durst never yet,) and with strain'd pride,

To come betwixt our sentence and our power: (Which not our nature nor our place can bear,) Our potency made good, take thy reward. τῆσδ΄ σὖκ ὀκνοῦσιν ἀγρίαν πλῆσαι γνάθον, 
ἐγωὰ προθύμω καρδία ξενώσομαι, 
ἐποικτερῶ τε, καὶ τροφὰς παρέξομαι, 
οὖχ ἡσσον ἡ σὲ τὴν πρὶν ἡδίστην κόρην.

ΚΑΝ: ὧναξ, στὸ δ' ἀλλ' ἄκουε τῶν ἐμῶν λόγων. ΑΕ. οὐ σῦν' ἀνέξει μηδ' ἔτ' ἀντίπρωρος εἶ

οὐ σῖγ' ἀνέξει μηδ' ἔτ' ἀντίπρωρος εἶ
τεθηγμένω δράκοντι; τήνδ' ἐγωὰ τὸ πρὶν
μάλιστα πασῶν ἠγάπησα, καὶ φίλαις
τροφαῖς νιν ϣμην γηροβοσκήσειν ἔμε·
ἀλλ' ἔρρ', ἄποπτος ἔρρε τωνδ' ἀπ' ὀμμάτων.

# AABANIOE. KANTIOE. AEAP.

ΑΛΒ. \*Ωναξ, ἐπίσχες.

ΚΑΝ. οὐ τὸ πῶν ἐξεργάσει,
τὸν σὸν κτανων ἰατρὸν εἶτα τῆ νόσω
τῆ παγκακίστη τἀπίχειρα προσνεμεῖς;
ἢν γὰρ σὰ μὴ θῆς τήνδ ἀκύρωτον δόσιν,
ἔως ἄν ἐκ φάρυγγος ἱστάναι βοὴν
ταύτης δύνωμαι, πλημμελοῦντ' ἐρῶ σ' ἀεί.

ΑΕ. ἄκουε, πρός σε τῶν θεῶν, ἄκουε δή, 
ἄ θρέμμὶ ἄπιστον· ἀνθ' ὅτου πεῖσαί μὶ ἔτλης 
τήνδ' ὥστε λῦσαι Ζηνὸς ὁρκίαν θέμιν, 
μήπω τοιαῦτα δυσσεβεῖν ἐπηρμένον, 
ὄγκου θ' ὑπερβολαῖσι τῆς τ' ἐξουσίας 
γνώμης τ' ἐτόλμας ἐμποδῶν ἐλθεῖν ἐμοί, 
ἢν τόλμαν οὖτ' ἄν εὐγενὴς ἐμὴ φύσις 
οὖτ' οὖν τὸ σεμνὸν βῆμὶ ἀνάσχοιτὶ ἄν τόδε· 
εἰ κῦρος ἔξω τῶνδε, νῦν δώσεις δίκην. 
σὺ πέντ' ἔχοις ἄν ἡμερῶν τριβὴν ἐν αἷς 
ξυλλεκτέον σοι τὴν ἀναγκαίαν τροφήν,

13---2

Five days we do allot thee, for provision

To shield thee from diseases of the world;

And, on the sixth, to turn thy hated back

Upon our kingdom: if, on the tenth day following,

Thy banish'd trunk be found in our dominions, The moment is thy death. Away! by Jupiter, This shall not be revok'd.

Kent. Fare thee well, king: since thus thou wilt appear;
Freedom lives hence, and banishment is here.
The gods to their dear shelter take thee, maid,
That justly think'st, and hast most rightly said:
And your large speeches may your deeds approve,

That good effects may spring from words of love.—

Thus Kent, O princes, bids you all adieu; He'll shape his old course in a country new. Shakesprare, King Lear, Act I. Sc. 1.

# LADY MONTAGUE. BENVOLIO. MONTAGUE.

L. Mon. O where is Romeo? Saw you him to-day?

Right glad I am he was not at this fray.

Ben. Madam, an hour before the worshipp'd sun
Peer'd forth the golden window of the east,
A troubled mind drove me to walk abroad;
Where—underneath the grove of sycamore,

προς τὰς βροτείας οι ἐπαρκέσει νόσους ἄνωγα δ' ἐκταίον σε, μισητον κάρα, παλίσσυτον δράμημα νωτίσαι πάτρας ἄπουρον εἰ γὰρ οὖν μεθ ἡμέρας δέκα τὸ σόν τις ἐξάγιστον εὐρήσει δέμας ἔτ' ἔντος οἰκοῦν τῆσδε τερμόνων χθονός, βίου τελευτὴν ταὖτό σοι φέρει φάος. ἔρρ' ὡς τάχιστα Ζῆνα γὰρ μαρτύρομαι, ἄραρε ταῦτα, κοὐ μεταστραφήσεται.

ΚΑΝ. χαιρ' ήμιν, ωναξ, και γαρ είπερ ωδ' έχεις, τουλεύθερον μεν τήσδ' απήλλακται χθονός, φεύγουσι δ' οι μίμνοντες εχθίστην φυγήν. σε μεν, κράτιστον παρθένου φίλης κάρα, υπόστεγον δέχοιντο πρευμενείς θεοί, ή φρην γαρ όρθη, κωρθος έξ ίσου λόγος. σφω δ', ω ξύναιμοι τήδε δίπτυχοι κόραι, δει νῦν ὅπως ὅμοια τοις μακροις λόγοις τἄργ' εἰς ἔλεγχον ἐξιόντα δείξετον, ἐσθλόν τ' ἔπεσται ρήμασιν φίλοις τέλος. οῦτω τὸ χαίρειν πολλα Κάντιος λέγει ὑμίν, ἄνακτες, πᾶσι τὰς δὲ πρόσθ' ὁδους σώσει ξένος περ ἐν ξένη βεβως χθονί.

#### ΔΕΣΠΟΙΝΑ. BRNYQΛΙΩΝ. MONTAPETE.

ΔΕΣ. Ποῦ 'Ρωμέων μοι; σήμερον σφ' είδες σύ που; 
ως ἀσμένη τῆ μητρὶ τῆσδ' ἀπῆν μάχης.

ΒΕΝ. οὖπω μέν, ὦ δέσποινα, χρυσαυγῆ φλόγα 
προύφην' ὁ σεμνὸς ήλιος δι' ἀντολῶν, 
καί μ' ἐν ταραγμοῖς τῶν φρενῶν πεπτωκότα 
ἤπειγε φροντὶς δωμάτων ἔξω περᾶν.

κἀν τῷδ' ἀν' ἄλσος σύκινον πρὸς ἐσπέραν

That westward rooteth from the city's side-So early walking did I see your son: Towards him I made, but he was 'ware of me, And stole into the covert of the wood. I, measuring his affections by my own-That most are busied when they're most alone— Pursued my humour, not pursuing his, And gladly shunn'd who gladly fled from me. Mon. Many a morning hath he there been seen, With tears augmenting the fresh morning's dew. Adding to clouds more clouds with his deep sighs: But all so soon as the all-cheering sun Should in the furthest east begin to draw The shady curtains from Aurora's bed, Away from light steals home my heavy son, And private in his chamber pens himself; Shuts up his windows, locks fair daylight out, And makes himself an artificial night; Black and portentous must this humour prove, Unless good counsel may the cause remove. My noble uncle, do you know the cause? I neither know it, nor can learn of him. Have you importun'd him by any means? Both by myself and many other friends; But he, his own affection's counsellor, Is to himself—I will not say, how true— But to himself so secret and so close,

So far from sounding and discovery,

Ben.

Mon.

Ben.

Mon.

πόλει πρόσουρον γήθεν ἐβρίζωμένον στείχοντα σὸν παΐδ' ὧδ' ἔῶον εἰσορῶ. καὶ πρός νιν εἶρπον, οὐκ ἐλάνθανόν γε μήν, ὕλης δ' ὑπαυλον δασκίου κλέπτει πόδα. κάγω τὰ κείνου καρδίας ὁρμήματα τοῖς τοῦδε τἀνδρὸς ξυμμετρῶν, ἃ πλεῖστα δὴ πράσσει τότ', εὐτ' ἄν πλεῖστ' ἐρημίαν ἄγη, ἔσπευδον οὑμὸς οἷ με θυμὸς ἤγαγεν, κείνου προτιμῶν οὐδέν, ἡδέως μὲν οὖν τὸν ἡδέως με φυγγάνοντα φυγγάνων.

ΜΟΝ, οὐ νῦν κατ' ὄρθρον πρώτον, ἀλλὰ πολλάκις ανδρών ές όψιν ήλθεν, ώς έκει παρών δρόσους νεωρείς αὐξάνει δακρύμασιν. θρήνων τ' ανιείς αιθέρια φυσήματα προς τοίσι νέφεσιν άλλα προσβάλλει νέφη. εὖτ' αν δὲ πρῶθ' ὁ πάντα θερμαίνων θεὸς δηλοί πρόσωθεν ώς αναπτύξων πάλιν 'Hoûs κνεφαία δεμνίων πετάσματα, ήδη τόθ' ούμὸς παῖς ὁ δύσθυμος φυγή φάους ἄποπτος ές δόμους κλέπτει πόδα, έσω δε θαλάμων κλείεται μόνος μύνων, μοχλοις τ' απείρξας άγνον ήμέρας φάος έμήσαθ ούτως εύφρόνην ούκ εύφρόνην. πως δ' οὐ δύσορνις δύσποτμός θ' ὁ νῦν τρόπος τανδρός γένοιτ αν, μη φρενών ευβουλία αφανούς λυθείσης αίτίας ήτις κυρεί; ΒΕΝ. την δ' αἰτίαν οἶσθ', εὐγενες θείου κάρα:

ΜΟΝ. οὖτ' οἶδα κείνου τ' ἐκμαθεῖν ἀμήχανον.
ΒΕΝ. ἀνιστύρησας γάρ σφε πρὸς τὸ λιπαρές;
ΜΟΝ. ἔγωγε σὺν πολλοῖσι τῶν φίλων· ὁ δὲ
τὸν αὐτὸς αὐτοῦ θυμὸν οἰακοστροφῶν—
ἔρῶ μὲν οὐχὶ πιστὸς ὡς αὐτῷ κυρεῖ,
κρύπτει δέ, κρύπτει σῖγ' ὑπὸ στέρνοις πάθος

As is the bud bit with an envious worm,

Ere he can spread his sweet leaves to the air,

Or dedicate his beauty to the sun.

Could we but learn from whence his sorrows

grow,

We would as willingly give cure, as know. Shakespeare, Romeo and Juliet, Act I. Sc. 1.

# JULIET.

I have a faint cold fear thrills through my veins,
That almost freezes up the heat of life.
I'll call them back again to comfort me:—
Nurse!—What should she do here!
My dismal scene I needs must act alone.—
Come, phial.—
What if this mixture do not work at all!
Must I of force be married to the county!
No, no;—this shall forbid it;—lie thou there.—
[Laying down a dagger.]

What if it be a poison, which the friar Subtly hath minister'd to have me dead; Lest in this marriage he should be dishonour'd, Because he married me before to Romeo? I fear it is; and yet, methinks, it should not, For he hath still been tried a holy man; I will not entertain so bad a thought.—
How if, when I am laid into the tomb, I wake before the time that Romeo

ἄβυσσον, ἀξύμβλητον, οἶά περ κάλυξ φθονερᾶς πρὸς εὖλης τήκεται δηχθεῖσα, πρὶν πρὸς αἰθέρ ἤδη φυλλάδ εὖώδη φύειν, καὶ φωσφόρω τὸ κάλλος ἀναθεῖναι θεῷ. ἡμεῖς δ' ἃ πάσχει κεῖνος εἰ πυθοίμεθα ὅθεν πέφυκεν, ἐξ ἴσης προθυμίας ἄκος τομαῖον πημάτων πόροιμεν ἄν.

# ΙΟΥΛΙΕΤΤΑ.

Ψυχρός μ' ὑφέρπει περιπιτνών τε καρδίαν σχεδόν τι θερμόν αξμα πήγνυσιν τρόμος. καλώ νιν αὐθις, ώς τόδ' εὐθαρσή κέαρ; ωή τρόφ' ωή και τροφού τί μ' ώδε δεί; δεινον μόνη μοι καὐτόχειρι δραστέον έργον τόδ · εί οὐν, ω δέπας · —πως δ' εί ποτὸν ούκ αν γένοιτο τοῦτό μοι δραστήριον; άρ' οὖν πικροῖσι χρή με πρὸς βίαν γάμοις Πάριδι ζυγήναι; πήμα δύσφορον τόδε. αλλ' οὐδαμῶς οὖχ, ὧδέ γ' ανθωπλισμένην. ως ωδ' εχόντων τηδέ μοι κείσο ξίφος. τί δ' εἰ τόδ' ἱερεὺς θανάσιμον τεύξας ποτόν. γάμον μ' επιγνούς δεύτερον γαμουμένην, κτενεί δόλοισι, μή τιν αἰσχύνην λάβη ος πρίν γε 'Ρωμέωνί μ' έζευξεν πόσει; οίμ' ώς άθυμῶ, καίπερ, ώς δοκῶ, μάτην, άνηρ γαρ έργοις όσιος ών έλέγχεται. κακήν μέν ούτω φροντίδ έκποδών βαλώ. τί δ' ήν, ότ' έν μυχοίσι κείσομαι τάφου, πρίν μ' έξαπαλλάξοντα προσβήναι πόσιν, ύπνος σκεδασθή; τοῦτο δή το δειμά μοι. αρ' οὐκ απειπείν δεί μ' ὑπ' ἄσθματος κενήν, αντρων υπαυλον, ώνπερ ανόσιον στόμα πνοαίσιν άγναις ούκ ἐπιστείχειν θέμις,

Come to redeem me? There's a fearful point! Shall I not then be stifled in the vault, To whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes in, And there die strangled ere my Romeo comes? Or, if I live, is it not very like, The horrible conceit of death and night, Together with the terror of the place-As in a vault, an ancient receptacle, Where, for these many hundred years, the bones Of all my buried ancestors are pack'd; Where bloody Tybalt, yet but green in earth, Lies festering in his shroud; where, as they say, At some hours in the night spirits resort :-Alack, alack! is it not like, that I, So early waking, -what with loathsome smells, And shricks like mandrakes' torn out of the earth, That living mortals, hearing them, run mad;-O! if I wake, shall I not be distraught, Environed with all these hideous fears? And madly play with my forefathers' joints? And pluck the mangled Tybalt from his shroud? And, in this rage, with some great kinsman's bone, As with a club, dash out my desperate brains? O! look! methinks I see my cousin's ghost Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body Upon a rapier's point:—stay, Tybalt, stay!— Romeo, I come! This do I drink to thee. SHAKESPEARE, Romeo and Juliet, Act IV. Sc. 3.

κάκει θανούμαι πνεύματος τητωμένη, πρὶν 'Ρωμέωνα δεῦρό μοι σπεύδειν όδον; καὶ ζώσα, πώς δητ' ουκ αν εκσταίην φρενών Αίδου ξύνοικος οὖσα δυσφιλεί σκότω, βροτοστυγή τε τήνδ' έχουσ' οἰκουρίαν θηκής παλαιών νεκροδέγμονος βροτών, έν ή ταφέντα πολλά κάκ πολλοῦ χρόνου όστα κέχωσται των έμων γεννητόρων, χώ φοίνιος Τύβαλτος εὖ περισταλεὶς κείται, νέον τ' έθ' ὑπτίασμα τήκεται, ιν εμβατεύειν νέρτεροι φιλοῦσ αεί καιρον λαβόντες νυκτός, ως φασιν βροτοί; φεῦ, φεῦ ποίαν ποτ' εἰκὸς εξ ὅπνου μ' ἀνάστασιν . μένειν, ἄωρος ἡνίκ ἐξεγείρομαι, ατμοίς τὸ πρώτον, κάτα Μανδραγορών όπως ξυνούσ' ιυγμοίς γης απεσπαραγμένων, ους ήν κλύωσιν οίτινες βλέπουσι φώς λυσσωντες ώχοντ' οὐδ' ἐπήβολοι φρενών; αί αι καθεύδουσ ήνικ αν λήξω ποτέ, πως ούχι πλαγκτός ούσα βήσομαι, κύκλω φοβεροίσιν είλιχθείσα τοίσδε δείμασιν; ούκ ἄρθρα τῶν πρίν, νήπι ώς ἀθύρματα, κινούσα πατέρων, τον καθηματωμένον πεπλωμάτων Τύβαλτον έξανασπάσω, μανίαις θ' άλουσα ταισίδ' εύγενων τινός προγόνων αταρβεί, ρόπτρον ως, οστούν χερί πάλλων ἔπειτα θερμον αἰμάξω κάρα; όρας; δοκώ γαρ ξυγγόνου και νυν σκιαν τον 'Ρωμέωνα προσβλέπειν θηρωμένην, ος νιν περιβαλών αμφιπλήγι φασγάνω ενόσφισ δ Τύβαλτε, σον σχάσον πόδα. κρατήρα δ' ήδη τόνδε, 'Ρωμέων, έγω φίλφ φίλη σπένδουσα σοὶ προσέρχομαι

#### ROMEO.

O my love! my wife! Death, that has suck'd the honey of thy breath, Hath had no power yet upon thy beauty: Thou art not conquer'd; beauty's ensign yet Is crimson in thy lips and in thy cheeks, And death's pale flag is not advanced there.-Tybalt, liest thou there in thy bloody sheet? O what more favour can I do to thee. Than with that hand that cut thy youth in twain, To sunder his that was thine enemy? Forgive me, cousin !-- Ah! dear Juliet, Why art thou yet so fair? shall I believe That unsubstantial death is amorous; And that the lean abhorred monster keeps Thee here in dark to be his paramour? For fear of that I will stay with thee; And never from this palace of dim night Depart again; here, here will I remain With worms that are thy chambermaids; O here Will I set up my everlasting rest, And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars From this world-wearied flesh.—Eyes, look your last! Arms, take your last embrace! and lips, O you The doors of breath, seal with a righteous kiss A dateless bargain to engrossing death:-

# ΡΩΜΈΩΝ.

\*Ω φίλτατον στέργηθρον, ω ξύνευν' έμή. ό πνεύματος σοῦ θάνατος ἐκπιων μέλι ευμορφίαν σην ου τί πω πορθείν σθένει. ούπω κρατεί σου καλλόνης μέν οὖν ἔτι σημείον έν σοίς χείλεσιν λαμπρον πρέπει, λαμπρον παρειαίς, ούδ' έκει νικηφόρος ώχρον τρόπαιον θάνατος Ιστησιν παρών. άρ' οὖν, Τύβαλτε, φοινίαισιν ἐν στολαῖς κείσαι; τίν αν φέροιμι σοὶ μείζω χάριν ή τῷ διαφθείραντι σὴν ήβὴν ξίφει πορθείν τόδ ανδρός σοι μέγ' έχθίστου δέμας; ι ξύγγον, ισθι γ' άλλα συγγνώμων έμοί. Ίουλία μοι φιλτάτη, τί δητ' ἔτ' εί τύμορφος ούτως; άρα πείθεσθαί με δεί ώς ξηρός Αίδης καρδίαν έκπλήσσεται έρωτι, χώς τὸ στυγνὸν ἐν σκότω δάκος κρυπτής υπαγκάλισμα Κύπριδός σ' έχει; τόδ οὖν φοβηθεὶς στήσομαι σοῦ πλησίον, ούδ' αὖ μελαίνης δωμ' ἐρημώσω τόδε νυκτός τὸ λοιπόν ενθάδ ώς ἀεὶ μενῶ σκώληξι σαίς δμωαίσι συμπαραστατών. τί μήν; τὸν αἰὲν κατέλευτον ἐνθάδε εύδοιμ' αν ύπνον, κάπο τοῦδε σώματος παλιγκότων βίψαιμ' αν αστέρων ζυγόν, τοῦ ζην κορεσθείς. ὅμμαθ ΰστατον βέλος νῦν βάλλεθ' δστατ' ἀσπάσασθ' ἀσπάσματα, βραχίονες χείλη τε, πνεύματος πύλαι, βέβαια κυροῦτ' εἰς αἰεὶ ξυνθήματα δεινον προς Αίδην ενδίκω φιλήματι. πρόσελθε, πόμπ' αηδές, ήγεμων πικρέ,

Come, bitter conduct, come, unsavoury guide!
Thou desperate pilot, now at once run on
The dashing rocks thy sea-sick weary bark!
Here's to my love!—O, true apothecary!
Thy drugs are quick.—Thus with a kiss I die.
Shakespeare, Romeo and Juliet, Act v. Sc. 3.

# POLONIUS.

Yet here, Laertes! aboard, aboard, for shame;
The wind sits in the shoulder of your sail,
And you are staid for:—there,—my blessing with
you;

And these few precepts on thy memory
See thou character. Give thy thoughts no tongue,
Nor any unproportion'd thought his act.
Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar.
The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried,
Grapple them to thy soul with hooks of steel;
But do not dull thy palm with entertainment
Of each new hatch'd unfledged comrade. Beware
Of entrance to a quarrel: but, being in,
Bear it that the opposer may beware of thee.
Give every man thine ear, but few thy voice:
Take each man's censure, but reserve thy judgment.

κάμοί, δύσελπις ώς κυβερνητής, σκάφος λαβροισιν ήδη κύμασιν διαβραγέν φθάσας δκειλον προς κραταίλεως πέτρας. ὅ πίστ ἀ ιατρέ, φάρμαχ ὡς εὐθνήσιμα ἔτευξας ήμιν ὧδε δη τεθνήξομαι φίλοις ἐρείδων χείλεσιν φίλον στόμα.

# ΠΟΛΩΝΙΟΣ.

ΑΡ' ώδε τρίβειν, Λάρτι', οὐκ αἰδεί τριβάς; ούκ εί' ἀπελθών ναὸς εμβήσει σκάφος; ου θασσον; ήδη λαίφος έγκαθίζεται οδρος, μένει θ' απαντα σην επείσοδον. εύδαιμονοίης τάξ έμοῦ, ταύτην θ' άμα παραίνεσιν βραχείαν έν δέλτοις φρενών δει σ' έγγράφεσθαι, μή τι φροντίδων όδον γλώσση πρόφαινε, μηδ ἐπεξελθεῖν θέλε έργοις τὰ μὴ νῷ πρόσθεν εὖ μετρούμενα. μή πασι κοινός, εύπροσήγορος δ' δμως, γενού σύ, χώσοις των ξυναόνων φίλοις ξύνοισθ' αληθώς οὖσιν, εἰς πειραν μολών, προσπασσάλευε τούσδε πρός τῆ σῆ φρενὶ χαλκηλάτοις δεσμοῖσι μηδε σην χέρα αμβλυνε πανδόκοισι δεξιούμενος ασπάσμασιν τοὺς χθές τε καὶ πρώην φίλους. μη πρώτ' ἐσέλθης νείκος, εὐλαβητέον, όταν δ' ἐσέλθης, ὧδε προσφέρου, τέκνον, όπως φοβηθείς σ' ούχθρὸς εὖ φυλάξεται. πολλοις μεν ώτα, φθέγμα δ' αὐ παύροις δίδου. τὰ παντὶ δόξαντ' έννοοῦ, γνώμην δὲ σὴν ἐπίσχες ην δ αν χρημάτων ἐᾳ πόρος

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not express'd in fancy; rich, not gaudy:
For the apparel oft proclaims the man;
And they in France, of the best rank and station,
Are most select and generous, chief in that.

SHAKESPEARE, Hamlet, Act I. Sc. 3.

#### THEOPHILUS. ANTONINUS. DOROTHEA.

The.

Now, proud contemner Of us and of our gods, tremble to think It is not in the Power thou serv'st to save thee. Not all the riches of the sea, increas'd By violent shipwrecks, nor the unsearch'd mines, (Mammon's unknown exchequer,) shall redeem thee: And therefore, having first with horror weigh'd What 'tis to die, and to die young; to part with All pleasures and delights; lastly, to go Where all antipathies to comfort dwell; Furies behind, about thee, and before thee; And, to add to affliction, the remembrance Of the Elysian joys thou might'st have tasted, Hadst thou not turn'd apostate to those gods That so reward their servants; let despair Prevent the hangman's sword, and on this scaffold Make thy first entrance into hell.

χλιδήν πρόσαψον είμασιν, καὶ ταῦτα μὴ παναιόλοισι σχήμασιν πεπλεγμένην. καλοί περ ὄντες μὴ φλέγωσ' ἰδεῖν πέπλοι, στολὴ γὰρ ὡς τὰ πολλὰ κηρύσσειν φιλεῖ τὸν ἄνδρ', ὅποιος οἱ δὲ Κελτικής χθονὸς τιμῆ φέριστοι καν πόλεως πρώτω ζυγῷ μάλ' ἔκκριτον κυροῦσι δαψιλές τ' ἔθνος ἄλλως τε πάντως καὶ στολῶν χλιδήμασιν.

#### ΘΕΟΦΙΛΟΣ. ΑΝΤΩΝΙΝΟΣ. ΔΩΡΟΘΕΑ.

ΘΕΟ. Σε την ατιμάζουσαν ώδ ύπερφρόνως ήμας τε καὶ θεούς, νῦν σ' ὑφερπέτω τρόμος, τόνδ' ἐννοοῦσαν δαίμον' οῦ λάτρις κυρείς ώς οὐ σθένει σε τῶνδ' ἀπαλλάξαι κακῶν. ου γάρ τὰ πόντου χρήματ' εἰ λέγοις, γύναι, ναυαγίοισι παμφόροις πύξημένα, ούδ' αὖ μετάλλων σ' ἀπόκρυφοι κατώρυχες λύσουσι, Πλούτου κρυπτά θησαυρίσματα, τοῦ μὴ σφαγήναι τοίγαρ ἐνθυμουμένη ώς δεινόν έστι πρώτα μέν το κατθανείν, νέαν δ έπειτα τερπνον ήδονων γάνος λιπείν, ἰοῦσαν ἔνθ' ἀεὶ τὰναντία τερπνοίσι ναίει, καὶ παραστασών αμα πρόσθεν τ' όπισθέν τ' έν κύκλφ τ' Έρινύων, αεί σε, μείζον άλλο προς κακοίς κακόν, μνήμη ταράξει μακαριωτάτης τύχης, ής ουκ αν ήσθα τον δι' αίωνος χρόνον αγευστος, εί μη τωνδ απεστάτεις θεων, οι ταίσδ αμοιβαίς αντιδωρούνται φίλους.έκ τωνδ άθυμος οὖσα ποινίμου ξίφους φθάσον σὺ πληγήν, πρὸς δ' ἐπίξηνον τόδε προβασ' ἔσελθε Τάρταρον πρὶν καὶ θανεῖν.

An.

She smiles,

Unmov'd, by Mars! as if she were assured Death, looking on her constancy, would forget The use of his inevitable hand.

The. Derided, too? dispatch, I say.

Dor. Thou fool,

That gloriest in having power to ravish A trifle from me I am weary of,
What is this life to me? not worth a thought;
Or, if it be esteem'd, 'tis that I lose it
To win a better: even thy malice serves
To me but as a ladder to mount up
To such a height of happiness, where I shall
Look down with scorn on thee, and on the world;
Where, circled with true pleasures, placed above
The reach of death or time, 'twill be my glory
To think at what an easy price I bought it.

Massinger, Virgin Martyr, Act iv. Sc. 2.

#### CHARALOIS.

If they will not,
They are too old to learn, and I too young
To give them counsel; since, if they partake
The understanding and the hearts of men,
They will prevent my words and tears: if not,
What can persuasion, though made eloquent
With grief, work upon such as have changed natures
With the most savage beast? Blest, blest be ever
The memory of that happy age, when justice
Had no guards to keep off wrong'd innocence

ΑΝΤ. τί φωμεν; οὐδὲν ἐπτοημένη γελᾳ, ώσεὶ δοκοῦσα θάνατον, εὐθαρσῆ φρένα σέβοντ, ἀφύκτους οὔποτ' ἐμβαλεῦν χέρας.

ΘΕΟ. μῶν κάγγελῷ μοι; σοῦσθ' ἐπεὶ οὐ μελλητέον.

ΔΩΡ. ὧ μῶρ, ἀγάλλει δυνατὸς ὧν ἔξαρπάσαι φλαῦρόν τι χρῆμα, δύσφορον δ' ἔμοὶ βάρος. τὸ ζῆν τί γάρ μοι τοῦτ'; ἔν οὐδενὸς μέρει σπουδῆς μὲν οὖν τῆσδ' ἄξιον μόνης, ὅτι τοῦδ' ἄντι δεῖ με κρείσσον' ἀλλάξαι βίον. καὶ μὴν πικρός σου, κλίμακος δίκην, κότος τοιόνδ' ἔς ὕψος ὀλβίας μ' ἀρεῖ τύχης, ὅθεν σὲ καταφρονοῦσα γῆν τ' ἔπόψομαι, ἀεί τ' ἔνούση γνησίαις ἔν ἡδοναῖς ὑπέρ τε θάνατον καὶ χρόνου καθημένη γαύρωμα τοῦτο καὶ κλέος γενήσεται σμικροῦ πρίασθαι μακαριωτάτην τύχην.

#### ΧΑΡΑΛΟΙΟΣ.

'Αλλ' ἤν τι μὴ θέλωσι, μανθάνειν βαρὺ τοῦς τηλικοῦσδε καὶ διδάσκεσθαι φρονεῖν δοκεῖ πρὸς ἀνδρὸς τηλικοῦδε τὴν φύσιν. εἰ γὰρ μετείη τῆς κατ' ἄνθρωπον φρενὸς καὶ καρδίας τοὐτοισι, τοὺς ἐμοὺς λόγους καὶ δάκρυ' ἄν φθάνοιεν· εἰ δὲ μή, μάτην Πειθὼ μελιγλώσσοισιν ἄν θέλοι γόοις τοιούσδε κινεῖν, οἴτινες τὴν θηρίων ἀνήμερον δοκοῦσιν ἀλλάξαι φύσιν. ἀλλ εὖκλεὴς γένοιτο τῆς πρὶν ὀλβίας μνήμη τύχης ἄπασιν, ἡνίχ' ἡ Δίκη οὖπω τάδ εἶχε δορυφόρων προβλήματα τοῦ μὴ παρελθεῖν τοὺς ἀναξίως ὖβριν παθόντας, εὐτόλμοις τε προσδοκῶν φρεσὶν

From flying to her succours, and, in that,
Assurance of redress! where now, Romont,
The damn'd with more ease may ascend from hell,
Than we arrive at her. One Cerberus there
Forbids the passage, in our courts a thousand,
As loud and fertile-headed; and the client
That wants the sops to fill their ravenous throats,
Must hope for no access: why should I, then,
Attempt impossibilities; you, friend, being
Too well acquainted with my dearth of means
To make my entrance that way?

Massinger, The Fatal Dowry, Act 1. Sc. 1.

#### PISANDER.

Briefly thus then,
Since I must speak for all.—Your tyranny
Drew us from our obedience. Happy those times
When lords were styl'd fathers of families,
And not imperious masters; when they number'd
Their servants almost equal with their sons,
Or one degree beneath them; when their labours
Were cherish'd and rewarded, and a period
Set to their sufferings; when they did not press
Their duties or their wills, beyond the power
And strength of their performance; all things order'd
With such decorum, as wise law-makers
From each well-govern'd private house derived
The perfect model of a commonwealth.

αλκήν τιν' εὐρεῖν κἀπικούρησιν κακῶν.
νῦν δ' οἱ θανόντες ῥῷον ἐκλιπεῖν πύλας
τὰς νερτέρων δύναιντ' ἄν, ἢ πρὸς τὴν Δίκην
ἡμεῖς παρελθεῖν· εῖς γὰρ ῶν ἐκεῖ φύλαξ
πυλῶν ἐπ' ἐξόδοισι κωλύει πόρον·
ἀλλ' ἐνθάδ ἢδη μυρίοι κύνες βοὴν
μακρὰν βοῶσι μυρίων ἀπ' αὐχένων·
ὅς δ' ἄπορος ῶν εἴσεισι μηδ' ἔχων γένυν
τούτων ἄπληστον κοιμίσαι μειλίγμασιν,
οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως δύναιτ' ᾶν εἰσελθεῖν ἔσω.
πῶς οὖν ἔμοιγε τῶν ἀμηχάνων ἐρᾶν
ἔτ' ᾶν προσήκοι; καὶ γὰρ οἴσθα, φίλτατε,
ως ἐνδεῶς ἔγωγε τῶν πάντων ἔχω
τὸ μὴ δύνασθαι τῆς ἐκεῖ τυχεῖν ὁδοῦ.

#### ΠΕΙΣΑΝΔΡΟΣ.

"Ιστ' ἐν βραχεῖ τάδ, ὡς ὑπὲρ πάντων ἐμοῦ λέξοντος ύμων ή παρά σταθμήν ύβρις παρέσπασ' ήμας της πάρος πειθαρχίας. ολβίζομεν γαρ τους πάλαι χρόνους, ότε πατήρ δόμων ήκουεν, όστις έν κράτει γίγνοιτο, κούπω δεσπότης ύπέρβιος. ότ' ήν ο δούλος τοίσι παισίν έν λόγω ταυτώ μάλιστ', ή τωνδε δεύτερος μόνον. καὶ τοὺς πονούντας ἔτρεφον ἀντιδρώντες εἶ, τοις δ' αν κακώς παθούσιν ην τέλος κακών. ούδ ούν ἐπράσσοντ' ἐκδίκως παρ' α σθένοι οὖθ α φρονείν τιν οὖθ α πείθεσθαι δέοι. απαντα δ', ώστε τέκτονες σοφοί νόμων, εὐ καὶ καλώς ἔθεντο, κεἴ τις ἦν δόμος αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτὸν εὐνόμως οἰκούμενος, αριστ' έχουσαν τώδ' απείκαζον πόλιν.

Humanity then lodg'd i' th' hearts of men, And thankful masters carefully provided For creatures wanting reason. The noble horse, That in his fiery youth from his wide nostrils Neigh'd courage to his rider, and broke through Groves of opposed pikes, bearing his lord Safe to triumphant victory, old or wounded Was set at liberty or freed from service. The Athenian mules that from the quarry drew Marble, hew'd for the temples of the gods, The great work ended, were dismiss'd and fed At the public cost; nay, faithful dogs have found Their sepulchres; but man to man more cruel, Appoints no end to th' suff'rings of his slave; Since pride stepp'd in and riot, and o'erturn'd This goodly frame of concord, teaching masters To glory in the abuse of such as are Brought under their command; who, grown unuseful,

Are less esteem'd than beasts. This you have practis'd,

Practis'd on us with rigour; this hath forc'd us To shake our heavy yokes off; and, if redress Of these just grievances be not granted us, We'll right ourselves, and by strong hand defend What we are now possess'd of.

MASSINGER, The Bondman, Act IV. Sc. 2.

ο δ ευμενής τε και φιλάνθρωπος τρόπος ύπηρχ' ένοικος εν βροτησίαις φρεσίν, πολλήν δὲ θηρών κοίρανοι προμηθίαν νοῦν οὐκ ἐχόντων εἶχον, οὐδ' ἡμνημόνουν. ίππος γαρ όστις ευγενής νέα φρονών μυκτηροκόμποις πνεύμασιν βριμώμενος τον ανδρα θαρσύνειε, και πεφρικότα λόγχαις διαβρήξειε πολεμίων στόλον, νίκη πελάζων δεσπότην ακήρατον, η τραυματισθείς η χρόνω γεραιός ων, άφετὸς τὸ λοιπὸν ήνιῶν τ' ἄγευστος ήν. τὰ δ' ἐξ 'Αθηνῶν κνώδαλ', άκ κατωρύχων είλκεν θεών ναοίσιν άξεστον λίθον, ἔπειτ', ἐπεὶ μέγ' ἔργον ἢν εἰργασμένον, ανειμέν εύθυς ήσθιεν τα δήμια. ήδη δε τύμβους έλαχον οι πιστοι κύνες. ανήρ δ' έπ' ανδρί μαλλον ήγριωμένος ούχ ώρισ' ούδεν τέρμα τοῖς δούλων κακοῖς. υβρις γαρ έλθουσ' ήδ' υπέρκοπος χλιδή έσφηλεν αρθμών ευφρόνων όρθην στάσιν, πείθουσα τοὺς κρατοῦντας ώστ' ἐφυβρίσαι ύπηρετών κακοίσιν, οι δ' ανωφελείς γεγώτες οὐδ' ἔχουσι θηρίων γέρα. τοιαθτ' ές ήμας έστε πόλλ' είργασμένοι απ' αὐχένων ἄφερτον ἐκβαλεῖν ζυγόν, κεί μή τιν άλκην πανδίκως αἰτούμενοι εύρειν κακών δυναίμεθ, έξορθοίμεθ αν αὐτοὶ καθ' αὐτούς, κάπὶ πάντ' ἔλθοιμεν αν ύπερμαχούντες ών γε νύν κεκτήμεθα.

#### PHII ASTER.

I have a boy, Sent by the gods, I hope, to this intent, Not yet seen in the court. Hunting the buck, I found him sitting by a fountain's side, Of which he borrowed some to quench his thirst, And paid the nymph again as much in tears. A garland lay him by, made by himself, Of many several flowers, bred in the bay, Stuck in that mystic order, that the rareness Delighted me: but ever when he turn'd His tender eyes upon 'em, he would weep, As if he meant to make 'em grow again. Seeing such pretty helpless innocence Dwell in his face, I asked him all his story. He told me that his parents gentle died, Leaving him to the mercy of the fields, Which gave him roots; and of the crystal springs, Which did not stop their courses; and the sun, Which still, he thank'd him, yielded him his light. Then took he up his garland, and did shew What every flower, as country people hold, Did signify; and how all, order'd thus, Express'd his grief: and, to my thoughts, did read The prettiest lecture of his country art That could be wish'd: so that, methought, I could

#### ΦΙΛΑΣΤΗΡ.

Παις έστι μοί τις, ος τόδ εκπράξων χρέος θεύσδοτος πέφηνεν, ώς έλπίς μ' έχει, οὖπω μελάθρων βασιλικών ἐπίστροφος. εύρον δ' έγώ νιν, ές έλάφον θήραν ιών, κρήνης παρά βείθροισιν, ων ήντλει ποτόν, δίψης ἄκεσμα καθθις άντημείβετο όφθαλμοτέγκτφ την θεάν πλημμυρίδι. τούτου δ' έκειτο στέφανος εὐώδης πέλας, ον ποικίλοισι των έκει τεθηλότων υφηνεν αυτός ανθέων χλιδήμασι. χούτω τάδ ἐκπάγλοισιν ήσκήθη τρόποις, ωστ' εἰσιδων εθαύμασ' εὐφράνθην δ' δμως. έκεισε δ' εί ποτ' όμμ' ἐπιστρέφοι τέρεν, ένταθθα δη δάκρυεν, ώσπερεὶ θέλων νέας εγείρειν ανθέμων βλάστας πάλιν. κάγωγ' αναύδοις έννοων έν δμμασιν ου δυστόπαστον νηπίας φρενός τέκμαρ, ανιστόρησα τοῦ πάρος βίου τύχας. ο δ' αὖτ' ἔλεξεν ευγενείς θανείν γονείς λιπόντας αύτὸν ὀρφάνευμ' ἀγροῖς, παρ' ὧν ρίζας δέχοιτο, ταῖς τε κρηναίαις θεαῖς, αι ναμάτων ου σχοιεν ευποτον ρέος, Φοίβφ θ', ότφ φως λαμπρον ήμέρας έφη αεὶ φέροντι μυρίαν έχειν χάριν. κανταθθ' επαίρων στέμμα, πάντα τανθέων, ώς ταθτ' άγροίκοις άνδράσιν νομίζεται, έδειξε σύμβολ', εν δ' όπως τούτφ τρόπφ πλεχθένθ' ξαυτοῦ λυπρά σημαίνοι πάθη. δοκείν δ' ξμοιγε, ρημάτων σοφίσματα κάλλιστ' έλεξε μυστικής τέχνης πέρι,

Have studied it. I gladly entertain'd

Him who was glad to follow; and have got

The trustiest, loving'st, and the gentlest boy

That master ever kept. Him will I send

To wait on you, and bear our hidden love.

FLETCHER, Philaster, Act I. Sc. 2.

εύμουσον ἀκρόαμ' εἶτ' ἐφιέμην ἐγὼ ταύτης ἄπαντα μανθάνειν εὐρήματα' ἔκών θ' ἔκόντα τόνδ' ἔδεξάμην τρόχιν. ἔχω δὲ παῖδα πιστόν, εὐνοίας πλέων, ώς οὐποτ' ἄλλος δεσπότης ἔκτήσατο. πέμψω δὲ κεῖνον, σοὶ διάκονον πέλειν, ἡμῶν τ' ἔρωτος ἄγγελον κεκρυμμένου.

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